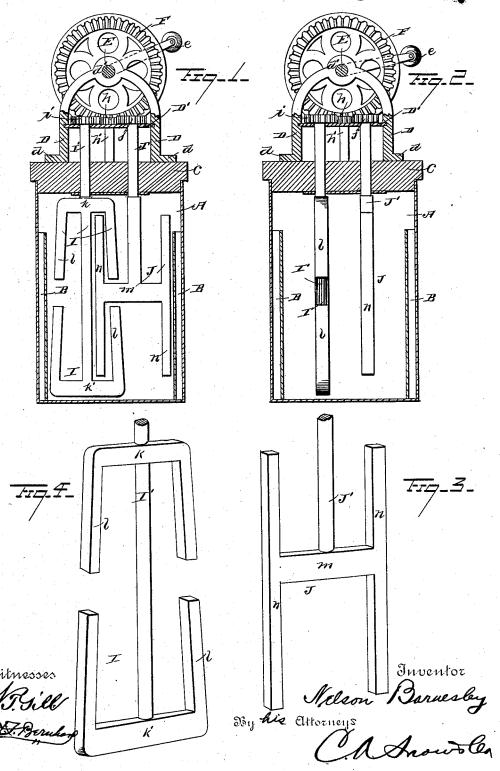
N. BARNESLEY.

CHURN.

No. 347,312.

Patented Aug. 17, 1886.



UNITED STATES PATENT OFFICE.

NELSON BARNESLEY, OF ESROM, MISSOURI.

CHURN.

SPECIFICATION forming part of Letters Patent No. 347,312, dated August 17, 1886.

Application filed May 4, 1886. Serial No. 201,082. (No model.)

To all whom it may concern:

Be it known that I, Nelson Barnesley, a citizen of the United States, residing at Esrom, in the county of Barton and State of Mis-5 souri, have invented new and useful Improvements in Churns, of which the following is a specification.

My invention relates to improvements in rotary churns; and it consists of the peculiar 10 and novel construction and arrangement of the various parts for service, substantially as hereinafter fully set forth, and particularly

pointed out in the claims.

The object of my invention is to provide an 15 improved churn-dasher which shall be very simple and strong in construction, and which shall be capable of creating a violent and rapid agitation in the vessel among the particles of the cream to complete the churning 20 thereof in a very short time; and a further object of my invention is to provide a receptacle with breaker-strips that serve efficiently to increase the agitation among the particles of the cream, the dashers being rotated in the same planes of rotation by mechanism which is simple and effective, all as hereinafter described.

In the accompanying drawings, Figure 1 is a vertical sectional view through a churn-30 body, showing my invention in elevation. Fig. 2 is a like vertical section view through the apparatus on the line x x of Fig. 1. Figs. 3 and 4 are detached perspective views of

the rotating dashers.

Referring to the drawings, in which like letters of reference denote corresponding parts in all the figures, A designates the churn body or vessel, which is preferably cylindrical in form or shape and provided at diametrically 40 opposite points in its periphery with vertically-arranged breaker-strips B, which project inwardly into the chamber of the churn-body, and are suitably secured to the latter very firmly and rigidly, to prevent displacement 45 under the action of the cream thereon.

C designates the cover of my improved churn, which is snugly and detachably fitted on the vessel A, and on the cover C is secured the standard D, which is provided with the 50 lugs d, that are secured at their lower ends by bolts or screws to the cover and at their upper ends with a bearing or box, d', for the arms l and the dasher-staff l' of the dasher l

driving shaft E, that is journaled therein and carries a crank-handle, e, for its convenient rotation by hand, and a master gear-wheel, F, 55 that is arranged to one side of the standard and secured at one end of the shaft. This master gear-wheel meshes with and rotates a pinion, h, that is journaled on a shaft, h', the lower end of which is journaled in the cover 60 C, while the upper end thereof is journaled in a bridge-plate, D', of the standard D. The pinion h meshes with and rotates the pinions \bar{i} and j of the vertically-disposed dasher-staffs J' I' of the dashers I and J, the said shafts be- 55 ing extended through the bridge plate D' and the cover C of the churn. When the master-gear is rotated by the action of the crank and driving-shaft, it rotates the pinion h, and the latter rotates the pinions i and j in one direc- 70 tion simultaneously, so that the dashers I and J are rotated in the same plane, as will be very readily understood.

