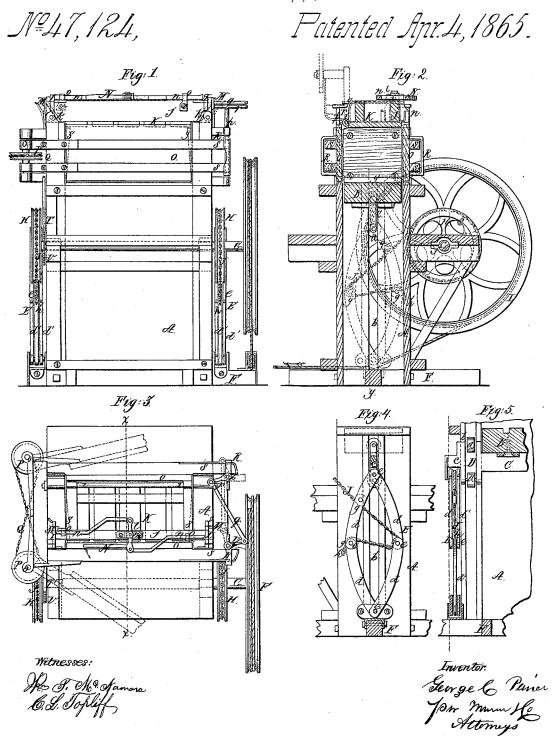
G.C.Paine,

Cotton Press,



United States Patent Office.

GEORGE C. PAINE, OF SAN FRANCISCO, CALIFORNIA.

IMPROVEMENT IN BALING-PRESSES.

Specification forming part of Letters Patent No. 47, 124, dated April 4, 1865.

To_all whom it may concern:

Be it known that I, George C. Paine, of San Francisco, in the county of San Francisco and State of California, have invented a new and Improved Baling-Press; and I do hereby declare that the following is a full, clear, and exact description of the same, reference being had to the accompanying drawings, making a part of this specification, in which—

Figure 1 is a front view of my invention; Fig. 2, a side sectional view of the same, taken in the line x x, Fig. 3; Fig. 3, a plan or top view of the same; Fig. 4, a side view of a portion of the same; Fig. 5, a vertical section of a portion of the same, taken in the line y y, Fig. 2.

Similar letters of reference indicate corresponding parts in the several figures.

This invention relates to a new and improved press of that class designed for compressing substances—such as cotton, hay, hops, &e—for baling.

ing.

The invention consists in the employment or use of toggles, arranged and applied to the press in such a manner as to afford a very compact and efficient mechanism for operating the follower and compressing the substance within the press-box.

The invention further consists in novel and improved fastenings for the side and top doors of the press, whereby the same may be very readily secured in a closed state, and also very readily opened.

To enable those skilled in the art to fully understand and construct my invention, I will proceed to describe it.

A represents a press-box placed in an upright position, and provided with a follower, B, having a metal bar, C, attached longitudinally and centrally to its under side, and provided at each end with a vertical arm, D, in which two friction-rollers, a a, are placed, said rollers working in vertical slots b b in the ends of the pressbox. These arms D have each a lateral projection, c, which extends through the grooves b, and to these projections c the upper ends of toggle-levers E are attached. The lower ends of these toggle-levers are connected to the base F, on which the press-box A rests, as shown clearly in Fig. 4. It will be seen, by referring to Fig. 4, that each system of toggles is com-

posed of four arms, d d d', connected by joints e, the arms d' being doubled, or two placed side by side. (See Fig. 5.)

G is a shaft placed horizontally in bearings f at one side of the press-box A, and having two pulleys, HH, upon it, and a wheel, I. The pulleys HH are in line with the ends of the press-box, and have each a chain or rope, J, attached to them, said chains or ropes passing around pulleys g g' g', the two latter g' being at the joints or junction of the upper and lower arms, and the chains or ropes being attached to the toggles, as shown at h. To the periphery of the wheel I the rope or chain is attached to which the draft-animal is connected, if such power is used.

From the above description it will be seen that when the follower B is down and the pressbox filled with the substances to be compressed and baled, and the wheel I turned in the proper direction under the pull of the draft-animal or other power which may be applied to it, the pulleys H H will wind up the chains or ropes J, and the two systems of toggles E will be actuated so as to approach a vertical position, the follower B being raised under the movement of the toggles, and under said movement capable of exerting a powerful pressure upon or against the substance within the press-box. The friction-rollers a a reduce the friction attending the working of the arms D in the vertical slots b b.

K represents the top of the press-box, which is connected at one side by hinges or joints i to the upper end of the press-box. The bar j of the front or disengaged side of the top K is beveled at each end, as shown at k, and to the upper surface of said bar a lever, l, is attached by a fulcrum-pin, m, which passes through the center of the lever l. To each end of the latter there is connected a bar, n, and these bars are bent or curved in such a manner that their outer parts will work through guides o on the bar j. (See Fig. 3.)

On the upper part of the press-box A, at each end of it, there is a catch, L. These catches these toggle-levers are connected to the base F, on which the press-box A rests, as shown clearly in Fig. 4. It will be seen, by referring to Fig. 4, that each system of toggles is com-

ends of the bar j when the top K is shoved down in a closed state. The bar j is released from the catches L L by actuating a lever, N, which is attached to the front end of the lever l at right angles, as shown in Fig. 3. The object in having the lever N at right angles with the lever l is that when the lever is actuated, so as to throw out the bars n, and the top K raised to a vertical position, the gravity of the lever N will draw inward the bars n, so that the latter cannot interfere with the self-locking

operation of the top K.

O O represent the side doors of the pressbox, the former being connected at one end by hinges o to the press-box. On the pintles of these hinges there are secured pulleys P Pone on each—around which a cross-chain, Q, passes, as shown clearly in Fig. 3. By this chain and pulleys the two doors O O, which are at opposite sides of the press box, are made to open and close simultaneously when either one of the doors is moved. These side doors are kept in a closed state by means of vertical loops or catches RR, which are attached to upright shafts p p, the upper ends of the latter being connected by a rod, q, the ends of which are attached to cranks rr on the shafts pp. By means of this connection the two shafts pp may be simultaneously turned, and the catches or loops RR made to pass simultaneously over and off from the ends of bars s s of the doors O O.

Within the upper part of the press-box, at each end of the same, there is secured a beveled plate, S. These plates are simply to facilitate

the discharging of the bale, which is bound, in the usual way, in the upper part of the pressbox before the follower is allowed to descend, the follower being kept up by a pawl, T, which engages with a ratchet, U, on the shaft G.

Having thus described my invention, what I claim as new, and desire to secure by Letters

Patent, is-

1. The peculiar arrangement and construction of the double toggle-levers connected with the follower D, in combination with the chain or ropes s s, pulleys H H, and friction-rollers g, whereby I am enabled to locate the shaft and wheel on the outside of the vertical pressbox, for the purposes described.

2. The levers l N and bars n n, connected together and applied to the top K of the press-box, as shown, in combination with the catches L L, all arranged substantially as and for the

purpose herein set forth.

3. The loops or catches R R, applied to the shafts p p, connected at their upper ends by the rod q and cranks r r, and arranged relatively with the sides O O, substantially as and for the purpose herein set forth.

4. The connecting of the pintles of the hinges o of the side doors, O O, by means of the pulleys P P, and cross-chain Q, substantially as

and for the purpose specified.

John P. Curtis.

GEORGE C. PAINE.

Witnesses:
Walter P. Nutting,