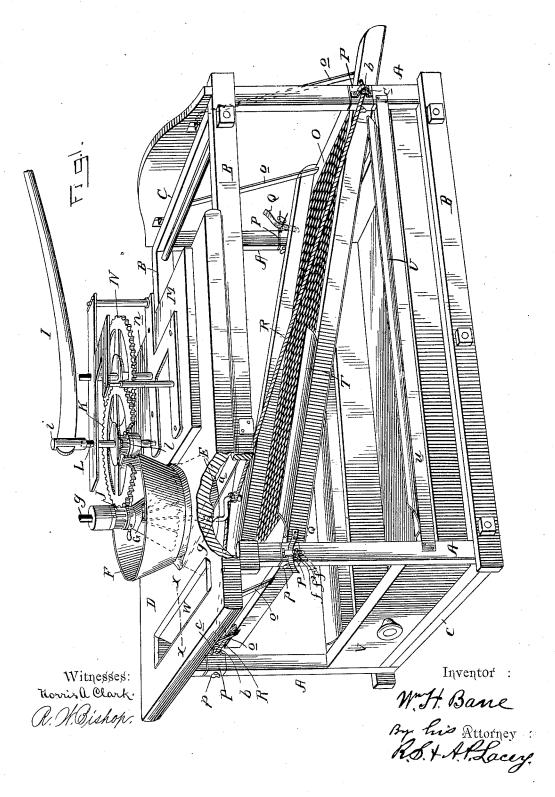
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SCREENING OR BOLTING MACHINE.

No. 342,166.

Patented May 18, 1886.

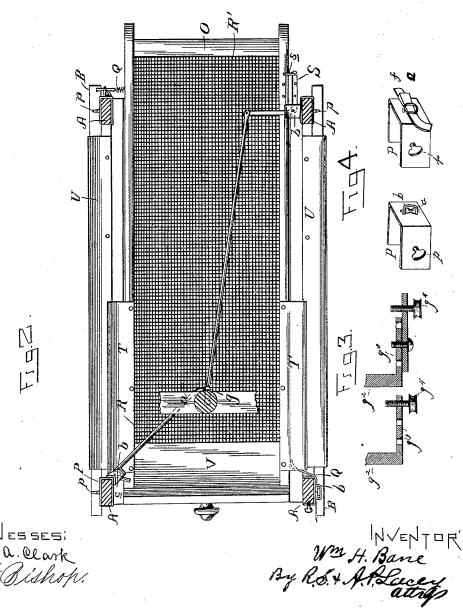


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United States Patent Office.

WILLIAM HENRY BANE, OF GALLIPOLIS, OHIO.

SCREENING OR BOLTING MACHINE.

SPECIFICATION forming part of Letters Patent No. 342,166, dated May 18, 1886.

Application filed December 18, 1885. Serial No. 186,071. (No model.)

To all whom it may concern:

Beit known that I, WILLIAM HENRY BANE, a citizen of the United States, residing at Gallipolis, in the county of Gallia and State of 5 Ohio, have invented certain new and useful Improvements in Screening or Bolting Machines; and I do declare the following to be a full, clear, and exact description of the invention, such as will enable others skilled in the 10 art to which it appertains to make and use the same, reference being had to the accompanying drawings, and to the letters and figures of reference marked theron, which form a part of this specification.

My invention relates to screening or bolt-

ing machines.

It consists in the details of construction shown and more fully hereinafter set forth and

In the drawings, Figure 1 is a perspective view of a machine constructed according to my invention, parts being broken away to better show the structure. Fig. 2 is a plan view with the top and grinding-mill and gear-25 ing removed, showing modifications in details of construction. Fig. 3 is a detail section of the lower end of the cone-shaft, showing the wrist - pin adjustably connected therewith. Fig. 4 is a detail perspective view of the cast-30 ings on an enlarged scale.

The frame of the machine comprises posts A, upper and lower side and end bars, B and C, respectively, and the table D. A mill of the cone and shell type is supported on one 35 end of the table in the usual manner, and driven by a train of gearing, the shafts of which project to afford a means for the application of a lever, I, having a socket casting, i, to fit the ends of the several shafts g, L, and n, pro-40 vided with the intermeshing gearing J, K, l, and N, respectively, whereby power or speed may be had, as occasion may require.

The shell E, hopper F, cone G, and the cone-

bearing support e are of well-known construc-45 tion, and are shown to illustrate the application of my improvements. Shaft g may be an integral part of or separate and keyed to the cone. Its lower end is provided with a crankarm, g^3 , having a wrist-pin, g^4 , adjustably con-50 nected therewith. A shaking screen, O, is suspended beneath the table D by hangers o,

of rubber, leather, chains, or similar flexible material. Three-sided castings, P, are adjustably connected to the corner-posts by setscrews p. Each of the castings is provided 55 with a staple or keeper, b. The castings on a pair of diagonally-arranged posts have each a pulley, c, vertically journaled in its keeper b, over which passes a cord or rope, R, having its ends attached to diagonally-opposite cor- 60 ners of the screen, said cord being in connection with and operated by the wrist-pin g^4 on the crank arm of the cone-shaft. Elastic connections, Q, secured at one end to the other diagonally-opposite corner of the screen have 65 the remaining ends adjustably connected with the castings on the second pair of diagonallyopposite posts, substantially in the manner shown, the form preferred being shown in Fig. 4, in which the end of the elastic con-70 nection is adjustably secured between the casting and a wedge of incented bear of the casting and a wedge ing and a wedge, f', inserted beneath the keeper b. The elastic connections Q may be rubber or coil-spring, as desired.

The operation is manifest. Motion being 75 imparted to the cone the crank on the end of its shaft will alternately pull and slacken that portion of the cord extending in opposite directions on each side thereof in such manner as to cause a side to side and up-and-down 80motion of the screen. The cord pulls against the elastic connections Q, and, when slackened, the tension of said connections gives the necessary backward pull to return the screen to its normal position. That portion of the rope 85 to the right of the crank may be dispensed with and its place filled by a bell-crank lever, S, and connections R' s, as shown in Fig. 2. An upwardly-curved guard, T, is attached to each side of the screen, to prevent the ground 90 material from dropping to the ground. Similar guards, U, are attached to side bars, u, and cause all the material falling from the screen to drop into a drawer or box, V, placed beneath the screen for the reception of such 95

material.

A hopper, w, near the front end of the machine, communicating with the lower portion of the shell, is designed to supply small grain when it is desired to make oat-meal grits, 100 cracked wheat, &c.

Having thus described my invention, what I

claim, and desire to secure by Letters Patent, | nally-opposite corners of the screen, and keep-

In a bolting machine, the combination of a rectangular frame, a crank-shaft, a rectangu-5 lar screen, flexible supports therefor, castings adjustably connected with the four cornerposts of the frame, adjustable elastic connections between the screen and the castings on two diagonally opposite posts, connections no uniting the crank-shaft with the other diago-

ers on the adjacent eastings for guiding said screen, substantially as shown and described.

In testimony whereof I affix my signature in presence of two witnesses.

WILLIAM HENRY BANE.

Witnesses:

F. F. THORNILEY, A. S. ROUDANNOUR.