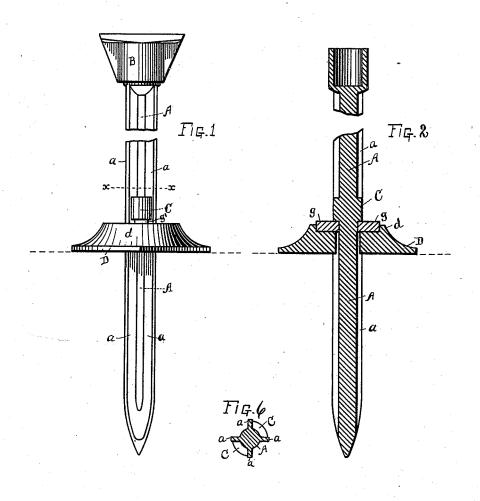
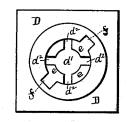
## S. G. HUTCHINSON.

PILE.

No. 383,884.

Patented June 5, 1888.





TIG.3



Fig.1.

WITNESSES

Sev. B. Fravel.

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## UNITED STATES PATENT OFFICE.

STEPHEN G. HUTCHINSON, OF COLUMBUS, OHIO.

## PILE.

SPECIFICATION forming part of Letters Patent No. 383,884, dated June 5, 1888.

Application filed October 3, 1887. Serial No. 251,293. (No model.)

To all whom it may concern:

Be it known that I, STEPHEN G. HUTCHINson, a citizen of the United States, residing at Columbus, in the county of Franklin and State 5 of Ohio, have invented a new and useful Improvement in Piles, of which the following is a specification.

My invention relates to the improvement of metal piles—such as are adapted to be driven to into the earth to support a superstructureand has particular relation to means for locking the ground plate and pile together.

The objects of my invention are to form in a simple and effective manner a firm and se-15 cure connection between the ground-plate and pile, and thus avoid any tendency of the latter to settle or be forced through the former, caused by any weight or vibration of the structure, which may be produced by passing 20 trains or other causes, and to admit of said connection being readily and easily formed beneath the water. These objects I accomplish in the manner illustrated in the accompanying drawings, in which-

Figure 1 is a side elevation of a metal pile having its ground-plate secured by my improved means. Fig. 2 is a vertical section of the same, showing a slightly different form of connecting block. Fig. 3 is a plan view of 3c the ground plate. Fig. 4 is a detail view, in perspective, of one of the forms of locking-blocks. Fig. 5 is a similar view of a modified form as used in the construction shown in Fig. form as used in the construction shown in Fig. 1, and Fig. 6 is a transverse section taken on 35 line x x of Fig. 1.

Similar letters refer to similar parts throughout the several views.

A represents a well-known form of metallic pile having a solid or hollow center, and havto ing vertical strengthening flanges a projecting therefrom, as shown, and having a suitable cap, B. Cast with said pile, preferably in the lower half, on one or more sides thereof, and made to extend transversely between the 45 flanges a, are lugs C.

D represents a ground-plate consisting of a flat metallic plate having a short upwardlyextending cylindrical neck, d, having a central depression communicating with an opening in the bottom of the plate, said opening

of a cross-section of the pile and its flanges, admitting of the easy vertical passage therethrough of said pile, thus forming a central opening, d', from which extend outwardly to 55 the surface of the inner wall of the plate flangeslots  $d^2$ .

Formed in the inner surface of the wall of the plate, and extending from the top of the neck thereof to the unperforated portions of 60 the floor e, are one or more depressions, f.

g and g', respectively, represent a rectangular and two armed locking-block, to be used as hereinafter described.

In order to connect the pile and plate by my  $\epsilon_5$ improved means, the pile is inserted through the ground plate, its flanges a passing vertically through the flange slots  $d^2$  in the platefloor. The pile is then driven, in the usual manner, to the desired depth, and one or more 70 of the blocks g g', of the desired shape and height, are inserted between the unperforated portions of the plate-floor and the pile-lugs in such manner that the lower portions of each

of the blocks will rest on the plate-floor and 75 within one of the depressions  $\hat{f}$ . In order to facilitate the insertion of these locking blocks in cases where the pile lugs and ground-plate are in close proximity, I may insert a short block into the plate depression, and continue 80 the block upward to meet the flange by a sec-

ond block made to rest on the first one. In case it is desired or found necessary to locate the ground-plate at a distance below the lugs C, I use the angular block g', (shown in 85 Fig. 5,) the horizontal arm of which is inserted and rests as above described, while its vertical arm extends upward to meet the lug of the pile. These blocks g' may be cast with their vertical arms of various lengths, in order 90 to meet the pile-lugs at the desired height from the ground plate. By this construction and arrangement it will be observed that, the locking-blocks bearing and resting between the floor of the ground-plate and pile-lugs, a 95 simple, safe, and secure lock is formed which will prevent any tendency of the pile from weight or vibration to work through the

ground plate. It will also be observed that the use of the 100 above-described lock will greatly facilitate the being of such shape as to correspond with that | locking of the parts when the pile is being

driven in the bed of a stream, as the difficulty heretofore experienced in connecting the parts by driving wedges, &c., beneath the water is

obviated.

Having now fully described my invention, what I claim, and desire to secure by Letters Patent, is—
The combination, with the pile A, having

one or more projecting lugs, C, of the ground-plate D, having depressions f, and locking- 10 blocks g' or g, substantially as and for the pur-pose specified.

STEPHEN G. HUTCHINSON.

Witnesses:

ALEXANDER H. JOHNSON, IRA KOEHNE.