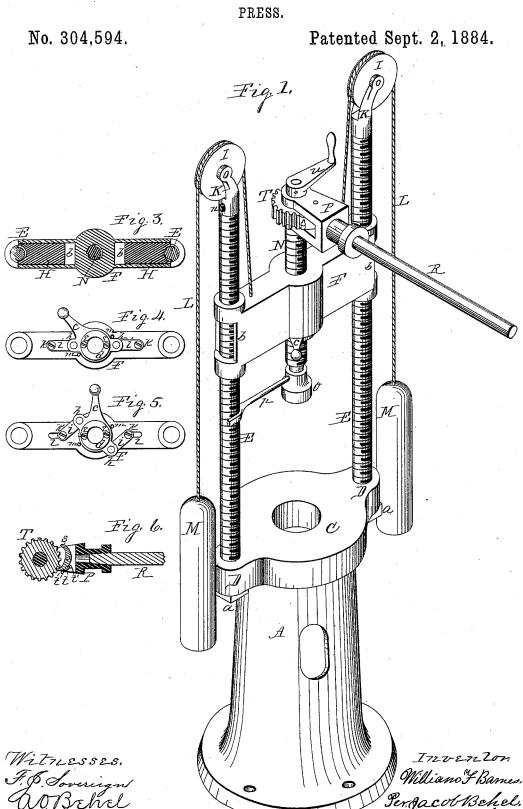
W. F. BARNES.

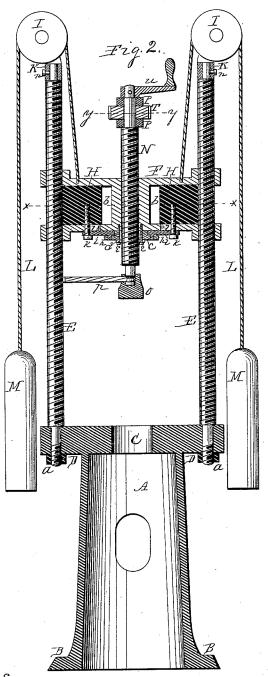


W. F. BARNES.

PRESS.

No. 304,594.

Patented Sept. 2, 1884.



Witnesses. F. J. Loverign WOBENEL Inventor William F Barnes Perfacot Beheb, Http.

UNITED STATES PATENT

WILLIAM F. BARNES, OF ROCKFORD, ILLINOIS, ASSIGNOR TO W. F. AND JOHN BARNES, OF SAME PLACE.

PRESS.

SPECIFICATION forming part of Letters Patent No. 304,594, dated September 2, 1884.

Application filed July 25, 1884. (No model.)

To all whom it may concern:

Be it known that I, WILLIAM F. BARNES, a citizen of the United States, residing in the city of Rockford, in the county of Winnebago and State of Illinois, have invented a new and useful Press, of which the following is a speci-

This invention relates to a class of presses known as the "screw-press;" and its object is 10 to produce at a small cost a screw-press capable of use for most of the purposes for which a press of its class is required, and of a construction to permit the press to be quickly adjusted to any point within its capacity. 15 this end I have designed and constructed the

press represented in the accompanying drawings, in which-

Figure 1 is an isometrical representation of a press embodying my invention. Fig. 2 is a 20 vertical central section cut on a line passing through the axial center of the guide-screws and press. Fig. 3 is a transverse central section of the cross-head cut on dotted line x on Fig. 2. Fig. 4 is an under face view of the 25 cross-head with the toggle-levers in line. Fig. 5 is an under face view of the cross-head with the toggle-levers contracted, and Fig. 6 is a

transverse central section of the ratchet mechanism on dotted line y on Fig. 2.

The pedestal of the press represented in the figures is produced of cast-iron, and consists of a cylindrical tubular shaft, A, circular base B, and circular press-cap C, elongated on opposite sides, forming ears D, which furnish 35 supports for the guide-screws.

At Eare represented screw-threaded guides, having their lower ends fitted to enter holes formed in the ears D, in which they are fixed by means of screw-nuts a, fitted to their de-

40 pending screw-threaded ends.

At F is represented a cross-head fitted to receive the screw-guides in a manner to slide thereon freely. This cross-head F is fitted with end openings, b, to receive the semi-45 screw nuts H, which are of block form, fitted to slide freely endwise in the openings, and having their outer ends internally screw-threaded, to engage the screw-threaded guides E, to fix the cross-head in place on the guides when ad-

At c is represented a lever placed on the under face of the cross-head, having its pivotal center concentric with the press-screw.

This lever c is held in place to oscillate about its center by means of a flanged thimble, d, 55 fixed in place on the cross-head, concentric with the press-screw, by means of screws e, passed through the flanged thimble d and screw-threaded into the cross-head. The lever c is provided with ears h, projecting from 60

its opposite sides.

 ${
m A} ar{t} \, ar{i}$ are represented toggle-lever links, having one end pivotally connected with the ears h, and their other ends pivoted to the semiscrew nuts by means of screws k, which ex- 65 tend through slotted openings l, formed in the under face of the cross-head, and are screwthreaded into the semi-screw nuts. By this arrangement of levers it will be seen that when the levers are extended, as shown in 70 Fig. 4, the semi-screw nuts will be held in screw-threaded connection with the screwguides to fix the cross-head in its adjusted position thereon, and when the levers are contracted, as shown in Fig. 5, the semi-screw 75 nuts will be withdrawn from their connection with the screw-guides, and permit the ready adjustment of the cross-head to any position on the guides.

