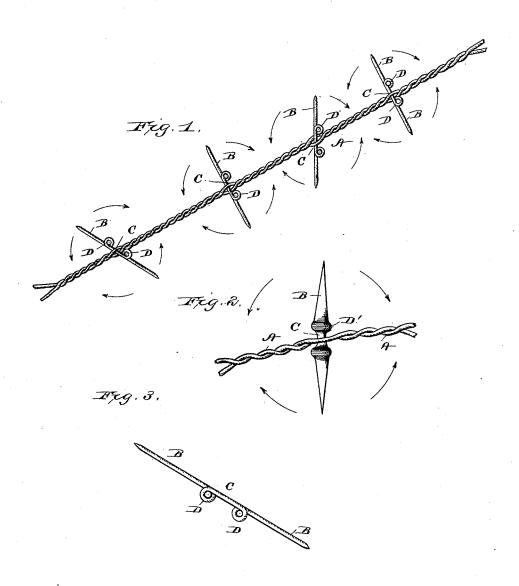
J. M. MAY.

BARBED WIRE FENCE.

No. 264,728.

Patented Sept. 19, 1882.



Witnesses. Edward Genele. H. Anbrey Toulmino

Inventor. J. M. May. By E. M. Alexander Altorney.

UNITED STATES PATENT OFFICE.

JOHN M. MAY, OF CEDAR RAPIDS, IOWA.

BARBED-WIRE FENCE.

SPECIFICATION forming part of Letters Patent No. 264,728, dated September 19, 1882. Application filed April 30, 1879.

To all whom it may concern:

Be it known that I, John M. May, of Cedar Rapids, in the county of Linn, and in the State of Iowa, have invented certain new and useful Improvements in Barbs for Barbed-Wire Fence and Fastening the Barbs to the Wire; and I do hereby declare that the following is a full, clear, and exact description thereof, reference being had to the accompany-10 ing drawings, and to the letters of reference marked thereon, making a part of this specifi-

My invention relates to certain improvements in barbs for wire fences; and it con-15 sists in providing a barb which will be capable of movement independently of the wires which form the fence proper and by which it is sustained, such movement being a slight shift or slide of the barb in the direction of 20 its own longitudinal axis, combined with a partially rotary movement of the barb, the latter being the essential end sought to be obtained by my invention. The object and purpose of providing a barb adapted to have 25 these movements independently of the fence is to prevent the severe laceration and pricking of animals which result from the use of the ordinary and common barbs, which, on account of their rigidity, do not yield to the 30 pressure of the animal coming in contact therewith, while in my case, when the animal comes against the barb, (which is usually at an angle thereto,) it moves, gives, or recedes from it, thus warning him of his nearness to the 35 fence, and yet causing him no injury, the effect being rather to exert a scraping tendency and pressure against him than to cause a puncture or laceration.

In the drawings forming a part of this speci-40 fication like letters of reference indicate cor-

responding parts, in which-

Figure 1 is a perspective view of a portion or section of a barbed-wire fence having my improved barbs applied thereto; Fig. 2, a view 45 showing a modification in the detail construction of my barb applied to the wires of fence; and Fig. 3, a detached view of the barb, showing more clearly its detail construction.

The letter A indicates a portion or section 50 of the wires of a wire fence, the same being the letter B a barb applied thereto, the same being placed between the strands of the fence, a loop therefor being left between the strands of sufficient size to permit of an easy and un- 55 obstructed play or swing of the barbs, as indicated by the arrows in the drawings. The said barbs are formed usually of wire, their ends being pointed in the ordinary manner, and a neck or space, C, made thereon by turn- 60 ing or bending the wire, as at D, the enlargements or shoulders thus formed having the function of preventing the displacement of the barbs from the fence-wires.

It will be observed that the length of the 65 neck C is somewhat greater than the diameter of the strands or than the space they occupy on said neck, the object of which is to permit of the easy swing or oscillation of the barb, as hereinbefore pointed out, that they 70 may readily yield to the contact of the animal, rather than offer him a positive resist-

ance.

It is also observable that these shoulders may be otherwise formed than by bending or 75 turning the wire of the barb, as above mentioned, an illustration of which modified construction is seen in Fig. 2 of the drawings, in which instance the barb is made of cast-iron, the enlargements D being cast therewith, the 80 gist and essential feature of my invention being, as herein previously indicated, to provide a barb capable of a swinging or oscillating movement within the fence-wires, and with means for loosely retaining them therein, 85 irrespective of the peculiar detail, form, or construction.

When an animal comes in contact with a barb made after the plan of this invention the barb will swing around or move with his body 9c and cause him to feel a pressure or sensation without bringing him in direct contact with the point of the barb, thus resulting in warding him off from the fence, and yet avoiding the cruel consequences usually attending the 95 use of this class of fences.

Having thus fully described my invention, what I claim as new, and desire to secure by

Letters Patent, is-

A barb for wire fences having a shank or 100 neck intermediate between its ends, formed twisted together after the usual manner, and | by bending or otherwise enlarging the body

of the barb, the said shank being adapted to fit between the strands of the fence, and of such length as to permit of a swinging or oscillating movement of the barb, as specified, substantially as and for the purposes herein set forth.

have hereunto set my hand and seal this 22d day of April, 1879.

J. M. MAY. [L. S.]

Witnesses: set forth.

In testimony that I claim the foregoing I

A. D. COLLIER, H. D. PARKHURST.