

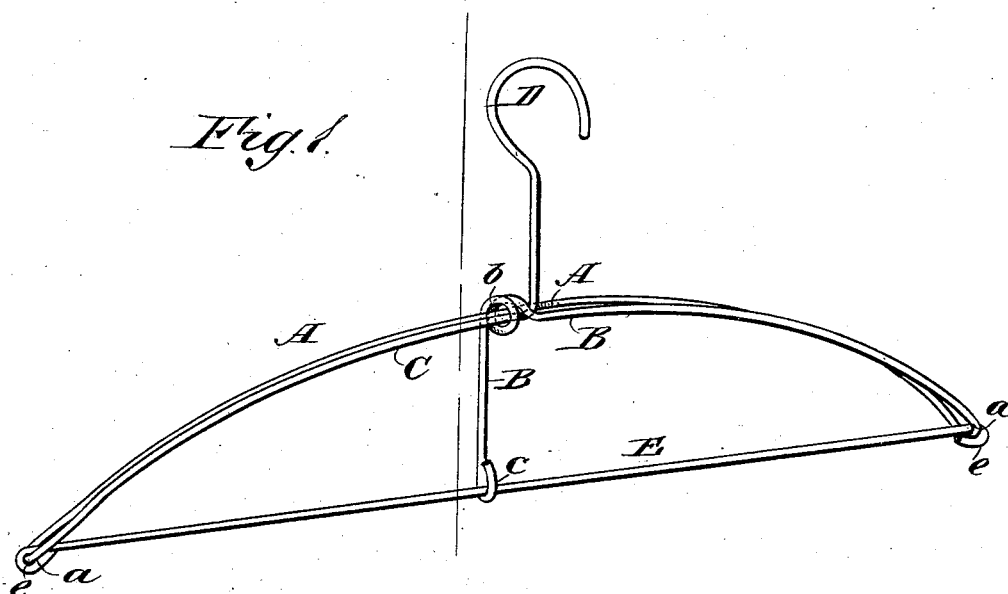
(No Model.)

M. H. CAZIER.  
GARMENT HANGER.

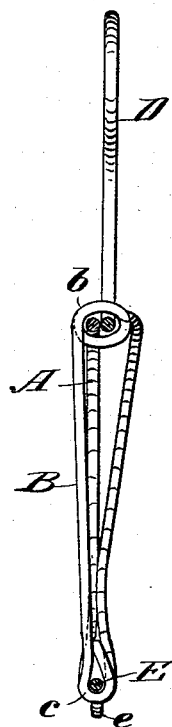
No. 347,569.

Patented Aug. 17, 1886.

*Fig. 1.*



*Fig. 2.*



WITNESSES:  
*F. Mc Ardle.*  
*to Sedgwick*

INVENTOR:  
*M. H. Cazier*  
BY *Munn & Co.*  
ATTORNEYS.

# UNITED STATES PATENT OFFICE.

MARION H. CAZIER, OF CHICAGO, ILLINOIS.

## GARMENT-HANGER.

SPECIFICATION forming part of Letters Patent No. 347,569, dated August 17, 1886.

Application filed January 8, 1886. Serial No. 187,996. (No model.)

*To all whom it may concern:*

Be it known that I, MARION H. CAZIER, of Chicago, in the county of Cook and State of Illinois, have invented a new and Improved  
5 Yoke, of which the following is a full, clear, and exact description.

The object of my invention is to provide a cheap, durable, and efficient yoke or garment-hanger; and to this end the invention consists  
10 of a length of wire bent in a peculiar way to form the suspending-hook and upper portion of the yoke, the extending looped ends of the wire after being so bent being united by a horizontal brace, as will be hereinafter de-  
15 scribed, and specifically pointed out in the claims.

Reference is to be had to the accompanying drawings, forming a part of this specification, in which similar letters of reference indicate  
20 corresponding parts in both the figures.

Figure 1 is a perspective view of my improved form of yoke, and Fig. 2 is a sectional view illustrating certain details of construction.

25 In order to form such a yoke as is illustrated in the drawings above referred to, I take a piece of wire and bend it over at *a a*, so that the ends of the bent portion will overlap and pass each other at the center of the main portion or body of the wire, as shown at *A*, which  
30 letter we will use to designate said main portion or body. Of the two ends *B* and *C* the end *B* is wound round the end *C*, thus binding *C* to *A* at the center of *A*, while the extending  
35 end of *B* is carried downward and

looped, as shown at *c*. The end of *C* is bent upward just beyond the coil *b*, and the upwardly-extending end is bent into the form of a hook, *D*. A second length of wire, *E*, the  
ends of which are hooked, as shown at *e e*, is  
40 passed through the hook or loop *c* of the end *B*, and its hooked ends *e* are brought into engagement with the loops *a a* of the main wire of the yoke, as clearly shown in Fig. 1, the  
45 said main wire being sprung down to an arched or bowed form in order that the connection illustrated may be made.

The yoke above described is cheap, solid, and durable, and may be made from much  
smaller wire than the ordinary form of yoke. 50

Having thus fully described my invention, what I claim as new, and desire to secure by Letters Patent, is—

1. As a new article of manufacture, a yoke consisting of two lengths of wire, the upper  
55 one of which is bent to form loops *a a*, and a hook, *D*, while the lower length is bent to form hooks *e e*, the two lengths being arranged substantially as described.

2. As a new article of manufacture, a yoke  
60 consisting of two lengths of wire, one of which is bent to form loops *a a*, coil *b*, hook *D*, and loop *c*, while the other is bent to form hooks *e e*, both lengths being arranged substantially as described.

MARION H. CAZIER.

Witnesses:

PHILIP J. GORMLEY,  
CLARA FRANZEN.