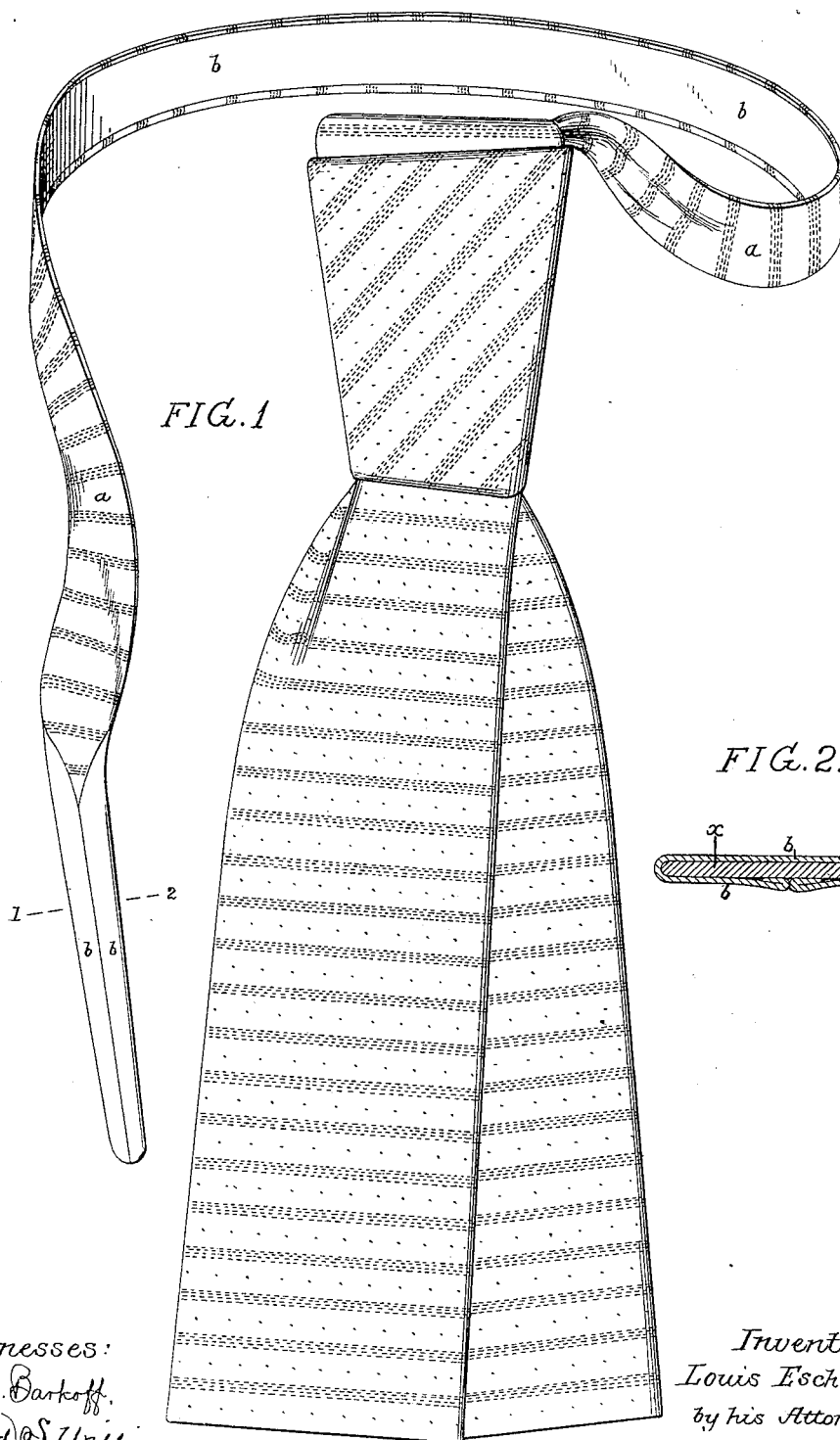


(No Model.)

L. ESCHNER.  
NECKSCARF.

No. 385,922.

Patented July 10. 1888.



Witnesses:  
Alex. Barkoff,  
David S. Williams.

Inventor  
Louis Eschner  
by his Attorneys.

Howson & Howson,

# UNITED STATES PATENT OFFICE.

LOUIS ESCHNER, OF PHILADELPHIA, PENNSYLVANIA.

## NECKSCARF.

SPECIFICATION forming part of Letters Patent No. 385,922, dated July 10, 1888.

Application filed May 21, 1888. Serial No. 274,519. (No model.)

*To all whom it may concern:*

Be it known that I, LOUIS ESCHNER, a citizen of the United States, and a resident of Philadelphia, Pennsylvania, have invented certain  
5 Improvements in Neckbands for Neck-Wear, of which the following is a specification.

My invention relates to the formation of the stiffened end of the neckband of a scarf, tie, or other article of neck-wear, the object of my  
10 invention being to effect economy in the use of the silk, satin, or other expensive fabric used as the facing for the scarf or tie and its neckband. This object I attain in the manner hereinafter set forth, reference being had to  
15 the accompanying drawings, in which—

Figure 1 represents a scarf having a neckband with stiffened end finished in accordance with my invention, and Fig. 2 is an enlarged sectional view of said stiffened end of the band.

20 The neckband of a scarf, tie, or other article of neck-wear usually has its free end stiffened by means of a piece of metal, *x*, introduced between the facing *a* and backing or lining *b* of the band, and hitherto it has been usual to  
25 extend the facing-fabric *a* to the extreme end of the neckband. The carrying of this expensive piece of fabric to the end of the band is not, however, absolutely necessary as a matter of appearance, for the stiffened end of the  
30 band and the part immediately adjacent thereto are not exposed at the neck, but are tucked into and hidden by the body of the scarf. In order, therefore, to save four or five inches of silk or other expensive facing material at the  
35 unexposed or stiffened end of the neckband, I bring the inexpensive backing or lining *b* of the neckband to the face at this point, folding it over the stiffening-piece and seaming the edges together, so that the stiffening-piece is

completely inclosed as in an ordinary band, the  
40 expensive facing material *a*, however, being discontinued at the point where the backing is brought to the face. While the saving thus effected may amount to but a cent or two on  
45 each tie, the aggregate saving in an extensive business is a very material item of economy; and this fact has long been recognized by manufacturers, and various substitutes for the stiffened end of the band have been suggested, and  
50 some of them have been adopted and used—such, for instance, as a wire or sheet-metal tip or finger to be attached to the free end of the band and serve as a means of drawing the same  
55 through the opening in the body of the scarf; but these metal tips or fingers, besides being expensive, are objectionable on account of their liability to become rusted and thus stain the shirt-front; hence the covered stiffening-  
60 piece is preferred, especially in the more expensive classes of scarfs.

Having thus described my invention, what I claim, and desire to secure by Letters Patent, is—

A scarf, tie, or other article of neck-wear having a neckband with a stiffener at the free  
65 end, and having said stiffener covered or inclosed by bringing the backing or lining material to the face, so as to permit the discontinuance of the facing-fabric some distance  
70 from the end of the band, all substantially as specified.

In testimony whereof I have signed my name to this specification in the presence of two subscribing witnesses.

LOUIS ESCHNER.

Witnesses:

EDWARD M. RILEY,  
HARRY SMITH.