At m are represented pin-studs fixed in the 80 under face of the cross-head to limit the oscil-

latory movement of the toggle-levers.

At I are represented sheaves supported in yokes K, to revolve therein on suitable bearings. The yokes K are fitted with a socket to 85 receive the journal-formed upper end of the guide-screws, and are fixed thereon, when adjusted to position, by means of set-screws n.

At L are represented cords, preferably of the wire-cable variety, having a suitable con- 90 nection with the upper face of the cross-head, from which they extend over the sheaves I, and depend on the outside of the screw-guides, and to their depending ends are attached suitable counter-weights, M, to properly bal- 95 ance the cross-head and its attachments in a manner to be readily adjusted vertically on the guide-screws.

At N is represented a press-screw having a screw-thread connection vertically with the 100 center of the cross-head. The depending end of this press-screw is provided with a presscap, o, held in place thereon in a free manner by means of a $\overline{\text{rod}}$, p, screw-threaded into the cap, and its inner end entering an annular 105 groove formed in the depending journal end

of the press-serew. The outer end of the rod | is made adjustable on the guides for the purp is forked to embrace the screw-guide to move vertically thereon in a free manner, and serves to prevent rotation of the cap.

At P is represented a voke-formed leverhead, fitted to oscillate on the upper end journal-formed portion of the press-screw, and its outer end is produced in socket form to receive a lever-bar, R, in a removable manner.

At T is represented a spur-toothed ratchetwheel fixed to the upper journal portion of the press-screw between the jaws of the lever-

At s is represented a double-acting spring-15 actuated pawl centrally pivoted within the jaws of the lever head, in position therein relatively with the ratchet-wheel in such a manner that the end of either arm of the pawl may be made to engage the teeth of the wheel. This 20 pawl is provided at t with a vertical socket, in which is placed a spring-actuated plungerbolt, having its lower end produced in conic form to enter conic countersink-holes b', formed in the upper face of the lower jaw of the lever-25 head, in such position relatively with each other and with the position of the plunger-bolt as to hold one or the other of the ends of the pawl in contact with the ratchet-wheel. As the plunger-bolt is engaged with one or the other 30 of the countersink-holes, also that when the plunger-bolt is between the countersink-holes both ends of the pawl will be held out of contact with the ratchet-wheel and permit the press-screw to be turned in either direction by 35 means of the hand crank u, fixed on its upper end.

In the use of my improved press the holes formed in the circular base B of the pedestal serve to receive bolts to fix it in position. The 40 work is then placed in position on the presstable. The cross-head is then adjusted and fixed on the vertical guides in the required position for the work. Then by means of a vibratory movement of the lever R and the 45 spring-actuated pawl s, in the position shown in Fig. 6, the press-screw will be made to descend upon the work with any force within the limits of the press. After the work is completed the position of the pawl s is changed opposite to that shown in Fig. 6, when a vibratory movement of the lever R will cause the press-screw to rise and liberate the work.

In the foregoing I have described my improved press constructed with screw-guides 55 on which the cross-head is made adjustable; but evidently other forms of guides—such as the toothed rack or ratchet-bar of any of the known forms capable of use in connection with a cross-head made adjustable thereon, 60 substantially in the manner shown, and hereinbefore described—would be within the scope of my invention; also, other known forms of clutching mechanism than the form shown, and hereinbefore described, may be employed to 65 fix the cross-head in position on the guides when adjusted, without departing from the gist of my invention, so long as the cross-head pose of adjusting the press to the work. In this instance I have shown my improvements 70 in a vertical form of press; but they are capable of use in a horizontal form, in which construction the counter-weights will not be required, and a radial side opening in the presstable will enlarge the scope of its usefulness. 75

I claim as my invention-

1. The combination, with a press cap or table, of guides rising from the table to support a cross-head made adjustable thereon, substantially as and for the purpose set forth. 80

2. The combination, with the press-table and with guides connected therewith, of a cross-head made adjustable on the guides, and a clutching mechanism to connect the crosshead with the guides, substantially as and for 85 the purpose set forth.

3. The combination, with a press cap or table, of screw-guides rising from the table to support a cross-head made adjustable thereon, substantially as and for the purpose set forth. 90

4. The combination, with the screw-guides and with a press table, of a cross-head provided with semi-screw nuts to engage the screw-guides, substantially as and for the purpose set forth.

5. The combination, with the cross-head and with the semi-screw nuts, of the togglelever mechanism, substantially as and for the purpose set forth.

6. The combination, with the screw-guides 100 and with a cross-head, of semi-screw nuts and a toggle-lever mechanism, substantially as herein described, as and for the purpose set forth.

7. The combination, with the screw-guides 105 and with the cross-head made adjustable thereon, as described, of counter-weights to balance the cross-head, substantially as and for the purpose set forth.

8. The combination, with the cross-head 110 and with the screw-guides, of a press-screw having a screw-threaded connection with the cross-head, a press-cap having a free connection with the press-screw, and a steady-bar connecting the press-cap with the press-serew, 115 and with the screw-guide, substantially as and for the purpose set forth.

9. The combination of a press-screw, a spurtoothed ratchet-wheel fixed on the press-screw, a lever-head forked to embrace the ratchet- 120 wheel, and fulcrumed to oscillate on the pressscrew, and a double-acting spring-actuated pawl to engage the teeth of the ratchet-wheel, substantially as and for the purpose set forth.

10. The combination of the press-screw, the 125 ratchet-wheel, the oscillating lever provided with double-acting spring-actuated pawl, and a hand-crank fixed to the press-screw, substantially as and for the purpose set forth.

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Witnesses:

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