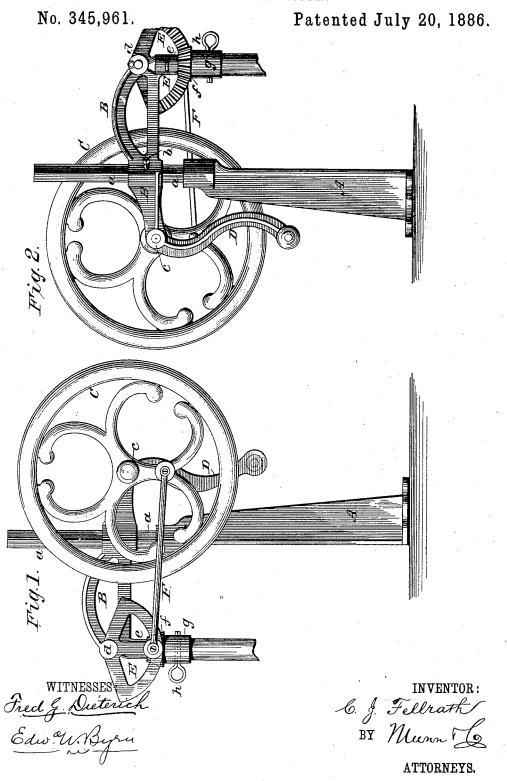
C. J. FELLRATH.

VIBRATING CHURN.



United States Patent Office.

CHARLES JOHN FELLRATH, OF GATESVILLE, TEXAS.

VIBRATING CHURN.

SPECIFICATION forming part of Letters Patent No. 345,961, dated July 20, 1886.

Application filed May 15, 1886. Serial No. 202,318. (No model.)

To all whom it may concern:

Be it known that I, CHARLES JOHN FELL-RATH, of Gatesville, in the county of Coryell and State of Texas, have invented a new and 5 useful Improvement in Churn-Powers, of which

the following is a specification.

My invention relates to a motive power or driving mechanism, designed more especially for operating churns, but applicable also to other uses; and it consists in the peculiar construction and combination of parts, which I will now proceed to describe with reference to the drawings, in which—

Figure 1 is a side elevation from one side, 15 and Fig. 2 is a side elevation from the other

side.

upon.

A represents an iron standard having at its bottom a flanged foot provided with screwholes for fastening it to the floor, and whose upper portion is squared and trued to form a guide and support for the sliding frame B, which has a square hole through the same in vertical direction, which fits upon and slides over the squared portion a of the standard, and which frame is held at different heights

upon said standard by a set-screw, b.

The frame B has upon one side of the standard a journal-bearing, c, at its outer end, and upon the other side of the standard another journal-bearing, d, at its other end. In one of these bearings, c, is arranged a short shaft rigidly attached to a vertical fly-wheel, C, on one side, and to a crank, D, on the other side. In the bearing d at the opposite end of the sliding frame is journaled a short shaft attached to a vertical segmental gear, E, which segmental gear is connected by a pitman-rod, F, with the fly-wheel C. With the horizontal bearing d is cast or formed a vertical bearing, e, just beneath it, which receives a short vertical journal carrying a pinion, f, and a socket, g, for receiving the churn-shaft, which is fastened detachably in said socket by the split key h.

From the herein-described construction it will be seen that as the fly-wheel is revolved by the crank the pitman imparts to the segment an oscillating motion, and this segment meshing with the pinion connected to the churn-shaft socket causes the latter to rotate alternately in opposite directions, thus giving the required motion to the churn-dasher, ice-cream beater, or other object to be operated

In defining my invention with greater clearness, I would state that I do not claim, broadly, the combination of a handle, fly-wheel, pitman, oscillating segment, and pinion on the churn shaft, as such arrangement has been heretofore used, as shown, for instance, in German Patent No. 419, of September 22, 1877.

man Patent No. 419, of September 22, 1877.

My invention is distinctive and possesses advantages in the following features: First, the sliding frame B, bearing the fly-wheel and crank on one side of its supporting standard, and the toothed gears on the other side, causes 65 the one end of the frame to balance the other; secondly, the fly-wheel and toothed segment being arranged in vertical planes, the mechanism is rendered more compact and simple, and may be closely stored against the side of the vall; and, thirdly, the vertical adjustability of the frame B on the standard permits the mechanism to be adapted to churns or freezers of different heights.

Instead of using the part A as a standard, it 75 may be attached to the ceiling or timbers overhead, after the manner of a hanger, and the

frame B reversed.

Having thus described my invention, what I claim as new is—

1. The combination, with the standard A, of the vertically adjustable frame B, having a vertical opening about its middle, with a horizontal journal bearing at one end carrying a vertical fly-wheel and crank, and a horizontal and vertical journal-bearing at the other end, the first carrying a vertical toothed segment, a pitman connecting the fly-wheel and segment, and a pinion and shaft-socket arranged about a vertical axis and deriving motion from the toothed segment, substantially as described.

2. The combination of the standard A, having squared upper end, the sliding balanced frame B, with set-screw b, the crank D, and 95 fly-wheel C, arranged at one end of frame B, the toothed segment E, pitman F, pinion f, and shaft-socket g, substantially as shown and

described.

CHARLES JOHN FELLRATH.

Witnesses:

J. G. BISHOP,

S. BRYANT.