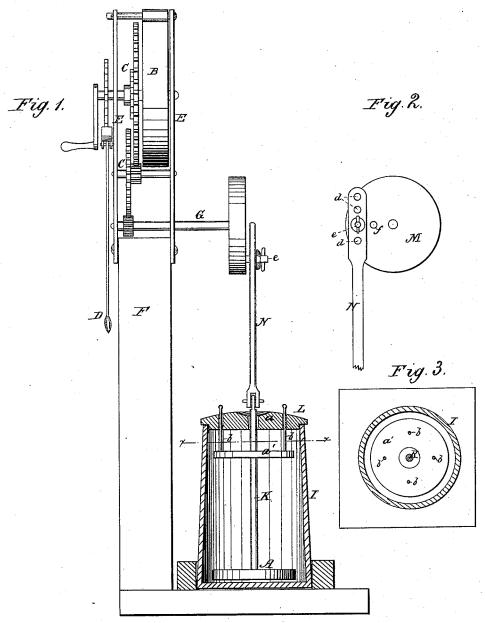
W. L. ALLEGREE. Churn.

No. 215,857.

Patented May 27, 1879.



WITNESSES: W.W. Hollingsworth

Amos W. Kast

INVENTOR:

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UNITED STATES PATENT OFFICE.

WILLIAM L. ALLEGREE, OF HEBBARDSVILLE, KENTUCKY.

IMPROVEMENT IN CHURNS.

Specification forming part of Letters Patent No. 215,857, dated May 27, 1879; application filed March 7, 1879.

To all whom it may concern:

Be it known that I, WILLIAM LIGHTFOOT ALLEGREE, of Hebbardsville, in the county of Henderson and State of Kentucky, have invented a new and Improved Churn; and I do hereby declare that the following is a full, clear, and exact description of the same.

My invention is an improvement in the class of churns having a reciprocating dasher, which

is operated by spring-power.

The improvement relates to the construction of the churn-cover, as hereinafter described, and as illustrated in accompanying drawings, in which—

Figure 1 is partly a side view of my improved apparatus, the churn-body being in section. Fig. 2 is a detail. Fig. 3 is a cross-

section on line x x, Fig. 1.

The motor which operates the dasher A is composed of a spring, B, (a weight may be substituted,) and a gearing, C, having a pendulum attachment, D, similar to an ordinary clock-movement. All the parts of the motor are attached to the two parallel bars or plates, E E, which are set vertical and bolted to the top of a standard, F. The driving-shaft G is at the bottom of the train of gearing, in suitable contiguity to the churn; but the whole apparatus is so located that the space around the churn and standard is left free or unoccupied.

The dasher A is of considerably less diameter than the interior of the body I of the churn. The dasher is guided vertically by its rod K, which works in the two-part lid or cover L.

Said cover is composed of two disks, a a', the lower one, a', being suspended from the other by rods b. The upper one, a, has a rabbeted edge, which rests on the rim of the tub I. The pins b project up through the disk a, so that the lower disk, a', can be raised or lowered by adjusting the pins. The continual passage of the cream between the disks a a' causes the butter to gather on the lower disk, a'. On detaching the cover L, the butter thus deposited may be readily removed.

The amount of friction between the dashrod K and disks a a' is less than arises from the ordinary arrangement, in which the dasher is made to work in contact with the sides of the tub I, and the cover is composed of a single

disk.

The dash-rod K is connected to the disk M on the driving-shaft G by means of a bar, N, whose upper end has a row of holes, d, to allow adjustment of the same on the wrist-pin e. The latter may also be adjusted in a radial direction on the disk M by the provision of holes f in the disk.

What I claim is—

The combination of the churn-cover, composed of the two separated disks $a\ a'$ and connecting-rods b, with the dash-rod, dasher, and body of the churn, as shown and described, for the purpose specified.

WILLIAM LIGHTFOOT ALLEGREE.

Witnesses:

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