

Crystallographic report

Bis{ μ -[O-cyclopentyl(4-methoxyphenyl)dithiophosphonato]1 κ :S,2 κ :S-[O-cyclopentyl(4-methoxyphenyl)dithiophosphonato]1 κ ²S,S'} dizinc(II)

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The centrosymmetric $[\text{Zn}_2\{\text{CH}_3\text{OC}_6\text{H}_4\text{P}(\text{OC}_5\text{H}_9)\text{S}_2\}_4]$, features an eight-membered $\text{Zn}_2\text{S}_4\text{P}_2$ ring as a result of two bidentate bridging thiolate ligands; the remaining ligands are chelating. Copyright © 2005 John Wiley & Sons, Ltd.

KEYWORDS: crystal structure; dithiophosphonate; zinc(II)

COMMENT

Centrosymmetric $[\text{Zn}_2\{\text{CH}_3\text{OC}_6\text{H}_4\text{P}(\text{OC}_5\text{H}_9)\text{S}_2\}_4]$ with two bidentate bridging, leading to the formation of a $\text{Zn}_2\text{S}_4\text{P}_2$ ring, and two chelating ligands, conforms to the common structural motif adopted by $\text{Zn}(1,1\text{-dithiolate})_2$ complexes (Fig. 1).¹

EXPERIMENTAL

The complex was prepared in 91% yield by the reaction of $\text{CH}_3\text{OC}_6\text{H}_4\text{P}(\text{OC}_5\text{H}_9)(\text{S})(\text{SNH}_4)^2$ and $\text{ZnSO}_4 \cdot 7\text{H}_2\text{O}$ in water. Colourless crystals were obtained from a mixture of chloroform and isopropyl alcohol (3:1); m.p.: 169 °C. Anal. (calc.) for $\text{C}_{48}\text{H}_{64}\text{O}_8\text{P}_4\text{S}_8\text{Zn}_2$: C, 45.38 (45.03); H, 4.74 (5.04); S, 19.67 (20.04)%. IR data (cm^{-1}): 541 (P_{Sym}) and 653 (P_{Asym}). ^1H NMR ($\text{DMSO}-d_6$) δ (ppm): 7.87 (dd, 8H, $^3J_{\text{PH}} = 13.71$ Hz, $J_{\text{HH}} = 8.67$ Hz), 6.96 (dd, 8H, $^4J_{\text{PH}} = 2.30$ Hz, $J_{\text{HH}} = 8.80$ Hz), 5.02 (m, 4H), 3.78 (s, 12H, $\text{CH}_3\text{O}-$), 1.58 (m, 32H). ^{13}C NMR ($\text{DMSO}-d_6$) δ (ppm): 134.25 (C-1, $^1J_{\text{PC}} = 119$ Hz), 132.38 (C-2, $^2J_{\text{PC}} = 13.60$ Hz), 113.80 (C-3, $^3J_{\text{PC}} = 15.10$ Hz), 161.70 (C-4, $^4J_{\text{PC}} = 3.04$ Hz), 78.40 (C-5, $^2J_{\text{PC}} = 7.20$ Hz, O-CH-, Cp), 34.50 (C-6, $^3J_{\text{PC}} = 4.20$ Hz, Cp), 56.17 ($\text{CH}_3\text{O}-$), 23.78 (C-8, Cp). ^{31}P NMR (DMSO) δ (ppm): 99.69. Intensity data were collected at 293(2) K on Siemens Smart CCD diffractometer for a crystal

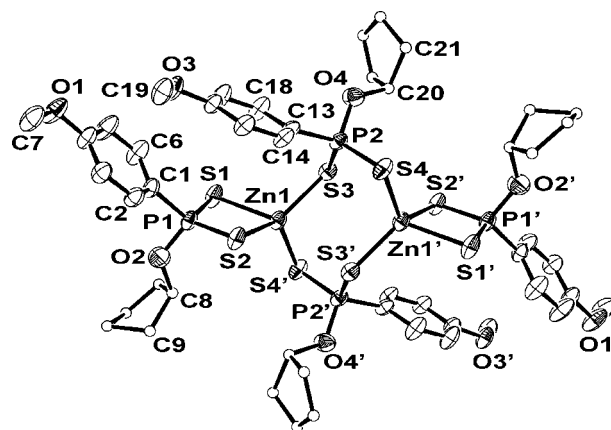


Figure 1. A view of $[\text{Zn}_2\{\text{CH}_3\text{OC}_6\text{H}_4\text{P}(\text{OC}_5\text{H}_9)\text{S}_2\}_4]$; hydrogen atoms omitted for clarity. Key geometric parameters: Zn–S1 2.4671(15), Zn–S2 2.3358(14), Zn–S3 2.3211(16), Zn–S4 2.3633(15), Zn–S4' 2.3633(15) Å; S1–Zn–S3 108.19(16), S3–Zn–S4 103.70(6), S2–Zn–S3 131.20(6), S2–Zn–S4' 118.90(6), S1–Zn–S2 85.52(5), S1–Zn–S4' 102.87(6)°. Symmetry operation on primed atoms: 1 – x, 1 – y, 1 – z.

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$0.15 \times 0.15 \times 0.30$ mm³. $\text{C}_{48}\text{H}_{64}\text{O}_8\text{P}_4\text{S}_8\text{Zn}_2$, $M = 1280.20$, triclinic, $P\bar{1}$, $a = 11.330(2)$, $b = 12.385(2)$, $c = 12.511(2)$ Å, $\beta = 73.984(3)^\circ$, $V = 1.5148(5)$ nm³, $Z = 1$, $R = 0.064$ (6057 data with $I > 2\sigma(I)$), $R = 0.099$ (all 8585 data, $\theta_{\text{max}} = 26.4^\circ$). Programs used: SHELX97, ORTEP. CCDC deposition number: 215 075. The cyclopentyl group (C8–C12)

is disordered over two sites with approximately equal site occupancy factors.

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