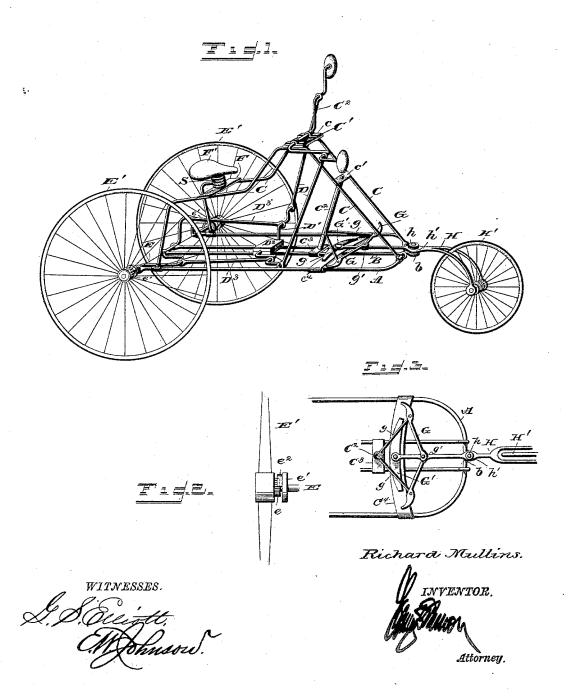
(No Model.)

## R. MULLINS.

TRICYCLE.

No. 381,504.

Patented Apr. 17, 1888.



## UNITED STATES PATENT OFFICE.

## RICHARD MULLINS, OF NEWARK, INDIANA.

## TRICYCLE.

SPECIFICATION forming part of Letters Patent No. 381,504, dated April 17, 1888.

Application filed December 2, 1887. Serial No. 256,822. (No model.)

To all whom it may concern:

Be it known that I, RICHARD MULLINS, a citizen of the United States of America, residing at Newark, in the county of Greene and 5 State of Indiana, have invented certain new and useful Improvements in Tricycles; and I do hereby declare the following to be a full, clear, and exact description of the invention, such as will enable others skilled in the art to which it 10 appertains to make and use the same, reference being had to the accompanying drawings, and to letters or figures of reference marked thereon, which form a part of this specification.

My invention relates to certain new and use-15 ful improvements in tricycles; and it consists in the novel construction and arrangement of the parts thereof, which will be hereinafter fully described, and particularly pointed out

in the claims. The object of my invention is to provide a tricycle the parts of which are readily actuated by hand-power and the steering mechanism controlled by the feet of the rider, said machine being of light and durable construc-25 tion, easily handled and readily understood, and comparatively inexpensive in its manufacture. I attain this object by the machine illustrated in the accompanying drawings, wherein like letters of reference indicate simi-30 lar parts in the several views, and in which-

Figure 1 is a perspective view of my improvement. Fig. 2 is a detail view in elevation of a portion of one of the road-wheels, showing a ratchet mechanism in connection therewith to prevent a back movement. Fig. 3 is a top plan view of the steering mechanism, parts of the frame being broken away to

clearly illustrate said construction.

A indicates the main supporting frame, 40 which is of skeleton form, constructed of metallic rods or piping, having central reaches, B, connected to the forward part thereof and extending to the rear.

To the forward portion of the frame A two 45 upwardly-extending inclined brace-rods, C C, are secured, which are formed with level bearing-surfaces at their upper portion and from thence extend downwardly or incline into an angle of lesser incline to receive a cross-strip, 50 F, upon which the seat or saddle F' is mounted,

and from said cross-strip F extends downward | one side of the steering-bar G, the center piece,

and is again connected to the rear portion of the frame A.

