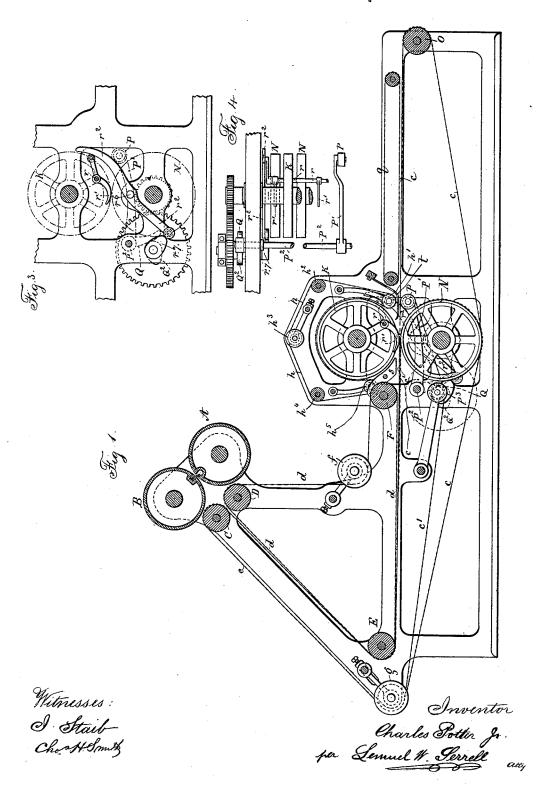
C. POTTER, Jr.

SHEET DELIVERY APPARATUS FOR PRINTING MACHINES.

No. 344,497.

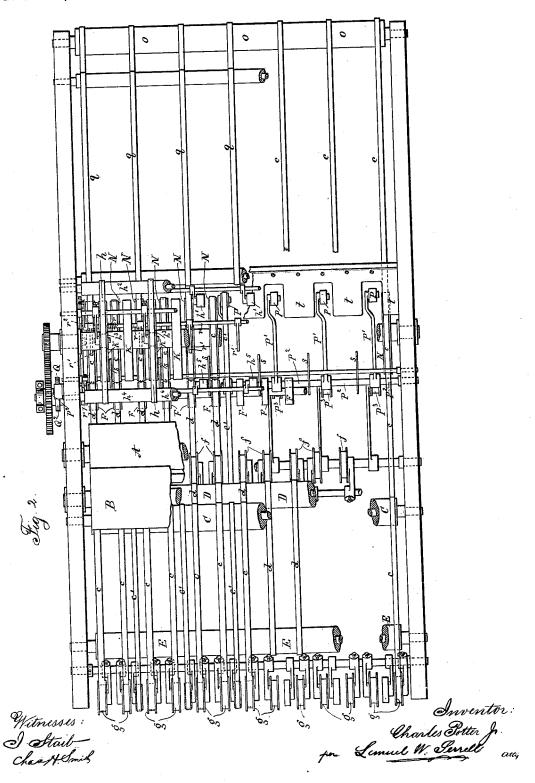
Patented June 29, 1886.



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United States Patent Office.

CHARLES POTTER, JR., OF PLAINFIELD, NEW JERSEY.

SHEET-DELIVERY APPARATUS FOR PRINTING-MACHINES.

SPECIFICATION forming part of Letters Patent No. 344,497, dated June 29, 1886.

Application filed October 26, 1885. Serial No. 180,917. (No model.)

To all whom it may concern:

Be it known that I, CHARLES POTTER, Jr., of Plainfield, in the county of Union and State of New Jersey, have invented an Improvement in Sheet-Delivery Apparatus for Printing-Machines, of which the following is a specifica-

Printed sheets have heretofore been delivered from a printing-press and one sheet laid 10 upon or beneath another sheet and the two sheets delivered to a folding-machine; but difficulty has arisen in obtaining a perfect register of one sheet upon the other and in preventing the sheet or sheets remaining upon the 15 imposing cylinder instead of being discharged at the proper moment.

The object of my present invention is to lay one sheet upon the other and to pass said sheets to the folding mechanism. This I ac-20 complish in a very reliable manner by passing one sheet around a cylinder by endless tapes and then imposing such sheet upon the second sheet and passing the two to the folding-machine.

