(No Model.)

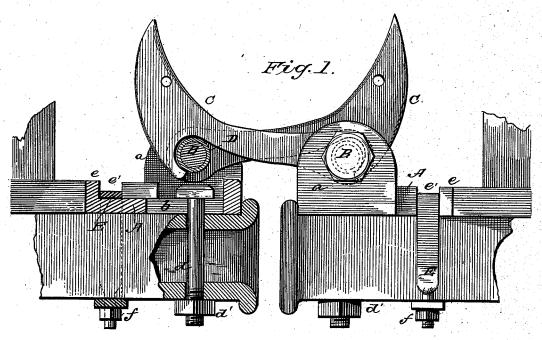
2 Sheets—Sheet 1.

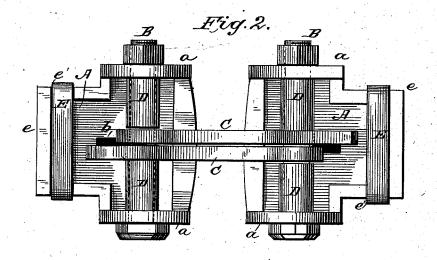
T. GASKINS.

CAR COUPLING.

No. 382,602.

Patented May 8, 1888.





Fred G. Dieterich Edw. W. Byrn. Thos, Gaskins

BY

Muns To

ATTORNEYS.

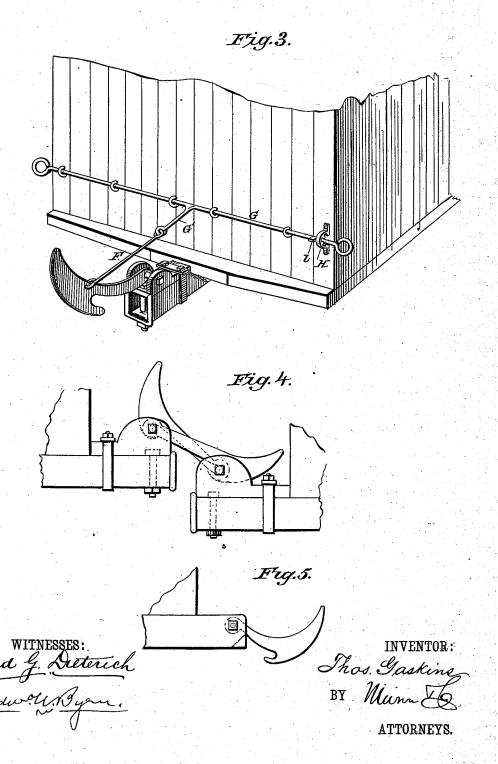
(No Model.)

2 Sheets-Sheet 2.

T. GASKINS. CAR COUPLING.

No. 382,602.

Patented May 8, 1888.



United States Patent Office.

THOMAS GASKINS, OF ARCADIA, FLORIDA.

CAR-COUPLING.

SPECIFICATION forming part of Letters Patent No. 382,602, dated May 8, 1888.

Application filed September 28, 1887. Serial No. 250,957. (No model.)

To all whom it may concern:

Be it known that I, THOMAS GASKINS, of Arcadia, in the county of De Soto and State of Florida, have invented a new and useful 5 Improvement in Car Couplings, of which the following is a specification.

The object of my invention is to provide a simple and strong device for automatically coupling cars, and which may be easily and to cheaply applied to the bumpers already in use without material alteration of or injury to the

To this end it consists in the peculiar construction and arrangement of parts, which I 15 will now proceed to describe with reference to the drawings, in which-

Figure 1 is a vertical longitudinal section of one draw-head and a side view of the other, showing them in coupled position. Fig. 2 is 20 a plan view showing the draw-heads coupled. Fig. 3 is a perspective view of the uncoupling devices. Fig. 4 shows the coupling of cars of different heights, and Fig. 5 shows the simplest form of the invention.