Uniting the inclined braces C is a cross-strip, c', and below said cross-strip c' a metallic clip, 55 c3, is mounted upon the reaches B, the said cross-strip c' and clip  $c^3$  being united by a brace, Upon the upper level portion of the braces C a cross-strip, C', is mounted, which is provided with metallic boxes c, which inclose and 6c give bearing to the crank-handles C2. The said crank-handles have connecting-bars D secured thereto, which extend downward and are secured to a crank-shaft, D', which has bearing in a box, D2, mounted on the reaches 65 B. The crank-shaft D' is bent into angular form to accommodate the connection of the several parts thereto, and to one set of angular bends thereof connecting-rods D3 are secured and extend to the rear of the machine, where 70 they are connected to the main crank-shaft E, upon the outer projecting ends of which the road-wheels E' are mounted. By this means it will be seen that the said wheels E' are revolved by the action of the crank handles C2, 75 motion being imparted thereto through the connecting rods D and D3 and the crankshaft D'.

Connecting the two forward sides of the frame A is a cross-strip or enlarged metallic 80 clip, c4, upon which a center piece, G', of the steering mechanism has movement and partial bearing. From the sides of the brace  $c^2$ , and extending forward therefrom, two braces, g, are secured at their rear ends and pivotally 85 attached at their forward ends to a foot-bearing, G, which is formed with end bends to accommodate the reception of the feet of the rider. This foot-bearing G is pivotally connected to the rear extension of the steering- 90 fork H, as shown at g'.

The front portion of the frame A is provided with an eye, b, and the fork H with an eye, h'. The eyes b and h' are mounted relatively to each other, as shown, and united by 95 a coupling stud or pin, h. The forward forked ends of the fork-steering bar or rod H inclose a steering-wheel, H', in the manner which is readily understood by those skilled

When the operator or rider presses upon

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G', travels on the clip  $c^4$  and turns the steering forked bar H, and consequently the steering-wheel H', upon the fulcrum formed by the eyes b and h', coupled by the stud or pin h. Through the medium of the central piece of guide G' bearing upon the clip  $c^4$  the steering action is steady in its movement, as will be readily understood. It will also be understood that the wheels are provided with suit-10 able rubber tires, as is ordinarily the construc-

In connection with each one of the rear or road wheels, E', a ratchet mechanism is provided, and consists, essentially, of a ratchetwheel, e, which is secured to each of the wheels E', and of a disk, e', secured to the shaft E adjacent to the wheels E', the said disks e' carrying spring-actuated pawls  $e^2$ . By this construction a forward movement of the wheels is 20 at all times allowed, while a backward movement thereof is prevented.

The novelty and utility of my improvement being obviously apparent, it is unnecessary to

enlarge upon the same herein.

I claim-1. The combination of the skeleton frame A, the central reach bars, B, the forwardlyinclined braces C, bent in the shape as shown, carrying a cross-piece at their upper portions, 30 with suitable journal-boxes thereon for the reception of the crank-operating handle, in connection with the crank-shaft of the road-wheels, as set forth, and with a saddle mounted in their rear portion above the mechanism of 35 the machine, a steering mechanism, as set forth, having a rear central guide-piece, G',

moving upon a clip, c4, uniting the parts of the frame A, a bifurcated steering-fork fulcrumed in the front end of the frame A and carrying a steering-wheel, H', and the braced 4c steering-bar G, connected to the steering-fork H and to the guide G', substantially as described.

2. The combination, with the main frame A, having the upwardly-extending braces C, pro- 45 vided with the cross-piece c', of the lower cross-piece or clip,  $c^3$ , on the reaches B, the unitingbrace c2, the cross piece C', carrying journalboxes c, the crank-handles  $C^2$ , mounted in said journal-boxes c, the saddle F', mounted 50 upon the cross strip on the rear bent portion of the braces C, the connecting rods D, the crank-shaft D', passing through a journal-box, D2, on the reaches B, the connecting-rod D3, the rear main crank-shaft, E, the road-wheels 55 E', the ratchet mechanism mounted relatively between said main crank-shaft and the roadwheels, the front clip, c4, the foot-piece G, having braces g, the steering fork  $\hat{H}$ , fulcrumed in the forward part of the main frame A, and 60 carrying a steering wheel, H', as shown, to the rear central guide or center piece, G', moving on the clip  $c^i$ , substantially as described.

In testimony whereof I affix my signature in

presence of two witnesses.

 $RICHARD \times MULLINS.$ 

Witnesses: BENTON GOODEN, LEVI PRYOR.