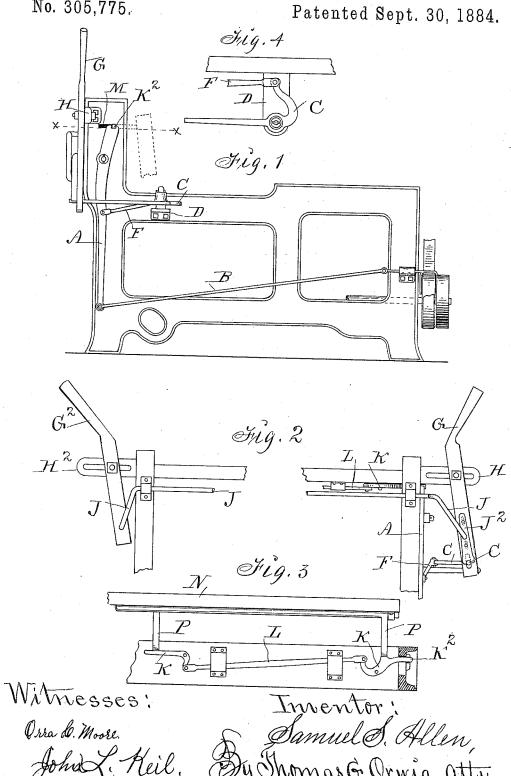
S. S. ALLEN.

BELT SHIFTING DEVICE AND STOP MOTION FOR LOOMS.

No. 305,775.



UNITED STATES PATENT

SAMUEL S. ALLEN, OF DES MOINES, IOWA.

BELT-SHIFTING DEVICE AND STOP-MOTION FOR LOOMS.

SPECIFICATION forming part of Letters Patent No. 305,775, dated September 30, 1884.

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To all whom it may concern:

Be it known that I, SAMUEL S. ALLEN, a citizen of the United States, and a resident of Des Moines, in the county of Polk and State 5 of Iowa, have invented an Improved Belt-Shifting Device for Looms, of which the fol-

lowing is a specification.

My object is to construct and apply a beltshifting device in such a manner that an attend-10 ant at either side of the loom can readily and instantly shift a belt as required, to start or stop a power-loom, by simply pulling a handlever, and also in such a manner that when the movement of a shuttle is accidentally ar-15 rested and the shuttle retained in the race and prevented from carrying the woof through the shed of the warp-threads the action of my attachment will be automatic and positive, as required, to knock off or shift the belt and stop 20 the loom.

My invention consists in the construction and combination of a series of levers and rods with the frame of a loom, the vibrating lay, and a belt-moving device, as hereinafter fully

25 set forth.

Figure 1 of the accompanying drawings is an end view of a loom-frame, showing my device attached. Fig. 2 represents the side of the same frame. Fig. 3 is a bottom view of part of 30 my mechanism, and a transverse section of the corner-post of the frame through the line xxof Fig. 1. Fig. 4 is a top view of a bracket and a bell-crank lever attached to the frame.

Jointly considered, these figures clearly $_{35}$ illustrate the construction and operation of

my complete invention.

A is a lever of the first order, pivoted to the frame, and combined with the lay of the loom in such a manner that power can be applied 40 to its long or short arm for the purpose of shifting the belt from one pulley to another by means of a rod, B, connected therewith, as clearly shown in Fig. 1.

C is a bell-crank lever pivoted to a bracket, 45 D, that is fixed to the frame by means of screwbelts. The short arm of this lever C is connected with the long arm of the lever A by means of a rod, F, and its long arm is connected with a hand-lever, G. The lever G is 50 adjustably connected with the frame by means

2. A compound lever is thus provided for moving the rod B, as required, to shift the belt from one pulley to another by simply op-

erating the hand-lever G.

Gis a hand-lever connected with the opposite end of the frame by means of a bracket, H², and flexibly connected with the lever G by means of a rod, J, and slide J2, in such a manner that the lever G can be operated by means 60 of the lever G2, as required, to transmit motion to the rod B.

KK are bell-crank levers pivoted to the under side of the breast-beam, and connected by a rod, L, as clearly shown in Fig. 3, in such a 65 manner that they will operate jointly to transmit power from the lay of the loom to the lever A, as required, to actuate that lever and the belt-shifting mechanism connected therewith.

K² is a projection on the end of one of the 70 levers K, that extends through the slot M in the frame to enter a notch in the top end of the lever A, so that when the levers K are vibrated a corresponding motion will be imparted to the lever A.

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N represents the vibrating lay of a loom, and P are pins or daggers projecting at right angles therefrom in such a manner that they will engage the bell-crank levers K, and automatically operate the belt-shifting mechanism 80 whenever the shuttle is accidentally arrested and retained in the shuttle-race, and it is important to instantly knock off the belt and stop the motion of the loom. The slide J2 will, by force of gravity, engage the end of the 85 long arm of the lever C and retain it stationary, as required, to hold the belt either on or off either one of the pulleys.

From the foregoing detailed description of the construction and function of each element 90 the unitary action of all the parts and the practical operation of my complete device are

obvious.

I claim as my invention—

1. The combination of the lever A, the rod 95 B, carrying a belt-shifting device, the lever C, and the bracket D, substantially as described, to operate in the manner set forth, for the purposes specified.

2. The bell-crank levers K and K K², con- 10 nected by a rod, L, the vibrating lay N, havof a fixed bracket, H, as shown in Figs. 1 and | ing daggers P, and the lever A, arranged and

combined in a loom, substantially as shown and described, for the purposes stated.

3. The belt-shifting attachment for looms, consisting of the levers A and C and their connecting-rods B and F, the levers G and G² and their connecting-rod J, and the levers K and K K² and their connecting-rod L, sub-