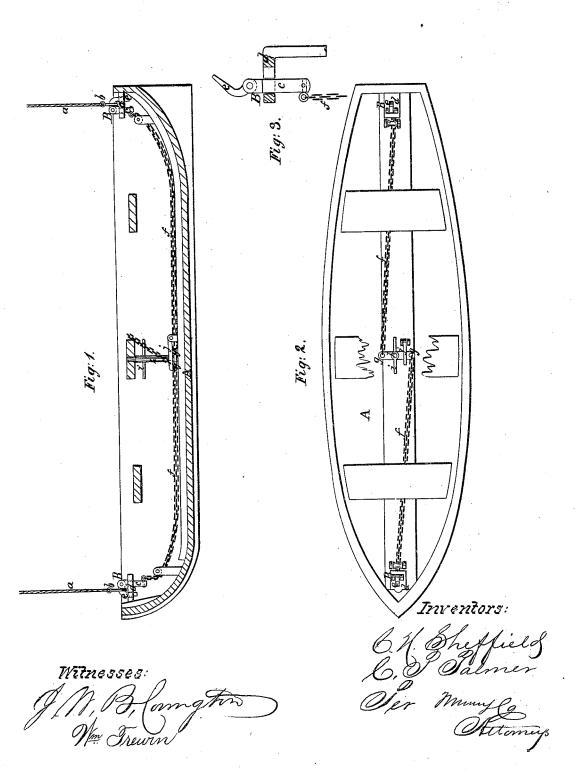
Sheffield & Palmer, Boat Detaching. Nº53,928. Patented Apl.10,1866.



United States Patent Office.

E. H. SHEFFIELD, OF STONINGTON, CONNECTICUT, AND E. P. PALMER, OF NEW YORK, ASSIGNORS TO E. H. WESTON, OF NEW YORK, N. Y.

IMPROVED DEVICE FOR DETACHING BOATS FROM DAVITS.

Specification forming part of Letters Patent No. 53,928, dated April 10, 1866.

To all whom it may concern:

Be it known that we, E. H. SHEFFIELD, of Stonington, in the county of New London and State of Connecticut, and E. P. Palmer, of the city, county, and State of New York, have invented a new and useful Improvement in Detaching Boats from their Davits; and we do hereby declare that the following is a full, clear, and exact description thereof, which will enable others skilled in the art to make and use the same, reference being had to the accompanying drawings, forming part of this specification, in which-

Figure 1 represents a longitudinal vertical section of this invention. Fig. 2 is a plan or top view of the same. Fig. 3 is a detached sectional view of the jointed hook, which forms the principal feature of our invention.

Similar letters of reference indicate like

parts.

This invention consists in the arrangement of jointed hooks, one at each end of a boat, in combination with retaining chains, which extend from the shanks of the hooks to arms extending in opposite directions from a vertical arbor in the center of the boat, in such a manner that when the ropes or chains from which the boat is suspended are secured in the jointed hooks and the retaining-chains are drawn in tight said hooks are forced down into suitable sockets and the boat's ropes or chains are firmly secured; but when the retaining-chains are released the shanks of the hooks slide up in their sockets, the hooks fly open spontaneously, and the boat is released simultaneously at both ends.

A represents a boat, which is connected to its davits by ropes or chains a. These ropes pass over blocks or sheaves, which are secured to the davits, and their lower ends are fastened to tackle-hooks b, which form the connection between said ropes and the jointed hooks B, as shown in Fig. 1 of the drawings. The shanks c of said jointed hooks slide up and down in suitable sockets d in the ends of the boat, and said sockets are so shaped that when the shanks are drawn down the jointed noses e bear against the ends of the sockets and are prevented from turning up; but if the shanks are permitted to slide up the jointed noses are released and allowed to turn up to the position

shown in Fig. 3.

The shanks c of the hooks B connect, by chains , with two arms, g, which extend in opposite directions from a vertical arbor, h, which is situated in the center of the boat or in any convenient position where it can be operated by the persons occupying the boat. A handle, i, serves to turn this arbor to the position shown in Figs. 1 and 2, and in this position it is retained by a stop, j, which, when dropped, bears against one of the arms g. When the arbor is brought in this position the retainingchains f are strained, and the shanks of the hooks C are drawn down in their sockets to the position shown in Fig. 1. In this position the jointed hooks retain the boat's ropes or chains perfectly secure, and the boat cannot possibly become detached accidentally as long as the ropes, chains, and other parts hold out. The boat can thus be manned before it is lowered, and after it has been lowered until it nearly touches the water a slight touch on the stop j releases the hooks C and both ends of the boat are freed simultaneously, allowing said boat to float off without danger of being swamped.

What we claim as new, and desire to secure

by Letters Patent, is-

The jointed hooks C, fitting into sockets d on the ends of a boat, \dot{A} , in combination with the retaining chains f and with suitable mechanism for tightening or releasing said chains, constructed and operating substantially as and for the purposes described.

The above specification of our invention signed by us this 8th day of February, 1866.

E. H. SHEFFIELD. E. P. PALMER.

Witnesses:

M. M. LIVINGSTON, W. HAUFF.