

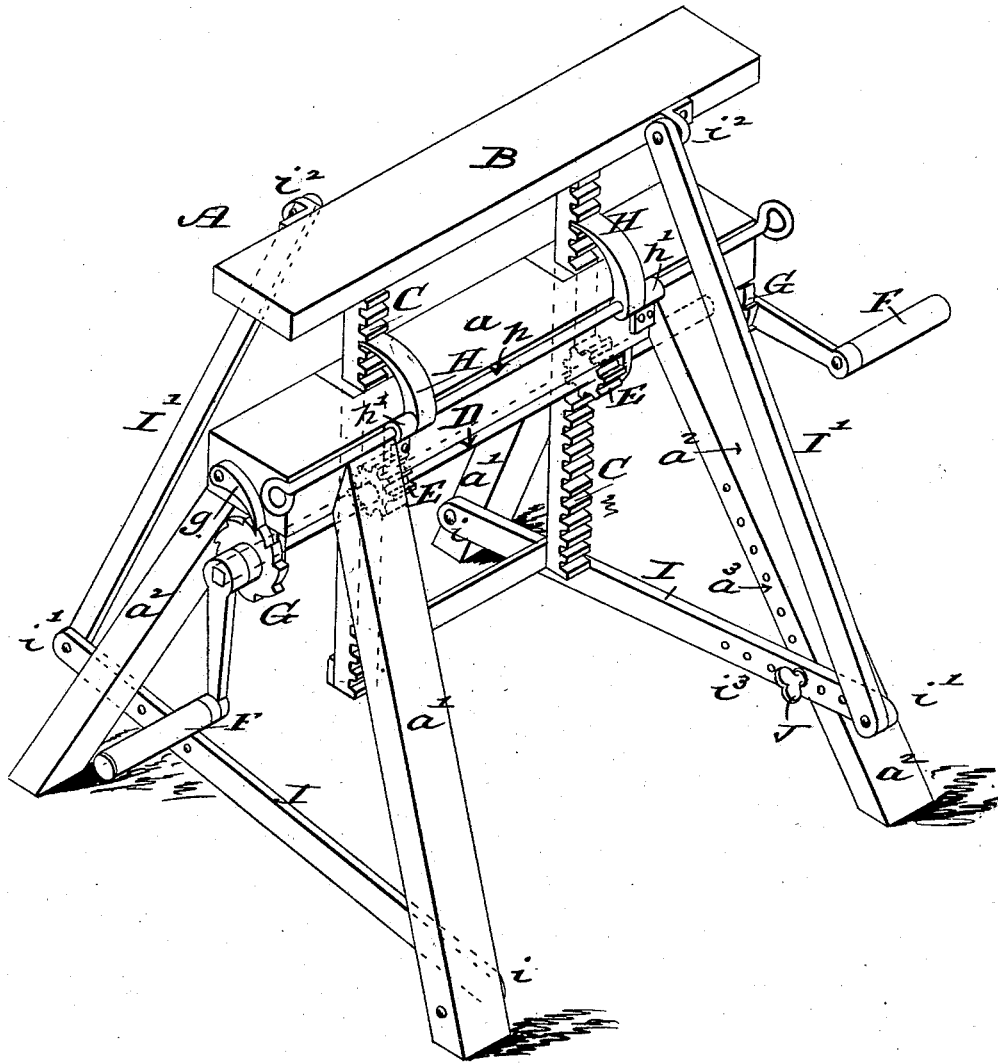
(No Model.)

T. P. MADDOX.

TRESTLE.

No. 264,310.

Patented Sept. 12, 1882.



Attest:

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# UNITED STATES PATENT OFFICE.

THOMAS P. MADDOX, OF ST. LOUIS, MISSOURI.

## TRESTLE.

SPECIFICATION forming part of Letters Patent No. 264,310, dated September 12, 1882.

Application filed June 6, 1882. (No model.)

*To all whom it may concern:*

Be it known that I, THOMAS P. MADDOX, of St. Louis, Missouri, have made a new and useful Improvement in Trestles, of which the following is a full, clear, and exact description, reference being had to the annexed drawing, making part of this specification, in which a trestle having the improvement is shown in perspective.

10 The present invention is an improvement in trestles having extension-tops, and the improvement relates to the means for bracing the top when extended.

Referring to the drawing, A represents a trestle of the kind under consideration, having the top  $a$  and legs  $a'$   $a'$   $a^2$   $a^2$ .

B represents the extension-top. It is attached to and supported by the rack-bars C C, which in turn work vertically upward and downward through the top  $a$ .

D represents a shaft turning in suitable bearings in the trestle, and provided with pinions E E, which engage with the rack-bars C C. The shaft is also supplied with the cranks F F and the ratchets G G. Pawls  $g g$  engage with the ratchets G G. By rotating the shaft D the extension-top B is raised to and lowered from the top  $a$ .

30 H H represent dogs attached to and turning with the shaft  $h$ . The shaft  $h$  turns in the bearing  $h' h'$ , and it is suitably shaped at the end or provided with a handle, to enable it to be readily rotated in its bearings  $h' h'$ , and thereby throw the dogs H H into or out of en-

gagement with the rack-bars C C. The dogs aid in securing the extension-top from falling.

It is important that the extension-top be stayed laterally. To this end the jointed arms I I' come into use. A pair of these arms are employed, one at each end of the trestle. Each arm is in two parts, I and I', the part I being jointed at  $i$  to the leg  $a'$ , the two parts I I' being jointed together at  $i'$  and the part I' being jointed to the extension-top B at  $i^2$ . The part I, as the extension-top is raised and lowered, turns on the joint  $i$  upward and downward past the leg  $a^2$ . That portion of the part I that comes opposite the leg  $a^2$  has a series,  $i^3$ , of perforations. The leg  $a^2$  has a series,  $a^3$ , of perforations. When it is desired to brace the extension-top at any desired point of elevation a pin, J, is passed through one of the perforations  $i^3$  into the opposite perforation in the series  $a^3$ . The part I' of the arm then operates as a brace to give lateral support to the top B.

I claim—

1. The trestle A, having the extension-top B and the braces I I', substantially as described.

2. The combination of the top  $a$ , the legs  $a'$   $a'$   $a^2$   $a^2$ , the rack-bars C C, the shaft D, the pinions E E, the arms I I', and the pin J, substantially as described.

T. P. MADDOX.

Witnesses:

C. D. MOODY,

CHARLES PICKLES.