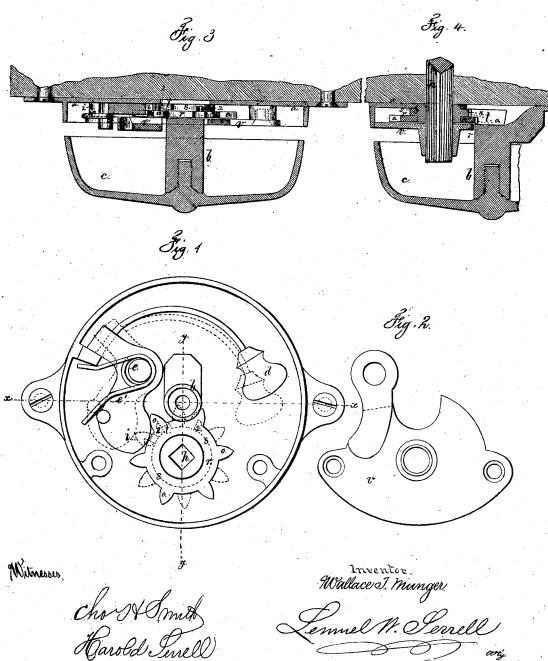
## W. T. MUNGER.

## Improvement in Door-Bells.

No. 116 082.

Patented June 20, 1871.



## UNITED STATES PATENT OFFICE.

WALLACE T. MUNGER, OF NEW BRITAIN, CONNECTICUT, ASSIGNOR TO P. & F. CORBIN, OF SAME PLACE.

## IMPROVEMENT IN DOOR-BELLS.

Specification forming part of Letters Patent No. 116,082, dated June 20, 1871.

To all whom it may concern:

Be it known that I, WALLAGE T. MUNGER, of New Britain, in the county of Hartford and State of Connecticut, have invented and made an Improvement in Door-Bell Attachments; and the following is declared to be a correct

description of the same.

A door-bell has been made with a crank-handle upon the outside of the door and a spindle passing therefrom to a disk and levers that operate the hammer. In this instance the parts are liable to allow the hammer to descend gradually instead of suddenly, thereby failing to strike a clear and distinct blow on the bell. My invention is for obviating this difficulty and cheapening the construction, and for this purpose I make use of a revolving tumbler actuated by the spindle of the crank, and acting upon a loose spur-cam wheel that gives motion to the lever of the hammer when moved in either direction, and there is a certain amount of play or motion allowed between the tumbler and the spur-cam wheel, so that the cams may be freely moved out of the way of the end of the hammer-lever as said lever is moved to strike the bell.

In the drawing, Figure 1 is an elevation of the parts of the bell attachment with the bell and cap-plate removed. Fig. 2 shows the capplate removed. Fig. 3 is a section of the parts at the line x x; and Fig. 4 is a section at the

line y y.

The base-plate a is made with a stud, b, carrying the bell c. d is the hammer upon a spring-arm or lever upon the fulcrum e; and i is the end of such lever, against which the spur-cams o on the wheel r operate. The wheel r revolves with the spindle b and a crank thereon; but instead of being directly connected thereto there is a revolving tumbler, b, intervening, the same being connected with the spindle b by a square hole for the spindle to pass through, and there is an arm, b, upon said

tumbler s that extends between two stops, 2 2, upon the spur-cam wheel r, and this camwheel r has a circular bearing upon the tumbler s, and the parts are held in position by

the cap-plate v.

If the crank and spindle h are turned the arm t also causes the spur-cam wheel r to revolve and one of its cams o to press back i and draw the hammer back from the bell. As the cam passes i and the spring e' is bringing the hammer down upon the bell, the part i of the lever presses the said cam-wheel around sufficiently to prevent the cam obstructing the movement as the bell is struck, the space between the stops 2 and arm t allowing of this movement. This construction allows of the parts being made so that they will operate when the crank is turned in either direction. The dotted lines in Fig. 1 show the hammer drawn back, and as the hammer descends the cam-surfaces slide upon each other and the cam-wheel r is moved forward, and the stop 2 (against which the arm t had acted in raising the hammer) moves on away from that arm, so that there is nothing to prevent the hammer descending with rapidity to strike a sharp blow upon the bell. To obtain the required space for the tumbler s and wheel r, they revolve partially beneath the stud b, as seen in Fig. 4.

I claim as my invention—

The tumbler s and arm t, in combination with the spur-cam wheel r, stops 2 2, and bell-hammer d i, the parts being arranged and operating substantially as and for the purposes set forth.

Signed by me this 2d day of May, A. D. 1871.

W. T. MUNGER.

Witnesses:

CHARLES PECK, EDWD. L. PRIOR.