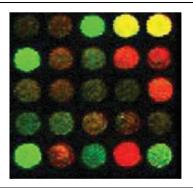
Expression profiling of the response of *Arabidopsis* thaliana to methanol stimulation

Andrew Downie ^a, Saori Miyazaki ^b, Hans Bohnert ^b, Philip John ^c, Julian Coleman ^d, Martin Parry ^a, Richard Haslam ^a

- ^a Crop Performance and Improvement, Rothamsted Research, Harpenden, Hertfordshire AL5 2JQ, UK
 ^b Plant Biology/Crop Sciences Departments, 1201 W. Gregory Drive, University of Illinois, Urbana-Champaign, Urbana, IL 61801, USA
- ^c School of Plant Sciences, The University of Reading, Plant Science Laboratories, Reading RG6 6AS, UK
- ^d School of Biological & Molecular Sciences, Oxford Brookes University, Oxford OX3 OBP, UK

Gene expression in response to methanol stimulation was analysed in leaves of *Arabidopsis thaliana* through the use of a 26,090 element microarray. A total of 484 (1.9%) transcripts were shown to be regulated in response to a 10% methanol application with genes encoding detoxification proteins by far the most strongly regulated group.

Phytochemistry, 2004, 65, 2305



Flavonoids and andrographolides from *Andrographis* paniculata

Y. Koteswara Rao ^a, G. Vimalamma ^b, C. Venkata Rao ^b, Yew-Min Tzeng ^a

- ^a Department of Applied Chemistry, Chaoyang University of Technology, 168 Gifeng E. Road, Wufeng, Taichung 413, Taiwan
- ^b Natural Products Division, Department of Chemistry, Sri Venkateswara University, Tirupati 517 502. India

Two flavonoids as well as 21 known compounds were isolated from the whole plant of *Andrographis paniculata*. Their structures were established on the basis of spectral evidence.

Phytochemistry, 2004, 65, 2317

Isolation, identification and stability of acylated derivatives of apigenin 7-O-glucoside from chamomile (*Chamomilla recutita* [L.] Rauschert)

Vanda Švehlíková ^{a,b}, Richard N. Bennett ^b, Fred A. Mellon ^b, Paul W. Needs ^b, Sonia Piacente ^c, Paul A. Kroon ^b, Yongping Bao ^b

- ^a Department of Biology and Ecology, P.J. Šafárik University, Mánesova 23, SK-04154 Košice, Slovakia
- ^b Institute of Food Research, Norwich Research Park, Colney, Norwich NR4 7UA, UK
- ^c Dipartimento di Scienze Farmaceutiche, Universitá degli Studi di Salerno, via Ponte Don Melillo, 84084 Fisciano (Salerno), Italy

Apigenin 7-O-glucoside and various acylated derivatives of apigenin 7-O-glucoside were identified in chamomile petals using a combination of rapid purification, LC/MS, LC/MS/MS and NMR. Two of these apigenin derivatives (mono-acetyl/mono-malonyl-glucosides) have not been previously reported in plants. Stability studies showed that many of these apigenin acyl-glucosides can degrade to form mono-acetyl and di-acetylglucosides; previously reported as predominant in dried chamomile flower samples.

Phytochemistry, 2004, 65, 2323

Composition and antimicrobial activities of volatile components of *Lippia javanica*

Nkhumeleni Jeoffrey Manenzhe a, Natasha Potgieter b, Teunis van Ree a

- ^a Department of Chemistry, University of Venda for Science and Technology, Private Bag X5050, Thohoyandou 0950, South Africa
- ^b Department of Microbiology, University of Venda for Science and Technology, Private Bag X5050, Thohoyandou 0950, South Africa

The antimicrobial volatile oil of *Lippia javanica* is active against *Plasmodium falciparum* and contains several terpenoids, the major component being 3-methyl-6-(1-methylethylidene)-cyclohex-2-en-1-one (1).

