J. C. F. W. DIESTEL.

TILL LOCK.

No. 345,125.

Fig. 1. Patented July 6, 1886.

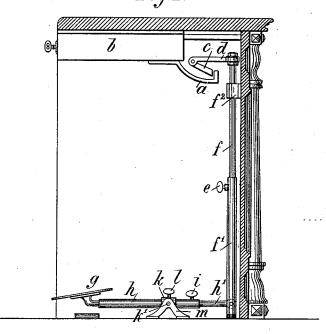


Fig. 2.

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Witnesses:

C.S. Beer, H.W.G. Jenner. Inventor. Johnn Carl Friedrich Wilhelm Diestel.

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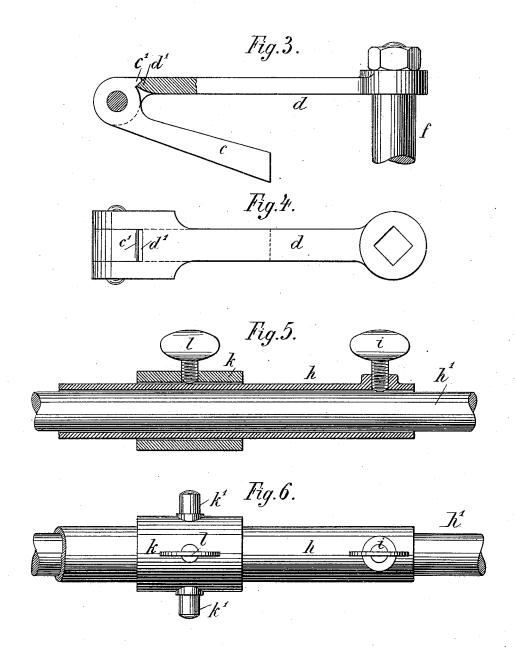
Atty's,

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Witnesses;

C.S. Belv. H.W.J. Jenner Inventor. Johann Carl Friedrich Wilhelm Diestel. By Caim Lond,

Atty's.

UNITED STATES PATENT OFFICE.

JOHANN CARL FRIEDRICH WILHELM DIESTEL, OF ALTONA, PRUSSIA, GERMANY.

TILL-LOCK.

SPECIFICATION forming part of Letters Patent No. 345,125, dated July 6, 1886.

Application filed May 4, 1886. Serial No. 201,072. (No model.)

To all whom it may concern:

Be it known that I, JOHANN CARL FRIED-RICH WILHELM DIESTEL, a subject of the German Emperor, and a resident of Altona, 5 in the German Empire, have invented certain new and useful Improvements in Till-Locks, of which the following is a specification.

My invention relates to improvements in safety devices for drawers, preferably for shop 10 counters or tables, to prevent them from being opened by thieves; and the object of the improvements is to facilitate the adjusting of such device to any size of counters or tables. I attain this object by the mechanism illus-15 trated in the accompanying drawings, in

Figures 1 and 2 are cross-sections of shopcounters provided with my improved safety device, the first showing the mechanism when 20 arresting the drawer, and the second when the drawer is opened. Figs. 3, 4, 5, and 6 are detailed views of the most important parts.

Similar letters refer to similar parts through-

out the several views.

The drawer b is provided at its hind part with a hook, a, into which engages a pawl, c, pivoted to the arm d. This arm is attached to a vertical rod, ff', guided in suitable supports, f^2 . The rod may be raised by pressing down the treadle g, forming part of the twoarmed lever h h', to the hind arm of which the rod is hinged. The pawl c is arrested by a stop, d', as soon as the noose c' of the pawl rests thereon, thus preventing the latter from 35 surpassing a given inclination, Figs. 3 and 4. When the drawer is pushed rearward, the hook a raises the pawl c until it has passed the hind end of the pawl, which then drops down and engages behind the hook a, thereby

preventing the drawer from being opened. 40 For opening the drawer the pawl c must be raised until the hook a may pass beneath it, whereafter the drawer can be pulled out.

The rod ff', as well as the lever hh', are composed of two pieces each, of which one is hol- 45 low, thus allowing the other one to be adjusted therein. Set-screws c and i serve to fix the inner rods in their proper position, which depends upon the size of the counter or table.

To maintain an equal proportion of the arms 50 of lever h h' by any difference in size of the counter or table, the pivots k' of such lever, which rest in bearings m, are not fixed to the lever, but to a collar, k, which may be displaced on the rod h and arrested in the proper =5position by the set screw l, as shown by Figs.

Having now particularly described and ascertained the nature of my said invention and in what manner the same is to be performed, 60 I declare that what I claim as my invention

1. In safety devices for drawers, the combination of the hook a with the pawl c, arm d, rod f f', and lever h h', substantially as set 65 forth.

2. In safety devices for drawers, the combination of the bearings m with lever hh', collar k, and pivots k', substantially as and for the purpose specified.

In testimony that I claim the foregoing as my invention I have signed my name, in presence of two witnesses, this 5th day of April,

JOHANN CARL FRIEDRICH WILHELM DIESTEL. Witnesses:

> ALEXANDER SPECHT, E. HAASE.