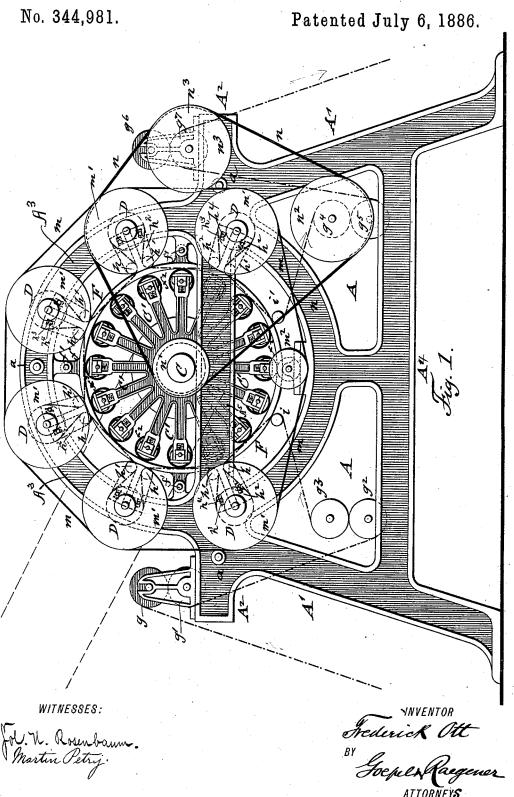
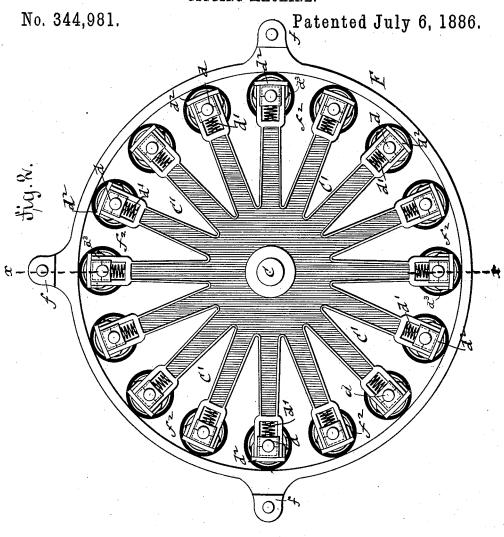
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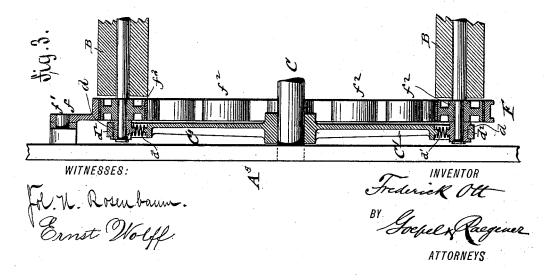
GIGGING MACHINE.



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## United States Patent Office.

## FREDERICK OTT, OF PHILADELPHIA, PENNSYLVANIA.

## GIGGING-MACHINE.

CEECIFICATION forming part of Letters Patent No. 344,981, dated July 6, 1886.

Application filed September 26, 1885. Serial No. 178,238. (No model.)

To all whom it may concern:

Be it known that I, FREDERICK OTT, of Philadelphia, in the county of Philadelphia and State of Pennsylvania, have invented certain new and useful Improvements in Gigging-Machines, of which the following is a specifi-

This invention has reference to improvements in that class of machines by which a 10 uniform nap is produced on woolen or cotton fabrics, as will be more fully described hereinafter, and finally pointed out in the claims.

In the accompanying drawings, Figure 1 represents a side elevation of my improved gigging machine with the carding-rolls removed. Fig. 2 is a side view of the driving mechanism of the carding-rolls, drawn on a larger scale, and also with the carding-rolls removed. Fig. 3 is a vertical transverse section 20 on line x x, Fig. 2, showing portions of the carding rolls.

Similar letters of reference indicate corre-

sponding parts. Referring to the drawings, A represents a 25 side frame of this improved gigging-machine, the two similar frames at opposite sides of the machine being connected by  $\bar{b}$  oltrods a. Each of these frames comprises the standards A', which are connected by cross-bars A4 and A5, 30 and provided with brackets A2, and a ring, A3, supported by said standards and crossbars. A ring-shaped frame, F, is rigidly attached by means of lugs f and bolts f' to the frames A. Centrally to the ring-shaped frames 35 F F is supported in bearings of the cross-bars A<sup>5</sup> and rings A<sup>3</sup> a driving shaft, C, to the ends of which are keyed spider frames having radial arms C'. The ends of the radial arms C' are forked and provided with journal-bear-40 ings dd, for the journals of a series of cardingrolls, B B, which are arranged in the form of a cylinder around the center shaft, C. The journal-bearings d d are cushioned by spiral springs d' d' and forced toward U shaped

45 straps  $d^2$   $d^2$ , attached to the outer ends of the forked arms. To the journals of the cardingrolls B B are keyed, adjoining to the bearings d d, friction-pulleys f<sup>2</sup>, which are covered with rubber and revolved in contact with the inner 50 surfaces of the ring-frames F F.

The end straps,  $d^2 d^2$ , of the arms C' C' are

or in any other manner, so that the journalbearings d d can be removed for repair in

case they are worn out by use.

Rotary motion is imparted to the drivingshaft C by a belt and pulleys from a suitable power-shaft, whereby the carding-rolls are revolved by the driving-arms around the shaft and simultaneously rotated on their axes by the 60 frictional contact of their pulleys  $f^2$   $f^2$  with the ring-frames F. When heavy goods have to be napped, pinions have to be used in place of the friction-pulleys, which pinions mesh with an interior gearing of the ring frames F. 65 The carding-rolls B are covered with the usual

cards or teasels employed in gigging-machines.

The standards A' are provided at opposite ends with horizontal brackets A<sup>2</sup>, on which are supported journal-bearings for a set of 70 guide-rolls, g g', and a set of feed-rolls, g g'. At the lower part of the frame A are arranged symmetrically to the axis of the frame, at one side, a pair of guide-rolls,  $g^2$   $g^3$ , and at the other side a set of feed-rolls,  $g^4$   $g^5$ . A number 75 of feed-rolls, D D, are supported in bearings of the rings A<sup>3</sup> outside of the carding-rolls. Between each feed-roll and the carding-rolls and close to the latter is arranged a pair of stretching-rods, h h', which are supported in 80 radial arms  $h^2$   $h^2$  of the standards A' A' and adjusted thereon by slots h3 and clampingscrews  $h^4$ , as shown in dotted lines in Fig. 1, so that the cloth to be napped can be adjusted

accurately to the carding-rolls.

The cloth to be napped is passed over and between the left-hand set of guide-rolls, g g', conducted over and between the left-hand set of rolls,  $g^2$   $g^3$ , at the lower part of the frame A, then over a fixed guide-rod, i, to the stretch- 90 ing-rod h of the first feed-roll D, then over the latter and the second rod, h', to the stretching rod h of the next feed roll, and so on over all the feed-rolls and their stretching rods to a rod, i', arranged symmetrically to the rod i, 95 then over and between the lower right-hand pair of feed-rolls,  $g^{\dagger}$   $g^{5}$ , and the pair of feed-rolls  $g^{6}$   $g^{7}$  to the winding-up roll, as indicated by arrows in Fig. 1.

The cloth to be napped is slowly fed for- 100 ward through the machine and over the carding-rolls by the feed-rolls D D, to which axially-rotating motion is imparted by an enddetachable by being held in place by screws  $d^3$ , | less belt, m, that passes over pulleys m' at one

end of the shafts of the feed rolls D, and a tension-pulley,  $m^2$ , and by a second belt, n, which passes over a pulley, n', on the driving-shaft C, and over a pulley, m', of one of the feed-rolls, and over pulleys  $n^2$   $n^2$  on the shafts of the right-hand rolls,  $g^4$  and  $g^7$ , respectively, as shown in Fig. 1.

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The belts m and n impart rotary motion to the feed-rolls D and to the rolls  $g^4$   $g^5$  and  $g^6$  of at the right-hand end of the machine. The cloth is held by the stretching-rods h h' tangentially to the carding-rolls, so that by its gradual forward motion and the revolving and axially-rotating motion of the carding-rolls the face of the same is napped throughout in a reliable, uniform, and effective manner. Every part thereof is attached by the teasels of the carding-rolls, as they act over and over again on the surface of the cloth.

The advantages of my improved gigging-machine are, first, simplicity of construction and comparatively small cost of the same; second, by accomplishing the carding operation by a series of individual rolls a uniform nap is imparted to the fabric, which is gradually raised by the action of the carding-rolls, so that light cotton and woolen fabrics can be successfully and uniformly napped; third, that owing to the frictional contact of the rubber-covered pulleys a smooth and regular motion is imparted to the carding-rolls, so that no injurious influence is exerted on the fabric.

Having thus described my invention, I claim as new and desire to secure by Letters Patent—

1. Ring-shaped frames, a shaft supported centrally therein, spider-frames on said shaft, carding-rolls journaled in the arms of said spider-frames and arranged in the form of a ring concentric with said ring-shaped frames, and means for imparting axial rotation to said rolls, in combination with rotary feed-rolls ar-

ranged around the outside of the ring of carding-rolls, means for actuating said feed-rolls, and stretching-rods between the feed-rolls and carding-rolls, substantially as described.

2. Ring-shaped frames, a shaft supported centrally therein, spider-frames on said shaft, carding-rolls supported in the arms of said spider-frames and arranged in the form of a ring concentric with said ring-shaped frames, so and means for imparting axial rotation to said rolls, in combination with rotary feed-rolls arranged around the outside of the ring of carding-rolls, means for actuating said feed-rolls, stretching-rods between the feed-rolls and the carding-rolls, and mechanism for adjusting said stretching-rods toward or from the centers of said feed-rolls, substantially as described.

3. Ring-shaped frames, a shaft supported 60 centrally therein, spider-frames on said shaft, carding rolls journaled in the arms of said spider-frames and arranged in the form of a ring concentric with said ring-shaped frames, and means for imparting axial rotation to said 65 rolls, in combination with rotary feed-rolls arranged around the outside of the ring of carding-rolls, mechanism for actuating said feedrolls, stretching-rods between the feed-rolls and the carding-rolls, slotted arms, in the inner ends 70 of which said stretching rods are journaled, and screws passing through the slots therein and into said ring-frames, whereby said frames are rendered longitudinally adjustable, substantially as described.

In testimony that I claim the foregoing as my invention I have signed my name in presence of two subscribing witnesses.

FRED. OTT.

Witnesses:

SIDNEY MANN, MARTIN PETRY.