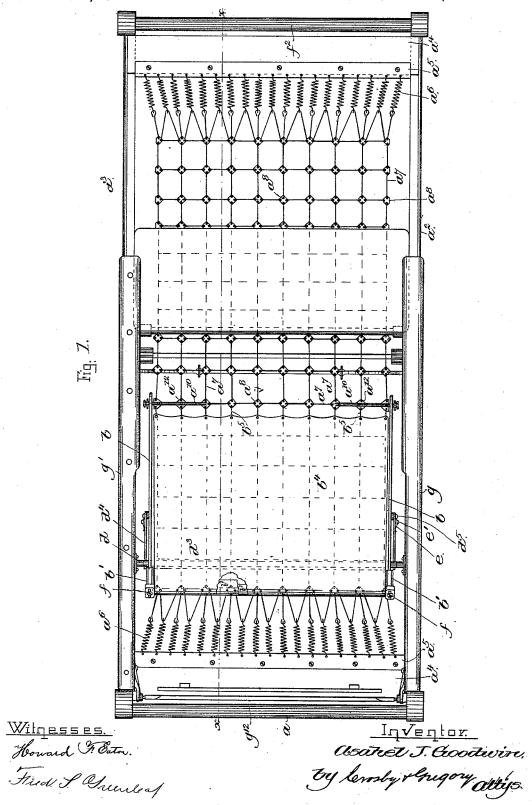
A. J. GOODWIN.
INVALID BED.

No. 420,197.

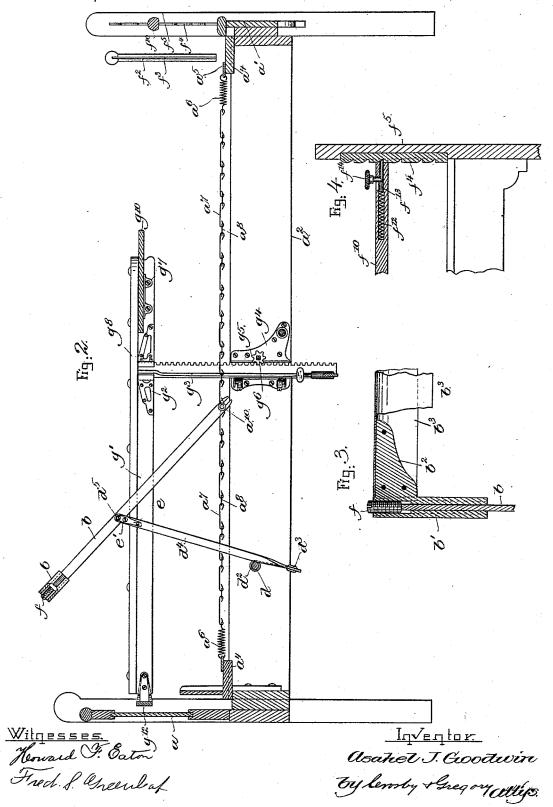
Patented Jan. 28, 1890.



A. J. GOODWIN. INVALID BED.

No. 420,197.

Patented Jan. 28, 1890.



UNITED STATES PATENT OFFICE.

ASAHEL J. GOODWIN, OF BROOKLINE, MASSACHUSETTS.

INVALID-BED.

SPECIFICATION forming part of Letters Patent No. 420,197, dated January 28, 1890.

Application filed February 27, 1888. Serial No. 265,401. (No model.)

To all whom it may concern:

Be it known that I, ASAHEL J. GOODWIN, of Brookline, county of Norfolk, State of Massachusetts, have invented an Improvement in 5 Invalid-Beds, of which the following description, in connection with the accompanying drawings, is a specification, like letters on the drawings representing like parts.

This invention relates to beds especially 10 adapted for hospital and invalid purposes, it having for one of its objects to provide the said bed with an adjustable back-supporting frame, by means of which a firm support is obtained for the back of the patient when in

15 a sitting or reclining posture.

Another feature of my invention consists in providing the foot-board with a removable section adapted to be removed to permit a foot-bar to be substituted therefor, for a pur-20 pose to be hereinafter described.