As both draw-heads are constructed and operated exactly alike, it will only be necessary to describe one. It is constructed of a heavy metal plate, A, having upturned ears a a on the side, which form bearings or points of attachment for the heavy and strong horizontal bolt B, which has a head upon one side and a nut upon the other, whereby it is secured in said ears.

C is one of the coupling-hooks, which is hung 35 upon the bolt Bso as to swing freely in a vertical plane. These hooks have an upward projection, c, (with holes in them,) by means of which they may be raised either by hand or through a cord, chain, or link-rod in uncoupling, as here-40 inafter described. These hooks project over the frame-plate A upon araised ledge, g, at the outer end of the frame-plate, so that their forward and beveled ends are in a position to ride up over the bolts Band automatically couple therewith 45 when the cars come together.

D D are sleeves or collars, which encircle the bolts B on each side of the coupling-hooks and serve to hold them in proper position. The collars are so placed as to allow the hooks to so slip from the center to half the thickness of the hook on one side, thereby allowing the hooks to couple in the center.

In order to apply the coupling to the bumpers of the cars already in use, the frame-plate A is constructed as an attachment thereto, as 55 follows:

In the middle of the frame plate is formed an elongated hole or slot, b, and through this there passes a flat-headed bolt, d, which latter passes through the coupling-pin hole of the 60 car-bumper and is secured by a strong nut, d', on the under side of the bumper. The object in making the hole b elongated is to adapt the frame-plate to bumpers that have the pin-hole at different distances from the front end. At 65 the back end of the frame plate, on its upper side, is a raised edge, e, which is notched or cut away at the sides at e' e' to receive a Ushaped strap, E, of iron or steel, whose ends extend on each side of the bumper and are 70 screw-threaded to receive nuts f and a cross bar or plate, by which the frame-plate A is clamped to the bumper. This strap and the bolt which passes through the pin hole serve to strongly connect the automatic coupler at- 75 tachment to the bumper in such a way as to permit it to be readily removed and replaced.

For uncoupling the hooks C a link-rod, F, is attached loosely to each of them and connects with a rigid arm, G', projecting from a 80 rock-shaft, G. (See Fig. 3.) This rock-shaft is arranged in bearings at the end of the car and extends horizontally from one side of the car to the other and terminates in handles. By seizing these handles and rocking the 85 shaft G the coupling-hooks are raised from their bolts B. To hold the hooks C in elevated position a lug, l, is formed on the rockshaft, and just beside it is an encompassingkeeper, H, which has several inwardly-open- 90 ing notches. Now, when the shaft G is rocked to raise the hook, the said shaft G is slid longitudinally until its lug enters one of the notches in the keeper H, which holds it in this position.

My coupling is not only adapted to coupling cars of the same height, but can equally as well couple cars of different heights, as shown in Fig. 4. The hooks C may in new cars be mounted directly in the draw-head, as in Fig. 100 5, instead of a detachable plate.

Having thus described my invention, what I claim as new is-

1. A car coupling consisting of hooks C C,

2 382,602

having their front faces curved upwardly and pivoted to work vertically, combined with horizontal bolts B B, a shoulder of support in front of the bolts for holding the hooks up, and 5 suitable draw-heads, substantially as and for the purpose described.

2. The combination, with the coupling-hook C, of the link-arm F, horizontally-sliding rock-shaft G, with rigid arm G' and lug l, 10 and the internally-notched keeper H, substantially as and for the purpose described.

3. A frame-plate attachment for car-bumpers having automatic car-coupling devices thereon and provided with an opening in the middle registering with the pin-hole of the

bumper, in combination with a bolt going through said registering holes, and a **U**-shaped strap-iron passing around both the carbumper and the coupling attachment, substantially as shown and described.

4. The frame-plate A, having a central hole, b, notches e' e', and ears a a, in combination with the horizontal bolt B, fastened in said ears, and a vertically-swinging coupling-hook hung upon said bolt, substantially as and for 25 the purpose described.

THOMAS GASKINS.

Witnesses:

ROBT. E. WHIDDEN, J. S. HOLLINGSWORTH.