The dasher-staff I' is extended the entire length of the churn body or vessel, so that the 75 lower end thereof is out of contact with the bottom of the said vessel, and at its upper and lower ends the dasher staff or rod is provided with horizontal cross heads k and k', the free ends of which carry integral arms or beaters 80 l, that are arranged parallel with the dasherstaff and themselves, the free ends of the beaters or arms being separated from the arm adjacent thereto on the same side of the dasher-

rod by an intermediate space.

It will be observed that a space is provided between the side arms or beaters of the dasher I and the staff thereof, through which work the side beaters of the dasher J, and between the ends of the dasher-arms or beaters lange other space is provided for the free passage therethrough of the cross-head of the dasher J, as will be more fully described presently.

The dasher rod or staff of the dasher J extends into the churn-body above one half of 95 the length of the latter, and at its lower end it is provided with a cross arm or head, m, and the free ends of the cross-head m are provided with vertical arms or beaters n, that are arranged parallel with the dasher-staff and 100 with each other, the arms n extending nearly the entire length of the churn-body.

when the dashers are in one of their positions, and the cross-head m passes through the space between the free ends of two adjacent arms, installed the space through the space 5 intermediate of the dasher-rod and the arms in the control of the dasher J, as will be very readily understood. The above described operation or movement of the parts takes place each time Hillian in the dashers have made a half-revolution, and the remaining half of the remaining half of the revoparallel dishered in a lution the dishers dare darranged parallel entered in the entered with each other, and are separated from each other, each dasher intercepting a circle described by the other. By means of this pecuentering the construction and arrangement of the dasher-blades the cream is violently and thoroughly agitated to complete the churning operation in a short space of time, and the dashers can be readily and easily removed from the churncommittee latter and the blades to be cleaned.

I attach especial importance to the peculiar form and arrangement of the dasher-blades, as therein lies the gist of my invention.

The operation of my invention will be read-Hillian the foregoing description, taken in connection with the drawings.

Having thus fully described my invention, what I claim as new, and desire to secure by30: Letters Patent, is⊢

1. The combination of the vessel having the breaker-strips inclosed within the same and arranged at diametrically opposite points, the cover, the standard secured to the cover and manner of the bearing, the driving shaft jours that CHAS. R. LOVE. And the distinction of the bearing,

naled in the bearing, and having the mastergear and the crank-handle, the pinion h, journaled on a shaft that is secured in a bridgeplate of the standard, the dashers I and J, at the standard having their staffs extended through the cover 40 and bridge-plate, and provided with the pinions i and j that mesh with the pinion h, which is the state of irotates them simultaneously and in the same direction, the dasher I having the cross-heads at its ends, each earrying the vertical blades, 45 and the dasher J having the cross head at its lower end, which is provided at its free end with vertical extended arms, the whole are the ranged and combined substantially as designed scribed.

2. In a churn, the combination of the dash-million of ers I.J., arranged to rotate simultaneously and intercept the path of a circle described by one another, the dasher I having the cross-heads k k' at or near the extremities thereof, and 55provided at their free ends with verticallydisposed arms l, and the dasher J, having a single cross-head, m, at its lower and that is adapted to pass between the extremities of the arms carried by the cross-heads k k', and pro- 60 vided with vertical arms n, substantially as described, for the purpose set forth.

In testimony that I claim the foregoing as him the my own I have hereto affixed my signature in presence of two witnesses.

NELSON BARNESLEY.

Witnesses: