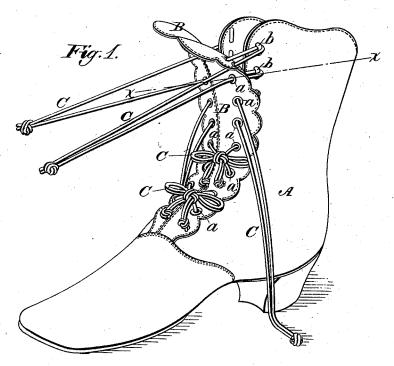
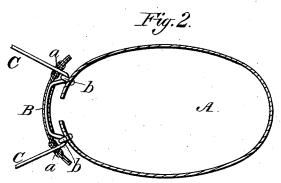
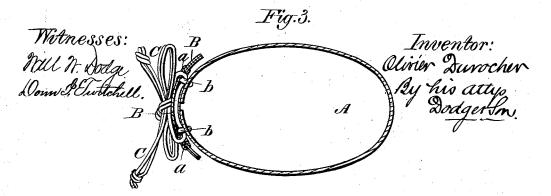
0. DUROCHER. Laced Shoes.

No. 216,029.

Patented June 3, 1879.







UNITED STATES PATENT OFFICE.

OLIVIER DUROCHER, OF OTTAWA, ONTARIO, CANADA.

IMPROVEMENT IN LACED SHOES.

Specification forming part of Letters Patent No. 216,029, dated June 3, 1879; application filed October 28, 1878.

To all whom it may concern:

Be it known that I, OLIVIER DUROCHER, of the city of Ottawa, in the county of Carleton, Canada, have invented certain Improvements in Laced Shoes, of which the following

is a specification.

My invention consists in combining, with an ordinary shoe having a slit or opening in its front or side, an outside flap or covering to close the slit, and lacing strings applied in a peculiar manner, hereinafter described, whereby the shoe is improved in appearance, adapted to fit equally well insteps of different heights, and the labor of fastening the shoe greatly re-

Figure 1 represents a perspective view of my improved shoe; Figs. 2 and 3, sectional views on the line x'x, showing the shoe open

and closed, respectively.

A represents the body of the shoe, which may be constructed in any ordinary form and manner, with a slit or opening to permit the introduction of the foot in the front or the side,

as preferred.

B represents the flap or covering, consistof the shoe as shown. The shoe as shown as the law of covering, consistent in material, applied to the outside of the shoe, over the slit or opening, and stitched or otherwise secured at the lower end to the shoe as shown. to the shoe, as shown. Through each side of the flap, at suitable distances apart, I form a series or line of holes, a, and to the outside of the shoe, beneath the flap, I secure on each side of the slit or opening a line of small loops, rings, ears, or other guides, b, corresponding in number and location with the holes in the flap. Through each hole in the flap I pass a cord, C, the inner end of which is also passed through the corresponding loop or guide on the shoe, and thence back to the inside of the flap, where it is permanently secured close to the hole through which it entered. On each side of the shoe the outer ends of the cords are permanently secured together in pairs, as shown.

In fastening the shoe each pair of united cords on one side is tied to the corresponding narily four pairs on each side of a shoe, and consequently four knots to tie in order to complete the fastening of the shoe.

It will be noted that, owing to the fact that the cords are secured together permanently in pairs, they cannot escape from the holes or guides, and that consequently the shoe always remains laced and ready to tie.

It will also be noted that, owing to the fact of the flap being on the outside, there is no danger of the foot being chafed, as by the inside tongues ordinarily employed; and, also, that, owing to the external application of the flap, the shoe will present a neat and finished appearance when applied to a foot having an instep so high as to spread open the slit, the flap serving to cover and completely conceal the slit at all times, and consequently giving to the shoe a greatly-improved appearance.

Another advantage arising from the use of the separate cords, as described, is that, unlike the usual single cord, they admit of the shoe being drawn tightly over the instep, as required, while at the same time it may be left loose and free above and below.

It is manifest that the cords need not be secured together in pairs unless desired, and that, if preferred, the flap and the cords may be secured permanently to the shoe on one side of the slit or opening.

It is also evident that each cord may be passed through two or more guides on the shoe and flap, if desired. The arrangement represented in the drawings is, however, considered the best that can be used for ordinary purposes.

Having thus described my invention, what I

claim is-

1. The combination of the shoe A, having loops or guides thereon, the external flap, B, provided with perforations a, and the cords C secured to the inside of the flap, and passed thence through the guides and outward

through the perforations in the flap.

2. The combination of the shoe, the single external flap, and the series of cords passing from the shoe through the flap and left free pair on the opposite side, there being ordi- at their outer ends, so that they may be drawn

and tied on the outside, in order to fit and fasten the shoe on insteps of different heights, and that the flap may be drawn smooth and tight under all circumstances.

3. In combination with the shoe and its guides b, the single external perforated flap provided with holes a, and the series of cords

arranged in the peculiar manner shown, and permanently fastened together in pairs at their outer ends on each side of the shoe. OLIVIER DUROCHER.

Witnesses:
L. N. LEMIEUX,
J. COURSOLLE.