

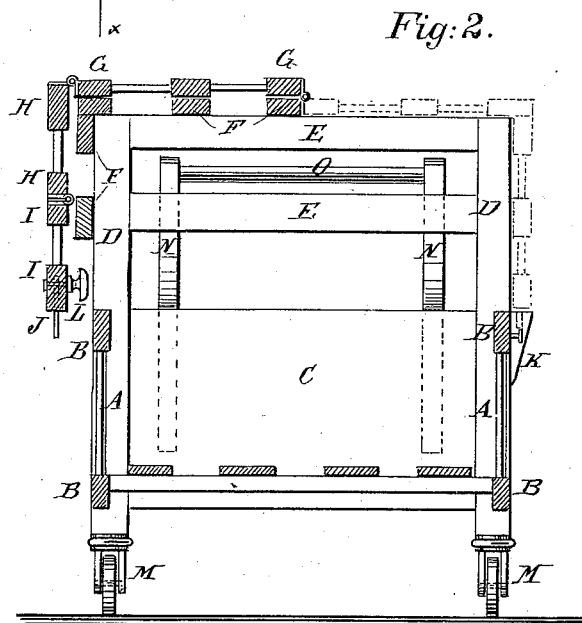
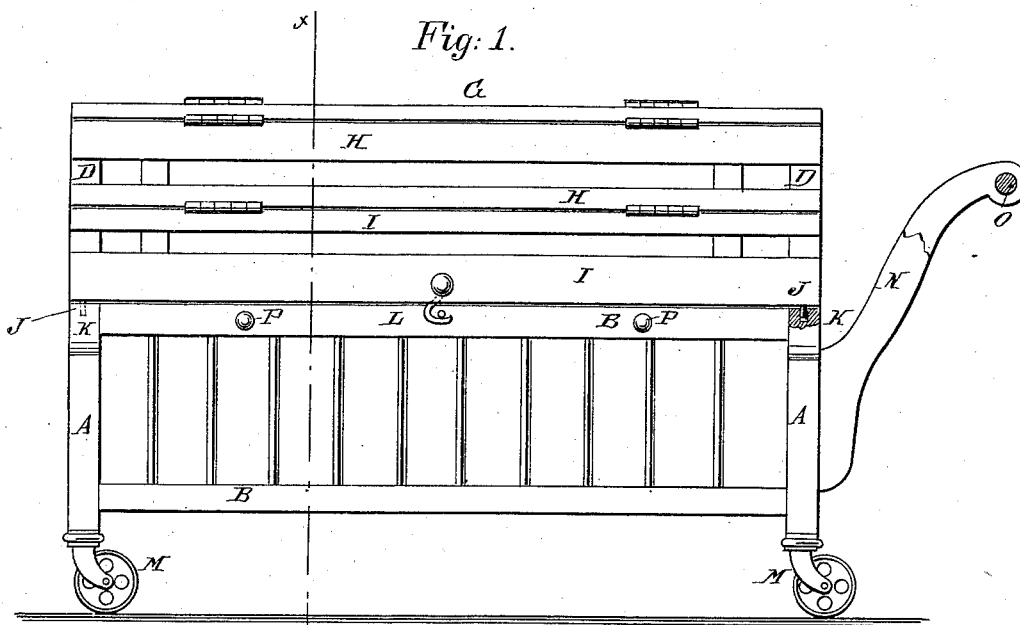
(No Model.)

C. P. ALLENDER.

CRIB.

No. 307,251.

Patented Oct. 28, 1884.



WITNESSES:

*Chas Nida*  
*C. Sedgwick*

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# UNITED STATES PATENT OFFICE.

CHARLOTTE P. ALLENDER, OF CUBA, NEW YORK.

## CRIB.

SPECIFICATION forming part of Letters Patent No. 307,251, dated October 28, 1884.

Application filed January 12, 1884. (No model.)

*To all whom it may concern:*

Be it known that I, CHARLOTTE PALMER ALLENDER, of Cuba, in the county of Allegany and State of New York, have invented certain new and useful Improvements in Children's Cribs, of which the following is a full, clear, and exact description.

Reference is to be had to the accompanying drawings, forming part of this specification, in which similar letters of reference indicate corresponding parts in both the figures.

Figure 1 is a side elevation of my improvement. Fig. 2 is a sectional end elevation of the same, taken through the line *xx*, Fig. 1.

The object of this invention is to prevent children from falling out of cribs, and also to allow the crib to be readily moved from place to place.

The invention consists in a child's crib constructed with upward extensions of its corner-posts provided with cross-bars, longitudinal bars, and hinged rack-sections, whereby a child is prevented from climbing or falling out of the crib. The crib is mounted upon casters, wheels and is provided with handles, so that it can be readily moved from place to place, as will be hereinafter fully described.

A represents the corner-posts of the crib, to which are attached sides B and ends C in the ordinary manner. The posts A are made with upward extensions D, which are connected at the ends of the crib by cross-bars E.

To the rear posts D and the rear halves of the top cross-bars, E, are attached longitudinal bars F. The forward parts of the top cross-bars, E, and the front posts D are provided with rack-sections G H I, formed of bars connected by short cross bars or rods, and which are hinged to each other and to the

inner bar F, so that one, two, or more sections can be turned back to give access to the crib when desired.

To the lower corners of the outer section, I, are attached dowel-pins J, to enter holes in blocks K, attached to the posts D, to prevent the said section from swinging outward. The section I is fastened down by a hook, L, or other suitable means.

To the lower ends of the posts A are attached castor-wheels M, so that the crib can be readily moved from place to place.

To one end C of the crib are attached the lower ends of handles N, which extend upward and are curved outward, as shown in Fig. 1. The outer ends of the handles N are connected by a round, O, as shown in Figs. 1 and 2.

With this construction the crib can be readily moved from place to place, and can be used as a perambulator, if desired. With this construction, also, the child cannot climb or fall out of the crib and be injured if left alone.

Knobs P or other handles can be attached to the hinged lower section, I, for convenience in opening and closing the rack-sections.

Having thus described my invention, what I claim as new, and desire to secure by Letters Patent, is—

A crib having the posts A, provided with the upward extensions D, the cross-bars E, the longitudinal bars F, and the hinged rack-sections G H I, substantially as herein shown and described, whereby the child is prevented from climbing or falling out of the crib, as set forth.

CHARLOTTE P. ALLENDER.

Witnesses:

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