



## Erratum

# The flavonoids of *Tanacetum parthenium* and *T. vulgare* and their anti-inflammatory properties [Phytochemistry 51 (1999) 417–423]<sup>☆</sup>

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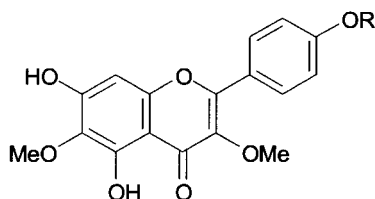
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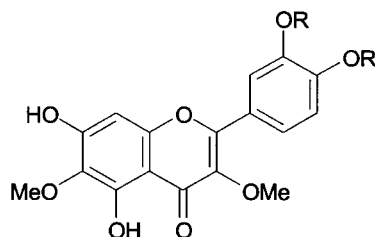
The Publisher regrets that Fig. 1 was missed from the above article. Furthermore the scheme in the article was incorrectly labelled and therefore cited as

“Fig. 1”. To clarify the situation both are reproduced below. We apologise for any inconvenience or embarrassment caused.



1 R = H

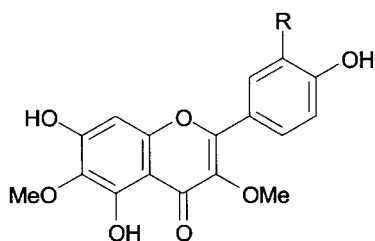
2 R = Me



3 R = H, R' = H

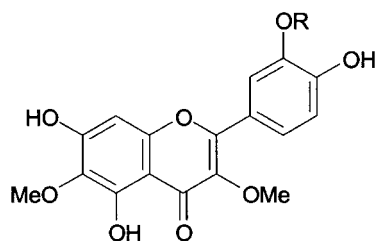
4 R = Me, R' = H

5 R = H, R' = Me



6 R = H

7 R = OH



8 R = H, R<sup>1</sup> = Me, R<sup>2</sup> = H

9 R = Me, R<sup>1</sup> = H, R<sup>2</sup> = Me

Scheme

<sup>☆</sup> PII of original article: S0031-9422(99)00021-7

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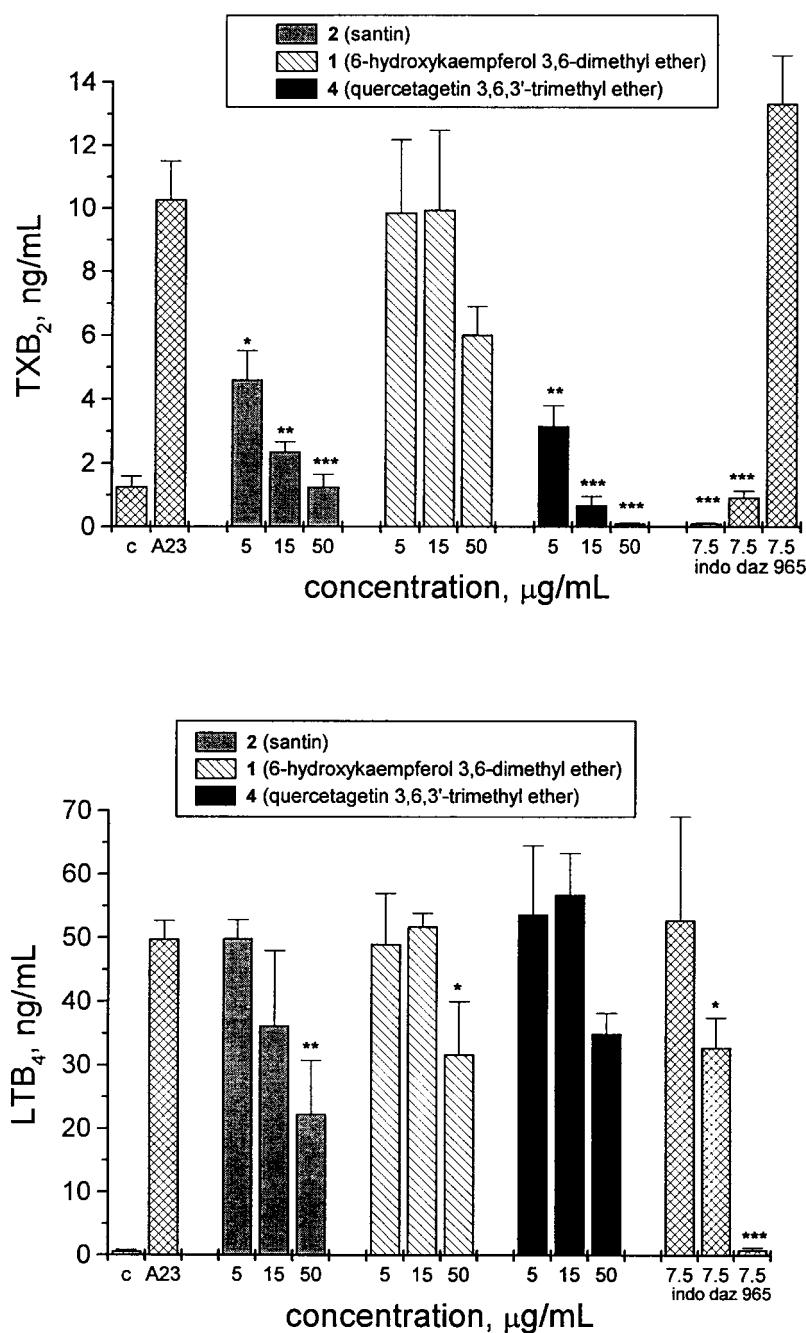


Fig. 1. Effect of feverfew flavonoids on eicosanoid generation. Rat peritoneal leukocytes ( $2.5 \times 10^6$  cells/mL) were preincubated at  $37^\circ\text{C}$  with the indicated concentrations of compounds for 10 min, then stimulated for a further 10 min with  $1 \mu\text{M}$  calcium ionophore A23187, centrifuged and the amount of eicosanoid determined by RIA. Each column shows mean values  $\pm$  s.e.m. derived from 3 tests, except c (control cells not treated with A23187,  $n = 6$ ), and A23 (A23187-treated,  $n = 18$ ). Right hand columns show results for positive control compounds: **indo** (indomethacin, selective inhibitor of cyclo-oxygenase), **daz** (dazoxiben, selective inhibitor of thromboxane synthetase) and **965** (ZM211965, selective inhibitor of 5-lipoxygenase), all tested at  $7.5 \mu\text{g/mL}$ . Symbols represent the significance of differences with respect to controls treated with A23187 alone (the ethanol vehicle was added to these samples instead of flavonoid), \* $P < 0.05$ , \*\* $P < 0.01$ , \*\*\* $P < 0.001$  (Student's *t*-test). Similar results were found in at least two further experiments of similar design.