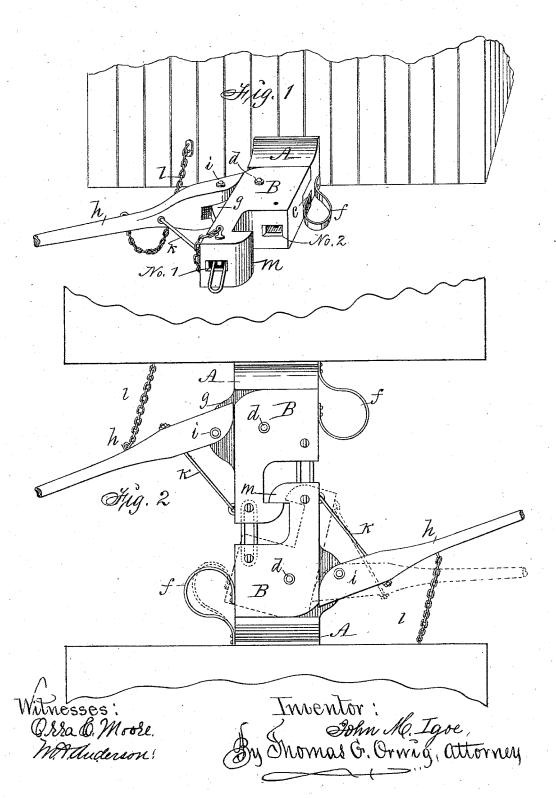
(No Model.)

J. M. IGOE.

CAR COUPLING.

No. 305,929.

Patented Sept. 30, 1884.



UNITED STATES PATENT OFFICE.

JOHN M. IGOE, OF FAIRFIELD, IOWA.

CAR-COUPLING.

SPECIFICATION forming part of Letters Patent No. 305,929, dated September 30, 1884,

Application filed December 31, 1883. (No model.)

To all whom it may concern:

Be it known that I, John M. Igoe, of Fairfield, in the county of Jefferson and State of Iowa, have invented an Improved Car-Coupling, of which the following is a specification.

5 ling, of which the following is a specification.

The object of my invention is to facilitate the coupling and uncoupling of railway-cars, and to prevent the dangers, accidents, and damages to life and property incident to the 10 defective construction and operation of coup-

ling devices heretofore used.

It consists in the construction and combination of a jointed draw-head, a spring, and a compound lever with a car, as hereinafter 15 fully set forth, in such a manner that cars provided with my coupling will be automatically coupled whenever they come together on a track, regardless of a varying elevation of the two approaching draw-heads, in such a 20 manner that when a car jumps from the track or falls through a bridge it will be instantly by such a movement detached from a contignous car or cars in a train; also in such a manner that any two cars in a train can be readily 25 uncoupled by means of my compound lever without going between the cars; and also in such a manner that my coupling can be readily used, in combination with a draw-head of common form, to couple cars by means of common open links and straight pins.

Heretofore hooks have been combined with draw-heads and springs attached in such a manner that the springs would in their normal condition hold two operlapping hooks encored but my manner of forming jointed.

35 gaged; but my manner of forming jointed draw-heads that can be coupled with or without links is novel and greatly advantageous.

Figure 1 of my accompanying drawings is a perspective view of one of my couplings attached to a car. Fig. 2 is a top view showing two coupled together.

Together these figures clearly illustrate the construction, application, and operation of my

complete invention.

A represents a draw-head fitted and secured to a car by means of screw-bolts, or in any suitable way. B is a hinged section at its front and

c is a tongue or tenon formed on the front of end of the body of the draw head to enter a corresponding slot or mortise in the rear end of the hinged section.

disaheavy wrought-metal bolt passed downward through perforations in the section B and the tenon c to hinge the two parts together. The front end of the tenon c and the rear ends of the bifurcated section B are rounded off at one of their sides and made square on their opposite sides, so as to allow the hinged section to turn laterally in only one 60 direction

f is a steel plate spring fixed against the side of the draw-head in such a manner that it will in its normal condition press against the rear end of the hinged section B, and re- 65 tain it in a straight line with the fixed draw-

head

g is a lateral extension formed on or fixed to the edge of the tenon c, on the opposite side of the draw-head relative to the spring f, for 70 the purpose of supporting the fulcrum-pin of

my compound lever.

h is a hand-lever bifurcated at its inner end and short arm to fit over the lateral extension or bearing g, to which it is pivoted by means 75 of a bolt, i. The end of the lever thus pivoted is an eccentric that engages the rear end of the hinged section B, and thus becomes a lever of the first order, by means of which the force of the spring f can be overcome, and the 80 hinged section turned laterally and brought into an angling position relative to the fixed draw-head and car.

k is a rod fixed to the front end of the hinged section, and adjustably connected with the lever h by means of a screw-thread and nuts, in such a manner that the said hand-lever h becomes a lever of the second order adapted to act upon the front end of the hinged section, at the same time that it acts as a lever of the 90 first order upon the rear end of the same hinged section.

l is a chain attached to the long arm of the compound lever hk, for the purpose of retaining the lever h, the spring f, and the hinged 95 section B in an abnormal position, as required to prevent a car from being coupled.

m is a hook formed on the front end of the hinged section B in such a manner that it will extend laterally to engage a corresponding 100

hook, as shown in Fig. 2.

No. 1 is a cavity in the front face of the hook m, adapted to receive a common open link that can readily be detachably connected

by means of a pin passed downward through a perforation that intersects the cavity. No. 2 is a similar cavity in the front face of the

hinged section B.

In the practical operation of my invention, when the front faces of the hooks m are pressed together, they will act reciprocally in pressing each other laterally in opposite directions so as to pass each other; and the instant they no have passed each other the springs f will cause

have passed each other the springs f will cause them to resume their normal positions relative to the cars and draw-heads, and thereby interlock and couple the cars together.

To uncouple I simply step to the side of the 15 track and seize one of the compound levers h h, and press the long arm of the lever rearward relative to the draw-head and car.

I claim as my invention-

A jointed draw-head consisting of a body,
 A, and the hinged section B, having a hook,
 m, at its front end, and link-cavities Nos. 1 and

2, substantially as shown and described, for the purpose specified.

2. The draw-head A, the hinged section B, having a hook, m, the spring f, and a lever, 25 h, and link-cavities Nos. 1 and 2, arranged and combined, substantially as shown and described, to operate in the manner set forth, for

the purposes specified.

3. The improved automatic car-coupling 30 consisting of the draw head or bar A, having a link-cavity, the hinged section B, having a hook at its front end, and also a link-cavity, the spring f, and the compound lever h k, substantially as shown and described, and adapted 35 to operate in the manner set forth, for the purposes specified.

JOHN M. IGOE.

Witnesses:

CHAS. P. SIPPEL, VAN M. THOMAS.