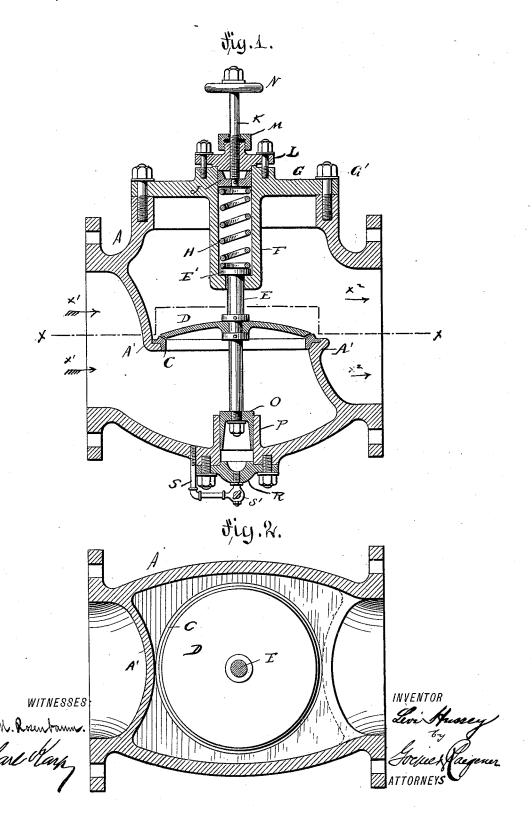
L. HUSSEY. BACK PRESSURE VALVE.

No. 419,447.

Patented Jan. 14, 1890.



United States Patent Office.

LEVI HUSSEY, OF NEW YORK, N. Y., ASSIGNOR OF ONE-HALF TO THEODOSIA HATCH, OF SAME PLACE, AND SEABURY D. BREWER, OF BERGEN POINT, NEW JERSEY.

BACK-PRESSURE VALVE.

SPECIFICATION forming part of Letters Patent No. 419,447, dated January 14, 1890.

Application filed March 1, 1889. Serial No. 301,661. (No model.)

To all whom it may concern:

Be it known that I, LEVI HUSSEY, of the city, county, and State of New York, a citizen of the United States, have invented certain new and useful Improvements in Back-Pressure Valves, of which the following is a specification.

The object of my invention is to provide a new and improved back-pressure valve which io is simple in construction, noiseless, and occupies very little space.

The invention consists in the construction and combination of parts and details, as will be fully described and set forth hereinafter.

In the accompanying drawings, Figure 1 is a vertical longitudinal sectional view of my improved back-pressure valve. Fig. 2 is a horizontal sectional view of the same on the line x x, Fig. 1.

Similar letters of reference indicate corre-

sponding parts.

The valve-casing A is provided with the usual end flanges and with the partitions A', forming a central horizontal opening, on the 25 edges of which the ring C is placed, forming a seat for the valve D, secured on the valve-stem E. The upper end of said valve-stem E projects through a bottom aperture in a pocket F, projecting downward from the plate G, 30 forming the top or cover of the valve-casing, and held on said casing by suitable screws or bolts G'. A head E' is formed on the upper end of the spindle or valve-stem E within the pocket, and on said head a spiral spring H 35 rests, which is contained within the pocket F. On the upper end of said spring a verticallymovable head J rests, which fits snugly in the bore of the pocket and is mounted to turn on the lower end of a screw-spindle K, which is 40 screwed through a plate L, held by bolts on the top of the cover G. The spindle K also passes through a washer placed on the top of the cover and held in place by a stuffing-box M, screwed on a neck of the plate L. The 45 spindle is provided on its upper end with a hand-wheel N. By turning the hand-wheel

in one direction the spindle is moved down-

ward and the spring compressed, so that the same will exert a greater pressure on the up-

spindle in the inverse direction the head is

50 per end of the valve-stem. By turning the

Having thus described my invention, I claim as new and desire to secure by Letters Patent—
The combination, with a valve-casing and valve-seat, of a valve in the same having a valve-stem projecting upward and downward 85 from said valve, a spring acting on the upper part of the stem, said stem being guided in the top of the casing, a plunger fastened to the lower end of said stem, a steam-receptacle on the bottom of the valve-casing for the 90 plunger, a pipe connecting the bottom of said receptacle with the main part of the valve-casing, and a stop-cock in said pipe, substantially as set forth.

In testimony that I claim the foregoing as 95

tion simplified.

In testimony that I claim the foregoing as 95 my invention I have signed my name in presence of two subscribing witnesses.

moved upward and the spring is released. In

this way the valve can readily be adjusted

an inverted-cup-shaped plunger O, which fits

and works snugly in a cylindrical projection P, projecting upward from the bottom of the

valve-casing, and which is open at the top

screws or bolts on the under side of the valve-

casing. The pipe S, having a cock S', estab-

lishes communication between the steam-

space of the valve-casing and said cylindrical projection. The steam enters the valve-cas- 65 ing in the direction of the arrows x', and when

it has sufficient pressure raises the valve and

passes out in the direction of the arrows x^2 .

When the pressure of the steam decreases,

seat again. As the steam also passes into the

cylindrical projection and can act on the in-

verted-cup-shaped plunger, the steam in the

part P acts as a cushion and prevents the

its seat, thus preventing the hammering or

striking of the valve. As no weights or levers are used in this valve, the same is re-

duced considerably in size and its construc-

spring from driving the valve forcibly against 75

the spring H presses the valve down on its 70

and closed at the bottom by a head R, held by 60

On the lower end of the valve-stem I secure 55

for any desired pressure.

LEVI HUSSEY.

Witnesses:
OSCAR F. GUNZ,
CARL KARP.