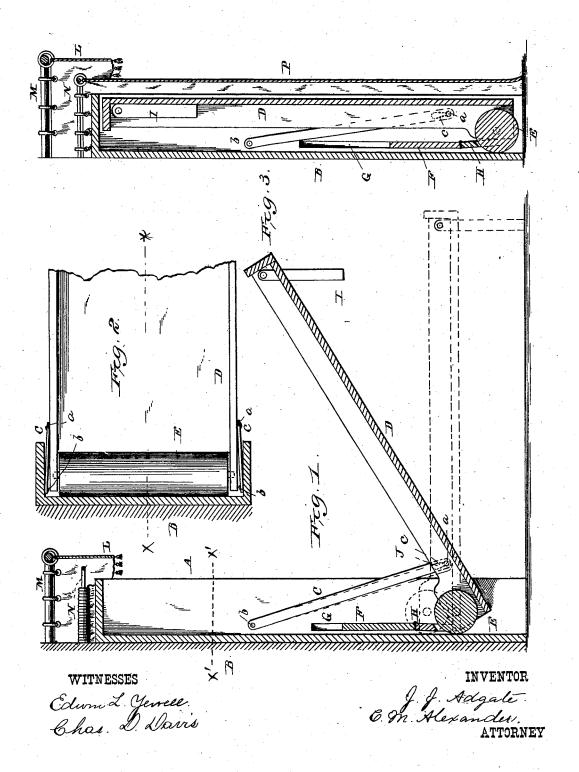
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No. 264,596.

Patented Sept. 19, 1882.

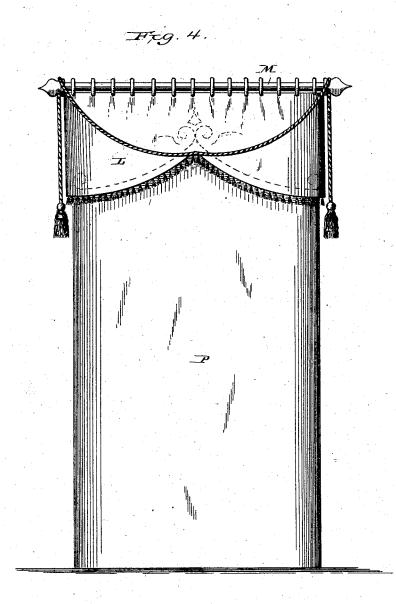


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Edward Gewell. Chas D. Davis

United States Patent Office.

JOSEPH J. ADGATE, OF NEW YORK, N. Y.

WARDROBE-BEDSTEAD.

SPECIFICATION forming part of Letters Patent No. 264,596, dated September 19, 1882. Application filed August 4, 1882. (No model.)

To all whom it may concern:

Be it known that I, JOSEPH J. ADGATE, of i New York, in the county of New York, and in the State of New York, have invented certain new and useful Improvements in Wardrobe-Bedsteads; and I do hereby declare that the following is a full, clear, and exact description thereof, reference being had to the accompanying drawings, and to the letters of reference 10 marked thereon, making a part of this specification, in which-

Figure 1 is a vertical section taken in the plane indicated by dotted line x x on Fig. 2, showing the bedstead in dotted lines in a hori-15 zontal position, and also showing the bedstead in full lines in an inclined position. Fig. 2 is a plan view of the roller and of a portion of the bedstead and a section of the casing, taken on the horizontal plane indicated by the line 20 x' x' of Fig. 1. Fig. 3 is a vertical section, showing the bedstead-frame folded in the casing and hidden from view by the curtain. Fig. 4 is a front elevation, showing the curtain and lambrequin hung from the casing.

This invention relates to wardrobe-bedsteads 25 which are especially designed for compactness. and which is adapted to fold into a casing which may be portable, or it may be permanently secured against the wall of a room in 30 any convenient or suitable position.

The nature of my invention consists in a bedstead frame or bottom which is hung from a casing, in combination with a weighted rotating cylinder, a movable head-board and hinged 35 guard, and suspension-arms, said bedstead-frame being provided with pivoted gravitating legs, as will be hereinafter explained.

My invention also consists in the combination, with a balanced bedstead-frame which is 40 suspened from a casing by means of pivoted arms and provided with pivoted legs and a loaded head, of a lambrequin and a curtain, as will be fully understood from the following description when taken in connection with the 45 annexed drawings.

The letter A designates a casing, which may be portable, but which is preferably constructed against a wall, B, at any proper place in a room. This easing consists of a back, two 50 sides, and a top or cover.

D designates a bedstead-frame, which is

ing by means of arms C, that are pivoted at a a to the sides of the bedstead-frame and at b b to the sides of the casing, as shown. The but- 55 ton-heads of the pivots a enter slots c of a tapering form made through the said arms C, so that the bedstead-frame is thereby detachable from these arms. The slots c in the arms C, above referred to, are broader at their upper ends 60 than at their lower, their walls converging as they descend toward the lower extremity there-The bedstead-frame is attached to the arms C near the head part of said frame, and at this latter part I pivot or journal a cylin- 65 der, E, which I prefer to make hollow, so that it may be loaded with sand or any other substance when it is found necessary to do so. This cylinder E not only serves as a counterbalancing weight for the bedstead-frame D; 70 but it also serves as an anti-friction bearing for said frame against the face of the casing A.

When the bedstead-frame is a horizontal position, as indicated in dotted lines, Fig. 1, its outer end is sustained upon the floor by piv-75 oted gravitating legs I. When the bedstead-frame is turned up, as indicated in full lines, Fig. 3, it is supported within the casing by the pivoted arms or hangers C, and is inclosed therein by means of a curtain, P, and a lam- 80 brequin, L. The curtain P is hung from a horizontal rail by means of rings N, and the lambrequin is hung from a rail by means of rings M. These parts completely hide from view the bedstead when it is folded in the cas- 85 ing, as shown in Fig. 3, and they may be made highly ornamental at small expense.

F designates a head-board, which is vertically movable in grooves or slots G, made in the sides of the casing A, and which has hinged 90 to its lower edge a guard, H, which prevents the bed-clothes from getting back of the loaded cylinder E.

It will be seen from the above description that I have a counterbalanced suspended bed- 95stead-frame combined with a casing, and also with curtains which will inclose the entire bedstead and casing when the bedstead is adjusted in the vertical position shown in Fig. 3.

Having described my invention, I claim— 100 1. The combination, in a wardrobe-bedstead, of the bedstead-frame D, the counterbalancingcylinder E, the suspension-arms C, and a verhung from the cheeks or two sides of the cas- tically-movable head-board provided with a

hinged section, H, with a suitable casing, A, all constructed and adapted to operate substantially in the manner and for the purposes described.

5 2. The combination, in a wardrobe-bedstead, of a casing, A, the counterbalanced frame D, the cylinder E at the head thereof, adapted to bear against the face of said casing, the suspension-arms slotted and connected to the said frame D by button-headed pins, and the pivoted gravitating legs I, all constructed and adapted to operate substantially in the manner and for the purposes described.

3. In a wardrobe-bedstead, the following to elements, to wit: the pivoted frame D, the re-

ceiving-casing A therefor, the lambrequin L, and a suitable support, M, the curtain P, and a suitable support, N, therefor, said lambrequin and curtain being adapted to form an inclosure for the casing and bed and to exclude 20 the same from view, substantially as shown and described.

In testimony whereof I affix my signature, in presence of two witnesses, this 4th day of August, 1882.

JOSEPH J. ADGATE.

Witnesses:

J. J. McCarthy, H. A. Toulmin.