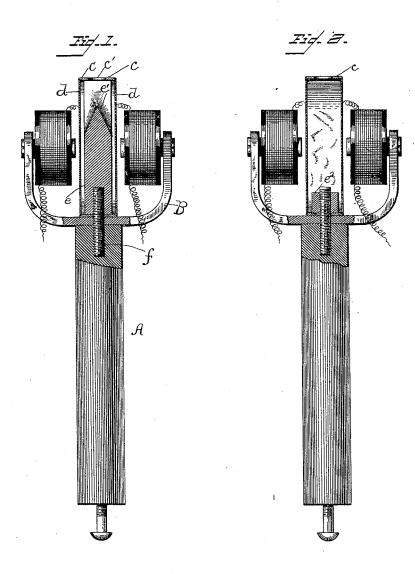
(No Model.)

W. C. TURNBULL.

TELEPHONE RECEIVER.

No. 344,333.

Patented June 22, 1886.



Mitnesses

Inventor W. J. Jumbull By his attorneys Paldini Holding Floto

UNITED STATES PATENT OFFICE.

WILLIAM C. TURNBULL, OF BALTIMORE, MARYLAND.

TELEPHONE-RECEIVER.

SPECIFICATION forming part of Letters Patent No. 344,333, dated June 22, 1886,

Application filed February 26, 1886. Serial No. 193,348. (No model.)

To all whom it may concern:

Be it known that I, WILLIAM C. TURNBULL, of Baltimore, in the State of Maryland, have invented an Improved Telephone-Receiver, of which the following is a specification.

The object of my invention is to produce a telephone-receiver which will clearly and distinctly reproduce transmitted speech or significant the control of t

nals with improved effect.

In the accompanying drawings, Figure 1 is a view, partly in section, with the easing removed, of so much of the instrument as is necessary to illustrate my invention; and Fig. 2 is a similar view.

A represents a bar magnet, which is to be arranged in the handle of the case of the instrument. On the end of this magnet is secured a soft-iron or magnetic pole-piece, B, having upright ends on which ordinary cores and electric bobbins are mounted, the ends being sufficiently far apart to permit of the arrangement between the cores of a drum, C, carrying two magnetic vibrating drum-heads,

plates, or disks, d, upon which the cores respectively act. The drum C may be formed of a metal rim, c, in the outer edges of which the vibrating plates or disks d are respectively mounted in any suitable way. This drum may be formed with a solid center of

30 hard rubber, vulcanized fiber, wood, or other suitable material, e, which is slightly narrower than the surrounding metallic band e, so as to leave vocalizing chambers between the inner faces of the disks or plates and the sides of the 35 block. The entire drum may be secured in

place by a screw, f, which screws into the handle-magnet A and into the solid core or filling e of the drum, as clearly shown in Fig. 1.

In this form of instrument the core e is cut away on each side, as shown at e', so as to 40 form sound passages which lead from the vocalizing chamber on each side of the drum to a sound-aperture, e', in the periphery of the drum, which is to be arranged opposite the opening in the casing. The instrument shown 4 in Fig. 2 is of substantially similar construction, except that instead of making the drum with a core or filling the drum may be hollow, a post, e^2 , being provided therein for the reception of the screw which fastens the drum to 5 the handle-magnet.

I am aware of the patent of Waite, No. 298,924, and the patent of Gray, No. 204,029, and I make no claim to the construction shown

therein.

I claim as my invention—

1. The combination of a magnet, A, a polepiece secured thereon having two upright portions, a core and bobbin on each end thereof, a drum arranged between said cores, and a vibrating plate on each face of the drum in suitable proximity to one of said cores.

2. The combination of a hollow drum formed of a rim, c, of metal or other suitable material, a vibrating plate which forms each side thereof, and a coil and core arranged in suitable proximity to each vibrating plate, but not in contact therewith.

In testimony whereof I have hereunto subscribed my name.

WILLIAM C. TURNBULL.

Witnesses:
GEO. McCaffray,
E. C. Davidson.