Phytochemistry, 2004, 65, 2333

$$\begin{array}{c}
10 \\
3 \\
4 \\
5 \\
9 \\
1
\end{array}$$

Guaianolides from two subspecies of Amphoricarpos neumayeri from Montenegro

Iris Djordjević ^a, Vlatka Vajs ^b, Vanja Bulatović ^c, Nebojša Menković ^c, Vele Tešević ^d, Slobodan Macura ^e, Pedja Janaćković ^f, Slobodan Milosavljević ^d

- ^a Faculty for Veterinary Medicine, University of Belgrade, Bulevar JA 18, 11000 Belgrade, Serbia and Montenegro
- ^b Institute for Technology and Metallurgy, Njegoševa 12, 11000 Belgrade, Serbia and Montenegro ^c Institute for Medicinal Plant Research, "Dr. Josif Panić", Tadeuša Košćuška 1, 11000 Belgrade, Serbia and Montenegro
- ^d Faculty of Chemistry, University of Belgrade, Studentski trg 16, P.O. Box 158, 11001 Belgrade, Serbia and Montenegro
- ^e Department of Biochemistry, Mayo Clinic, College of Medicine, Rochester, MN 55905, USA
- f Faculty of Biology, University of Belgrade, Studentski trg 16, 11001 Belgrade, Serbia and Montenegro

Aerial parts of two subspecies of Amphoricarpos neumaveri from Montenegro afforded guaianolides 1-13 with the same $(1\alpha H,\! 4\beta H,\! 5\alpha H,\! 6\beta H,\! 7\alpha H)$ relative configuration of the basic skeleton.

Phytochemistry, 2004, 65, 2337

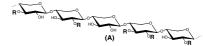
Structure of a heteroxylan of gum exudate of the palm *Scheelea phalerata* (uricuri)

Fernanda F. Simas ^a, Philip A.J. Gorin ^a, Marco Guerrini ^b, Annamaria Naggi ^b, Guilherme L. Sassaki a, Cirene L. Delgobo c, Marcello Iacomini a

- a Departamento de Bioquíica, Universidade Federal do Paraná, C.P. 19046, CEP 81531-990 Curitiba, PR, Brazil
- ^b Istituto di Ricerche Chimiche e Biochimiche G. Ronzoni, Via Colombo n. 81, 20133 Milano, Italia
- ^c Departamento de Análises Clínicas, Universidade Federal de Santa Catarina, C.P. 476, CEP 88040-900 Florianópolis, SC, Brazil

A polysaccharide from gum exudate of palm Scheelea phalerata was characterized as an highly-substituted, complex acidic heteroxylan with a $(1\rightarrow 4)$ -linked β -Xylp main chain and having the unusual feature of non reducing end-units of fucosyl residues characteristic of gum exudates from palm trees.

Phytochemistry, 2004, **65**, 2347



R: Araf- $(1\rightarrow$ [-3)-Araf- $(1\rightarrow$] $_{0\cdot n}$ R: Araf- $(1\rightarrow$ [-2 or 4)-Xylp- $(1\rightarrow$] $_{0\cdot n}$ Fucp- $(1\rightarrow [-3)$ -Araf- $(1\rightarrow)_{0-n}$ Fucp- $(1\rightarrow [-2 \text{ or } 4)\text{-Xylp-}(1\rightarrow)]_{0,r}$ $Arap-(1\rightarrow [-3)-Araf-(1\rightarrow]_{0-n}$ Arap- $(1\rightarrow [-2 \text{ or } 4)-\text{Xylp-}(1\rightarrow)]_{0-n}$ Xylp-(1 \rightarrow [-3)-Araf-(1 \rightarrow]_{0-n} $Xylp-(1\rightarrow [-2 \text{ or } 4)-Xylp-(1\rightarrow]_{0-n}$ GlcpA- $(1\rightarrow [-3)$ -Araf- $(1\rightarrow]_{0-n}$ GlcpA-(1 \rightarrow [-2 or 4)-Xylp-(1 \rightarrow] 0-n

Terpenoids from the liverwort *Blepharostoma* trichophyllum

Hildegard Feld ^a, Josef Zapp ^a, Joseph D. Connolly ^b, Hans Becker ^a

- ^a Pharmakognosie und Analytische Phytochemie der Universitat des Saarlandes, FR 8.7, Postfach 151150, 66041 Saarbrucken, Germany
- ^b Chemistry Department, University of Glasgow, Glasgow G12 800, UK

Blepharostol, a new sesquiterpenoid alcohol with a rearranged drimane skeleton and five new ent-labdanes have been isolated from the liverwort Blepharostoma trichophyllum. Their structures were elucidated by NMR spectroscopy.

Phytochemistry, 2004, 65, 2357

Tetracyclic triterpenoids from the leaves of Azadirachta indica

Bina S. Siddiqui, Farhana Afshan, Tahsin Gulzar, Muddasar Hanif

International Center for Chemical Sciences, H.E.J. Research Institute of Chemistry, University of Karachi, Karachi, 75270, Pakistan

Tetracyclic triterpenoids, zafaral (1) and meliacinanhydride (2) have been isolated from the leaves of Azadirachta indica. The structures of these constituents have been elucidated through spectral studies.

Phytochemistry, 2004, 65, 2363

Iridoids from the aerial parts of *Verbena littoralis* (Verbenaceae)

Ian Castro-Gamboa a, Oscar Castro b

^a NuBBE-Ncleo de Bioensaio, Biossíntesse e Ecofisiologia de Produtos Naturais, Instituto de Química, Universidade Estadual Paulista, CP 355, Araraquara, CEP 14801-970, So Paulo, Brazil
 ^b Departamento de Química, Universidad Nacional de Heredia (UNA), Heredia, Costa Rica

Iridoids (1) and (2), were isolated from the aerial parts of *Verbena littoralis*. Both showed moderate in vitro activity against gram positive and negative bacteria, and peristaltic action in the mouse. Free radical scavenging activity against 1,1-diphenyl-2-picrylhydrazyl (DPPH) as well as antioxidant activity as evidenced by redox properties measured on EICD-HPLCl was observed.

Phytochemistry, 2004, 65, 2369

Xanthones from a microfungus of the genus *Xylaria*

Peter C. Healy ^a, Ailsa Hocking ^b, Nai Tran-Dinh ^b, John I. Pitt ^b, Roger G. Shivas ^c, Jennifer K. Mitchell ^a, Mike Kotiw ^d, Rohan A. Davis ^a

- ^a Chemical Biology Program, Eskitis Institute, Griffith University, Nathan Campus, Brisbane, QLD 4111, Australia
- ^b Food Science Australia, P.O. Box 52, North Ryde, NSW 1670, Australia
- ^c Department of Primary Industries and Fisheries, 80 Meiers Road, Indooroopilly, QLD 4068, Australia
- ^d Department of Biological and Physical Sciences, University of Southern Queensland, Toowoomba, QLD 4351, Australia

Chemical investigations of a microfungus *Xylaria* sp. isolated from the Australian rainforest tree *Glochidion ferdinandi* have afforded two new natural products, 2-hydroxy-6-methyl-8-methoxy-9-oxo-9*H*-xanthene-1-carboxylic acid (1) and 2-hydroxy-6-hydroxymethyl-8-methoxy-9-oxo-9*H*-xanthene-1-carboxylic acid (2). This paper reports the full spectroscopic characterisation of these xanthones by NMR, UV, IR and MS data.

Phytochemistry, 2004, 65, 2373

Acylated flavonoids and phenol glycosides from *Veronica thymoides* subsp. *pseudocinerea*

Iclal Saracoglu ^a, Mehtap Varel ^a, U. Sebnem Harput ^a, Akito Nagatsu ^b

^a Faculty of Pharmacy, Department of Pharmacognosy, Hacettepe University, 06100 Ankara, Turkey
 ^b Graduate School of Pharmaceutical Sciences, Nagoya City University, Tanabe-dori 3-1,
 Mizuho-ku, Nagoya 467-8603, Japan

A new acylated flavone glucoside, 3'-hydroxyscutellarein 7-O-(6-O-protocatechuoyl)- β -glucopyranoside (1) and a new phenol glucoside, 3,5-dihydroxyphenethyl alcohol 3-O- β -glucopyranoside (6) were isolated from the aerial parts of *Veronica thymoides* subsp. *pseudocinerea* together with seven known flavone, phenol and lignan glycosides. The structures of the isolated compounds were determined on the basis of spectral analysis. Five known glycosides were reported for the first time in the genus *Veronica*. Isolated compounds exhibited potent radical scavenging activity against the 2,2-diphenyl-1-picrylhydrazyl (DPPH) radical.

Phytochemistry, 2004, 65, 2379

Deoxypreussomerins from *Jatropha curcas*: are they also plant metabolites?

N. Ravindranath, M. Ravinder Reddy, G. Mahender, R. Ramu, K. Ravi Kumar, Biswanath Das

Indian Institute of Chemical Technology, Organic Chemistry Division - I, Hyderabad 500 007, India

Two deoxypreussomerins, palmarumycins JC1 and JC2, along with the known compound, palmaromycin CP1, were isolated from *Jatropha curcas*.

Phytochemistry, 2004, 65, 2387

Palmarumycin JC1

Palmarumycin JC2

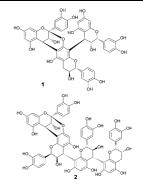
Polyphenols from peanut skins and their free radical-scavenging effects

Hongxiang Lou ^a, Huiqing Yuan ^b, Bin Ma ^a, Dongmei Ren ^a, Mei Ji ^a, Syuichi Oka ^c

- ^a School of Pharmaceutical Sciences, Shandong University, Jinan 250012, PR China
- ^b School of Medicine, Shandong University, Jinan 250012, PR China
- ^c International Patent Organism Depository (IPOD), AIST, Tsukuba Central 6, Higashi 1-1-1, Tsukuba, Ibaraki 305-8566, Japan

Two proanthocyanidins, identified to be epicatechin- $(2\beta \rightarrow O \rightarrow 7, 4\beta \rightarrow 6)$ -[epicatechin- $(4\beta \rightarrow 8)$]-catechin (1), and epicatechin- $(2\beta \rightarrow O \rightarrow 7, 4\beta \rightarrow 8)$ epicatechin- $(4\beta \rightarrow 8)$ -catechin- $(4\alpha \rightarrow 8)$ -epicatechin (2), as well as procyanidins B2, B3 and B4, were isolated from peanut skins. The isolated polyphenols show strong radical-scavenging properties against DPPH radical.

Phytochemistry, 2004, 65, 2391



Identification of the polar constituents of *Potamogeton* species by HPLC-UV with post-column derivatization, HPLC-MSⁿ and HPLC-NMR, and isolation of a new *ent*-labdane diglycoside

Patrice Waridel, Jean-Luc Wolfender, Jean-Bernard Lachavanne, Kurt Hostettmann

A new diglycosylated *ent*-labdane diterpene was isolated from *Potamogeton pectinatus*. Known flavones and *ent*-labdanes were identified in the polar extracts of *P. pectinatus*, *P. lucens*, *P. perfoliatus* and *P. crispus* by various hyphenated techniques.

Essential oil composition of aerial parts of *Angelica* glauca growing wild in North-West Himalaya (India)

Vijai K. Agnihotri ^a, Rajendra K. Thappa ^a, Baleshwar Meena ^a, Bal K. Kapahi ^a, Rajendra K. Saxena ^b, Ghulam N. Qazi ^a, Shri G. Agarwal ^a

^a Regional Research Laboratory (CSIR), Natural Product Chemistry Division, Canal Road, Jammu Tawi-180001, Jammu and Kashmir, India

The essential oil composition of the fresh Himalayan *Angelica glauca* herb at flowering stage from different locations has been determined for the first time. Twenty five monoterpenoids and nine sesquiterpenoids have been identified in a refreshing light pale coloured essential oil with characteristic floral woody flavour.

Phytochemistry, 2004, 65, 2411

Angelica glauca Hydrodistillation → Essential oil (0.06%)

(FreshFlowering

Monoterpene Hydrocarbons (43.7%)
Oxygenated Monoterpenes (15.6%)
Sesquiterpene Hydrocarbons (18.4%)
Oxygenated Sesquiterpenes (19.7%)

^b Head, Chemistry Division, D.A.V. College, Kanpur, Uttar Pradesh, India