In the drawings, Figure 1 is a vertical section illustrating my improvement. Fig. 2 is a plan of the same, some of the upper parts being removed in a portion of the figure to show the lower parts. Fig. 3 is a diagram of the 30 cams for moving the lifters and pushers, and Fig. 4 is a plan view of these same parts.

A Brepresent the cutting cylinders, between which the web of printed paper from any ordinary printing-press passes.

c d represent endless belts passing around the rollers C D, beneath the roller E, and the belts d pass around the pulleys F, and at f are tightener-pulleys for the belt d, and at g are tightener-pulleys for the belt c. The distance 40 between the cutting cylinders A B and the roller E is slightly greater than the length of the sheet, and these belts c d are speeded to travel faster than the web of paper passing between the cutting-cylinders A B; hence the 45 sheets of paper will be pulled apart successively, when the advancing end of the sheet is firmly grasped by the belts as they pass around the roller E, and the sheets of paper are carried along between the belts \hat{c} d to the lap-50 ping-cylinder K. This imposing or lapping cylinder K is composed of numerous pulleys placed side by side on the same shaft, having

of this imposing-cylinder is as great as the length of the sheet with the distance between 55 one sheet and the next added, so that if the advancing end of one sheet is directed up to this imposing cylinder and carried around with the same, the advancing end of the first sheet will coincide with the advancing end of 60 the second sheet, and this second sheet may be directed upon and carried around this imposing cylinder. In this way two, three, or more sheets can be laid upon each other as they are passed around this imposing cylin- 65 der, and when the sheets are discharged from this imposing cylinder they are carried by belts or tapes to the delivery or folding devices. The advancing ends of the alternate sheets are to be directed to this imposing cyl-70 inder by any suitable mechanism, and the sheet that is carried up and over the imposing-cylinder is caused to lie flat upon the second sheet by the advancing end of the sheet being forced away from such imposing cylin- 75 der, and the two sheets are passed in between delivery-tapes that lead them to the folding devices.

As before stated, the imposing-cylinder is composed of a series of pulleys, and there is 80 to each pulley an endless belt or tape, h, resting against the upper surface of such pulley and passing around the guide-rollers $h' h^2 h^3 h^4$ One roller, h3, in each range of guiderollers is for tightening the belt, such tight- 85 ener being upon the end of an arm supported by a shaft and capable of being swung thereon in tightening such belt, as usual in belt-tight-

Beneath the imposing-cylinder K is a second 90 cylinder, N, also composed of a range of pulleys; but these pulleys are placed so that they do not correspond to the pulleys on the lapping-cylinder, but are intermediate to the same. The belts e correspond in their posi- 95 tions with the pulleys on this cylinder N, so that each of the belts c passes over one of these pulleys; but one belt is passed down and around such pulley, and the next belt extends along over such pulley N to and passes around 100 the roller o, thence back beneath the pulley in the cylinder N, the object of this arrangement of the belts being to provide a traveling table to convey the sheets to the imposing-cylinder, and then to carry the sheets as laid 105 between them spaces, and the circumference one upon the other from the imposing-cylin-

will now be understood that if the advancing end of one sheet is raised up, so as to bend the same to the curvature of the imposing-cylin-5 der, such sheet will be run in between the pulleys of the imposing-cylinder K and the belts h, that are over the same. This I accomplish by means of lifters composed of the pulley P upon the ends of the arms P', which arms 10 extend out from the rock-shaft P². These pulleys P are in line with the pulleys of the imposing-cylinder K, so that when the rock-shaft is moved and the pulley raised the advancing end of the sheet is turned upward, pressed 15 against and moved with the imposing-cylinder. These lifting-pulleys P alone might be made use of; but I prefer to employ the tapes c', that pass around the roller C and down beneath the roller E, thence over the lifter-20 pulley P, and down beneath the guide-pulley P^3 , and back below the tightener q. The belts or tapes e' between the rollers are in the same plane as the belts c, and are between such belts; hence the sheet as its rests upon and is brought 25 along by the belts to the imposing cylinder is carried by the belts c', and said belts and the pulleys P when raised lift the sheet and it is carried up by and upon the imposing cylinder, as before described. The mechanism for giving motion to the rock-shaft and the lifter-pulleys P may be of any desired character. I have shown the arm Q and cam Q2 for the purpose. If the delivery apparatus is to deliver two sheets together, the 35 cam Q2 will revolve once to every two revolutions of the imposing-cylinder. If three sheets are to be delivered at once, the cam Q² will be rotated once for each three revolutions of the imposing-cylinder. It is necessary to guide 40 the advancing end of the sheet as it is passing down to lie upon the second sheet. For this purpose segmental guide-plates s are inserted between the pulleys F and h^5 . The sheets, as they pass along to the imposing cyl-45 inder, go under the lower ends of these guideplates. There is a shaft, r, passing through holes in the respective pulleys of the imposing-cylinder, and upon this shaft are pushingfingers r' between such pulleys. A spring is 50 made use of to partially rotate the shaft r, and turn the fingers toward the axis of the imposing cylinder, and at the end of the shaft r is a crank-arm that passes into contact with a cam, r^2 , to give to the shaft r a partial rotation, and forces down the fingers. The cam r^2 is movable, as now described. The cam r^2 is shown as pivoted at r^{ϵ} , and acted upon by a revolving cam, r^7 , so as to bring the cam r^2 into the path of the arm upon the shaft r60 whenever the fingers r' are to be acted upon to press down the advancing end of the sheet. The parts are made in such a manner that these fingers act upon the advancing end of the sheet or sheets around the lapping-cylin-65 der, so as to force the advancing end of said sheet or sheets down upon the next sheet that lies upon the tapes, causing said sheet or

der to the delivery or folding apparatus. It |

sheets to pass off horizontally between the tapes c and q, to the folding or other receiving apparatus, which being of any ordinary character is not represented in the drawings or described herein. Segmental guide-plates t or fingers are, by preference, introduced between the pulleys or rollers h' and tapes c, so that the advancing end of the sheet, as it is carried 75 up and around the lapping-cylinder, passes over the edges of these guide-plates t, and the two or more sheets laid together pass along beneath these guide plates t, as they are conveyed away by the tapes. It will now be ap- 80 parent that the movements given to the sheets are of the most positive and reliable character, and there is no risk of the sheets failing to register properly at their margins when the parts have been properly adjusted, because 85 the tapes c' are lifted by the pulleys P, and lie upon the surfaces of the imposing cylinder pulleys, and the sheet is carried directly up by such belts, and then held to the pulleys of the imposing cylinder by the belts h, while 90being carried up and around such imposingcylinder, and the delivery of the sheet is rendered equally positive by the action of the pushing-fingers.

I claim as my invention—

1. The lapping-cylinder and the pulleys and belts passing around and above the same, in combination with a cylinder, N, of pulleys below the lapping-cylinder, and lifter-rollers D, cutting-cylinders, and accelerated belts or tapes c and d, for separating and feeding the sheets, some of the belts c passing around the cylinder N, others around the lifter-rollers, and others passing over and beyond the cylinder N, to convey away the sheets after being lapped or imposed, substantially as specified.

2. The combination, with the cutting-cylinders and the ranges c and d, of accelerated belts or tapes for conveying away and separating the sheets, of the lapping-cylinder composed of a range of pulleys, endless belts for such pulleys, and guide-rollers for the same, a cylinder beneath the lapping-cylinder composed of a range of pulleys, around 115 which the belts c pass, lifters between the pulleys of the lower cylinder, and mechanism, substantially as specified, for acting upon such lifters to raise the alternate ends of the advancing sheets, substantially as set forth.

3. The combination, with the lapping-cylinder and the guide-rollers and endless tapes around and above the lapping-cylinder, of the cylinder N, composed of a range of pulleys, the accelerated feeding-belts passing around 125 such pulleys, lifter-rollers and arms for the same, and belts passing around the lifter-rollers, substantially as set forth.

Signed by me this 19th day of October, A. D. 1885.

CHARLES POTTER, JR.

Witnesses:

D. E. TITSWORTH, J. M. TITSWORTH.