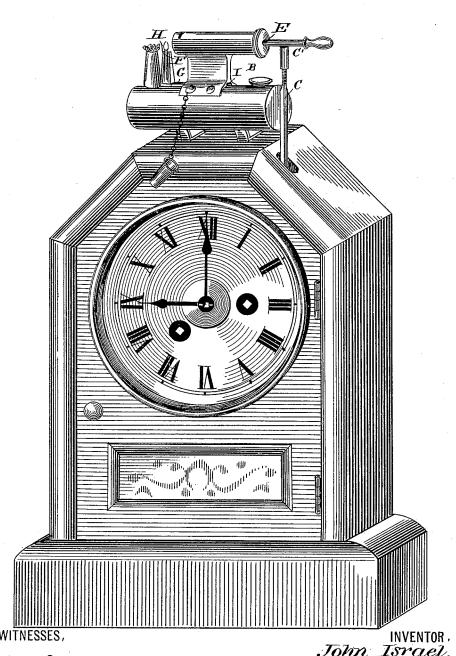
J. ISRAEL. ALARM.

No. 386,132.

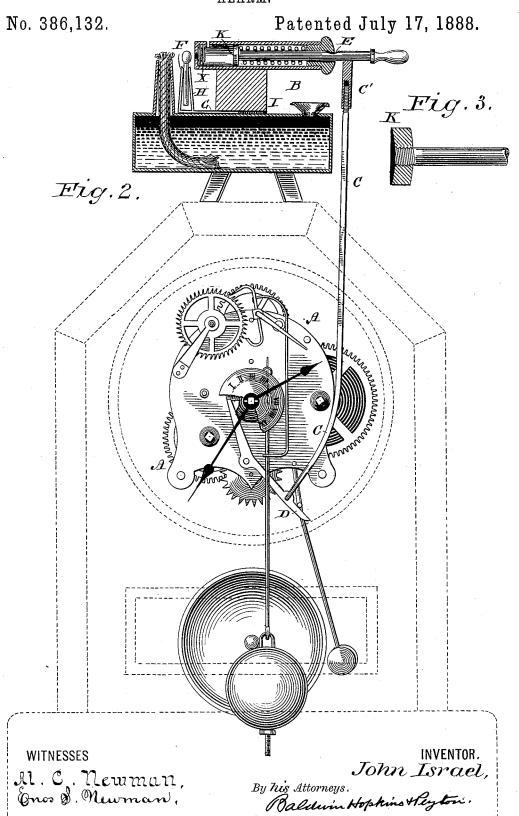
Patented July 17, 1888.

Fig.1.



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UNITED STATES PATENT OFFICE.

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ALARM. ____

SPECIFICATION forming part of Letters Patent No. 386,132, dated July 17, 1888.

Application filed February 2, 1888. Serial No. 262,793. (No model.)

To all whom it may concern:

Be it known that I, John Israel, of St. Louis, in the State of Missouri, have invented certain new and useful Improvements in Alarm 5 Mechanisms, of which the following is a specification, reference being had to the accompanying drawings.

My improvements relate to the class of detonating alarms shown in my United States

ro Patents Nos. 193,002 and 224,017.

The object of my present improvements is, first, to provide an adjustable supporting rod in connection with time mechanism for supporting the spring-plunger when drawn out in po-15 sition for being thrown by the spring to explode the fulminate; second, to provide an adjustable match-holder to insure the lighting of a lamp under different conditions—that is to say, when explosives of various sizes are 20 employed for creating an alarm.

In the accompanying drawings, Figure 1 is a perspective view of a clock with my improved detonating alarm mechanism applied to it. Fig. 2 shows part of the interior clock 25 mechanism, and its relation sufficiently for firing purposes to the alarm mechanism, which is shown in section on top of the clock. Fig. 3 shows a concave-faced plunger-head or hammer detached and drawn on a large scale for 30 better illustration, which it is desirable to use

in practice, as is well known.

Referring to the letters upon the drawings, A indicates any ordinary clock mechanism with an alarm attachment.

B indicates my firing burglar-alarm mechanism, similar to that shown in my said patents, applied to the upper part of the clock-

C is a rod connected at its lower end to a 40 bell-crank lever, D, which latter is a part of the ordinary alarm mechanism of a clock not necessary to describe in detail. It is sufficient to say that the rod C is so connected with the bell-crank lever as to support the spring-

45 plunger when it is drawn back so that it will stay in position. The notch E of the springplunger I make so slight that it will not hold unless the plunger is supported. When the bell-crank lever turns by the operation of the mined, as is usual, it will cause the rod to drop slightly and allow the spring-plunger to fire the fulminate X at the same time that the alarm of the clock mechanism begins to sound.

I have found in practice that it is exceed- 55 ingly difficult to make rigid supporting-rods of the exact length required in manufacturing large quantities of them, and I therefore provide a longitudinally-adjustable rod adapted to be readily applied and adjusted at any time 60 to the proper length. This I do by making a screw thread upon the upper end of the rod and applying to it a screw-cap, C', which may be adjusted up and down as required.

I have found in practice that for different 65 purposes varying charges or amounts of fulminate to be exploded are required under different circumstances, and that when a match is supported too near to the fulminate of a given size it will be blown away, whereas it 70 would serve its purpose of lighting perfectly with a smaller fulminate. In other words, I have found that it is necessary to be able to adjust the match-holder to different distances from the fulminate, according to circumstances. 75 Accordingly I provide a match-holder, F, consisting of a horizontal base, G, and clamps H, the base adapted to slide out and in the recess I, whereby the match-holder may be adjusted nearer to or farther from the lamp-wick, as 80 required. The result is I can light the lamp with certainty from every explosion of fulminate by simply adjusting the match-holder properly.

I have found in practice that a convex or 85 plain hammer-face on the plunger-head will not so uniformly explode the fulminate as is desirable. I therefore recommend the use of a dish-shaped or concave plunger-head or hammer, K, which, even with slight force in a 90 spring, serves to cut the fulminate and explode it with certainty every time, as is well known.

Having described my improvements, what I claim, and desire to secure by Letters Patent, is-

1. The combination, with a clock alarm mechanism having a firing alarm mechanism connected to it, of the connecting supportingrod C, the screw-cap C', working on the upper 50 clock-alarm mechanism at a time predeter- | end of said rod to vary the length of the con- 100 2

nection between the clock alarm mechanism and firing alarm mechanism, and the springplunger of the firing mechanism, substantially as set forth.

2. The combination, with the lamp and firingcylinder, of an alarm mechanism, the horizontally-adjustable sliding match-holder F, provided with a base, G, and the clamps H, whereby the base G may slide in the recess I

to adjust the match to different distances from 10 the lamp, substantially as set forth.
In testimony whereof I have hereunto sub-

scribed my name.

JOHN ISRAEL.

Witnesses:

C. P. ELWELL, MARCUS S. HOPKINS.