

(No Model.)

I. B. TRIPP.
WINDOW CURTAIN BAR.

No. 381,189.

Patented Apr. 17, 1888.

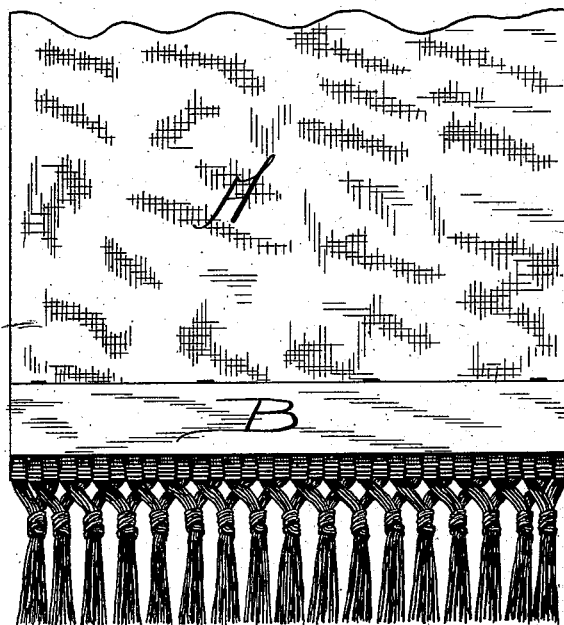


Fig. 1.

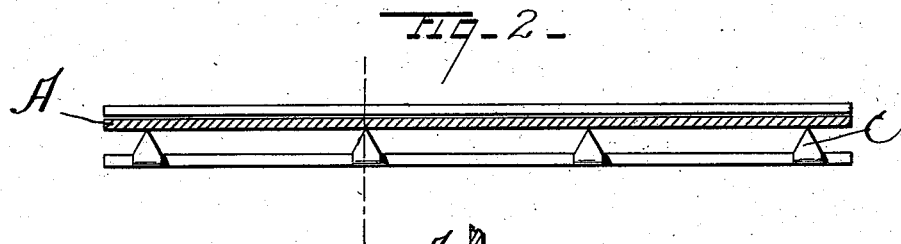


Fig. 2.

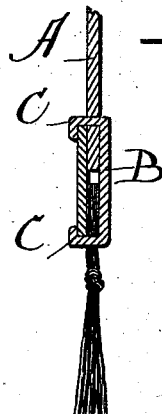


Fig. 3.

WITNESSES.

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IRA B. TRIPP, OF AURORA, ILLINOIS.

WINDOW-CURTAIN BAR.

SPECIFICATION forming part of Letters Patent No. 381,189, dated April 17, 1888.

Application filed June 24, 1886. Serial No. 206,163. (No model.)

To all whom it may concern:

Be it known that I, IRA B. TRIPP, a citizen of the United States, residing at Aurora, Illinois, have invented certain new and useful Improvements in Window-Curtain Bars, of which the following is a specification.

In the drawings, Figure 1 is a front view of a window-curtain provided with my improved bar. Fig. 2 is a plan view of the bar ready to be attached to the curtain, and Fig. 3 is a transverse sectional view of the bar after being attached to the curtain.

A is the window-curtain.

B is the curtain-bar.

C are lugs or fasteners by which the bar is attached to the curtain and its sides to each other.

In making my improved window-curtain bar I take a piece of tin or other suitable metal and cut it into strips of a length corresponding to the width of the curtain. The bar is made of two strips of the proper width for the bar and adapted to embrace the lower edge of the curtain between them, or the lower edge of the curtain and the upper edge of the strip of fringe or other material intended to impart a finished and tasty appearance to the curtain. One of the strips is provided with tongues or lugs along its edges, bent at right angles, so as to pierce and pass through the material interposed between the strips and to be bent down against the outer side of the other strip form-

ing the bar. The tongues of this strip will thus clamp and sustain the other strip, and together the two strips will form a secure fastening for the curtain, the finishing, and each other. As many or as few lugs may be employed, and they may be on either one of the strips, as may be desired.

The strips out of which the curtain-bars are formed may be made of tin, thin brass, or other suitable metal, and they may be cut out in blank by machinery or by other convenient means. Where they are longer than the width of the curtain to which they are intended to be attached, they may be cut off with shears to the proper length. A pull ring or knob may be fastened to them for convenience in raising or lowering the curtain, as in the case of other curtain-bars.

What I regard as new, and desire to secure by Letters Patent, is—

A curtain-bar comprising two main parts or sides, between which the curtain is interposed in use, and from the top and bottom of one of which sides tongues or lugs project across the top and bottom of the opposite side, which they overlap and clasp, substantially as described.

IRA B. TRIPP.

Witnesses:

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