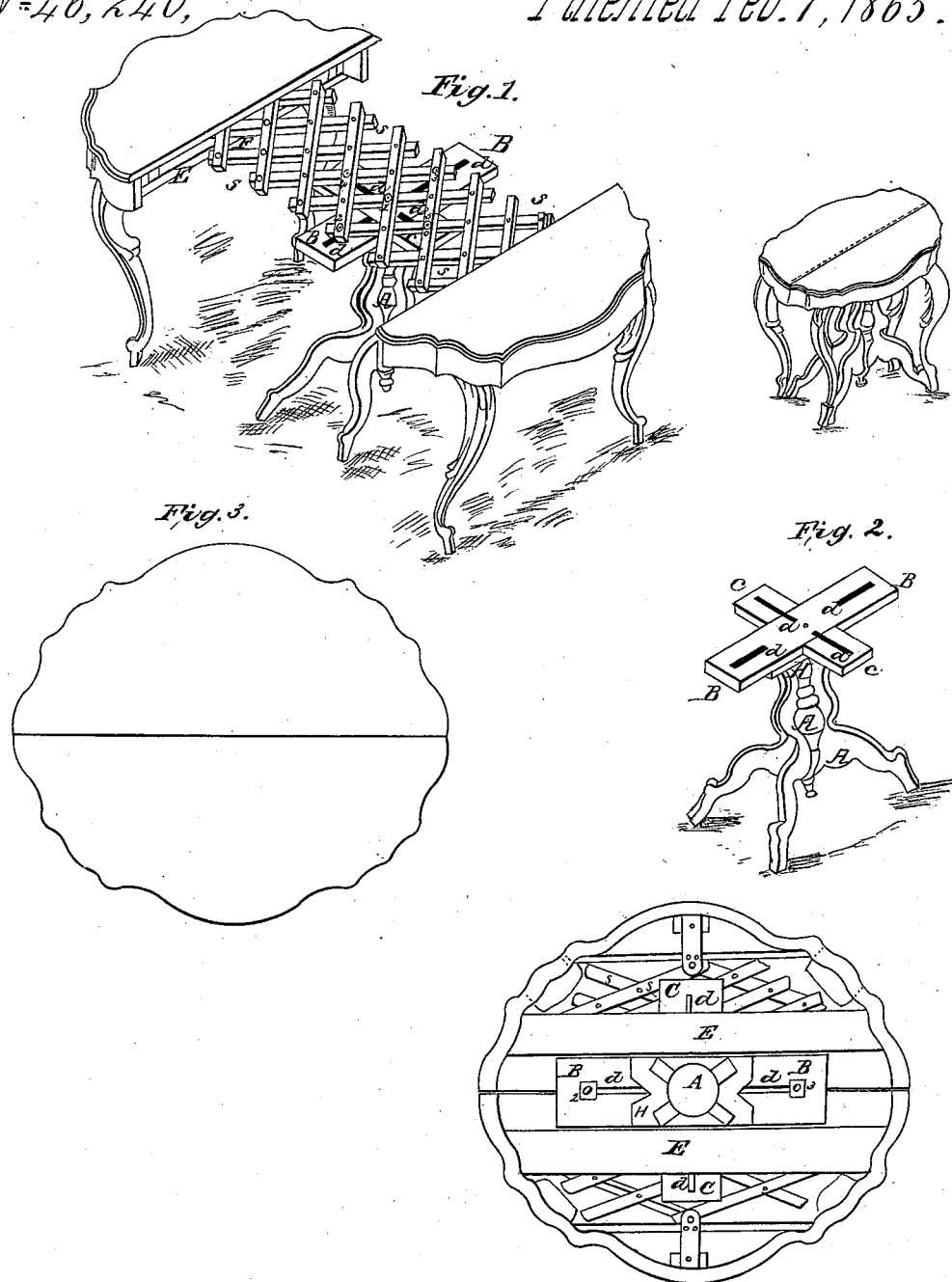


A. Iske,
Extension Table,
No. 46,240, Patented Feb. 7, 1865.



Witnesses,
Wm B. Wiley
Jacob Stauffer

Inventor
Anthony Iske.

UNITED STATES PATENT OFFICE.

ANTHONI ISKE, OF LANCASTER, PENNSYLVANIA.

IMPROVED EXTENSION-TABLE.

Specification forming part of Letters Patent No. 46,240, dated February 7, 1865.

To all whom it may concern:

Be it known that I, ANTHONI ISKE, of Lancaster, in the county of Lancaster and State of Pennsylvania, have invented a new and useful Improvement in Extension-Tables; and I do hereby declare that the following is a full, clear, and exact description of the construction and operation of the same, reference being had to the accompanying drawings, making a part of this specification, in which—

Figure 1 is a perspective view of the table extended; Fig. 2, the central foot or support, showing the slotted cross B C; Fig. 3, the top of the table closed up or united by their base.

The nature of my improvement consists in the construction of an ornamental center-table, which admits of being extended so as to answer for a dining-table, having a firm central support. When so extended, I employ cross-slats in the same manner as in the patent I obtained bearing date April 5, 1859, differently arranged, without the double wings, &c.

To enable others skilled in the art to make and use my invention, I will proceed to describe its construction and operation.

Fig. 1 shows the cross-slats and the two segments of the table drawn apart to be filled with boards adapted for the purpose between them resting on said cross-slats. The central support, Fig. 2, shows the cross-pieces B C firmly affixed on the column or foot A. These cross-pieces B C are slotted, as shown, *d d*. The ends *c c* entering into a groove, F, in the cross-pieces E, under each segment, when united by their base, as shown in Fig. 3. The cross-slats are centrally secured by a fixed pivot at their combined terminus, under each segment, and also by a central pivot (marked 1 in Fig. 1) to the center of the cross-pieces B C on the support A. These cross-slats thus secured to the parts mentioned by pivots are attached to each other by a series of pivots, admitting them (the cross-slats) to be drawn

apart or closed together under the segments or top of the table. The pivots of the cross-slats (marked 2 3) extend through the slots in *d* in B, respectively, being held by a screw and bur beneath. The pivots marked 4 5 operate in like manner through the slots *d* in the cross piece C. These several pivots, 2 3 and 4 5, are thus held and move or slide back and forth in the several slots *d* on the stationary cross-pieces B C, while the central pivot 1, is affixed to the central column or support.

The operation is so simple that a glance at the drawings will explain the nature of this invention.

This arrangement admits of the construction of highly-ornamented center-tables, so as to convert them readily into dining-tables, equally ornamental, when the intermediate leaves are laid on. The central ornamental column gives the whole a firm support, and allows the boards being spread bountifully without any danger of yielding to the pressure. Altogether I find it a decided improvement over my former arrangement applied to square tables, and while the means of extension are the same, I do not claim the cross-slats fixed on each side of a central partition in the table-frame, nor hinged wings, as such are embraced in my patent referred to.

What I claim as my invention or improvement, and desire to secure by Letters Patent, is—

The central column or support, A, with its cross-pieces B C and slots *d*, in combination with the cross-slats *s* and their sliding pivots 2, 3, 4, and 5, in said slots, *d d d d*, arranged and operating substantially in the manner and for the purpose specified.

ANTHONI ISKE.

Witnesses:

WM. B. WILEY,
JACOB STAUFFER.