Other features of my invention will be pointed out in the claims at the end of this

specification.

Figure 1 is a top view of an invalid-bed em-25 bodying my invention; Fig. 2, a longitudinal section of Fig. 1 on line x x, with part of the foot-board removed and with the foot-bar substituted therefor, the said figure showing next the foot end of the bed the portion of the 30 foot-board which has been removed; and Figs. 3 and 4 are details to be referred to.

The bedstead herein shown as composed of the head-board a, connected by suitable sides a^2 to a foot-board having a fixed section a' 35 and a removable section f^2 , may be of any usual or well-known construction. The sides a^2 have screwed or otherwise secured to them, as herein shown, end boards or slats a^4 , to which are screwed, as shown, metal strips a^5 , 40 having eyes to be engaged by springs a6, forming part of a suspension-mattress, the body portion of which is herein shown as composed of links a^7 , united by squares or plates a^8 , preferably of metal.

On opposite sides and near the longitudinal center of the wire mattress two of the links a^7 are replaced by rods or bars a^{10} , having ears a^{12} , to which the links a^7 are attached to complete the mattress. Each rod or bar 50 a^{10} , beyond the side of the mattress, is em-

braced, as shown, by the slotted end of a bar b, having at its opposite end a hollow casting b', provided with a lug or ear b^2 , extended laterally from it, (see Fig. 3,) and the said degrees the downward strain of the side bars

bars on opposite sides of the mattress are 55 joined together by a cross-bar b3, riveted or otherwise secured to the said lugs

The side bars b and cross-bar b^3 , preferably made of bent sheet-steel, constitute a frame, to which is secured a covering b^4 , of 60 canvas or other material—such as wire-netting-the said canvas being secured, as shown, to the cross-bar b^3 , and having its opposite end fastened by links b5 to the bars \bar{a}^{10} and plates a^8 , extended across the mattress 65

in line with the said bars.

The frame and covering or back of canvas or other material constitute a support for the back and head of the patient, and the said support may be raised from a horizontal to an 70 inclined position, or vice versa, as shown, by means of a windlass composed of a shaft d, having attached to it one end of a chain or chains d^2 ; or it may be a rope, only one of which is shown in Fig. 2, the other end of the 75 said chain or chains being secured to a crossbar d3, having secured to or forming part of it bars, as d^4 , provided with holes at their ends to engage studs d^5 on the side bars b of the supporting-frame. The bars d^4 are locked 80 to the side bars b, preferably, by springcatches, herein shown as pieces e of sheet metal, pivoted, as at e', and having their ends shaped to engage the stud d^5 , to thus firmly secure the bars d^4 to the side bars b of the 85 supporting-frame.

It is a great desideratum to maintain the yielding back of the supporting-frame taut or under tension at all times and in all positions of the said frame, so as to present a sub- 90 stantially rigid support for the back of the patient. This feature of my invention I have accomplished, as shown, by providing an adjusting-screw f for each casting b', the said screw being extended into a threaded socket 95 in the said easting and normally abutting against the end of the side bar b. It will thus be seen that the tension of the supporting-back may be varied to suit the requirements of the case by turning the screws in 100 the castings to move the cross-bar b^3 toward

or away from the mattress.

The bars a^{10} will preferably be equal in length to two links $a^{\overline{i}}$, to impart additional stiffness to the wire mattress at its sides, so 105 that when the back-supporting frame is inb on the wire-netting of the mattress will be sustained, thus preventing sagging of the said

mattress at the sides.

The upper portion or section f^2 of the foot-5 board is made removable, it having grooves, as f^3 , in its ends to engage notehed ribs or bars f^4 , secured to the posts f^5 of the said foot-board. Normally the removable section f^2 will be placed on and form a part of the 10 foot-board; but in case of sickness, as when a patient has sustained a fracture of the leg and it is desired to maintain the injured member perfectly still, (which in practice is usually accomplished by means of a weight se-15 cured to the said injured member,) the said section will be removed and a bar f^{10} substituted therefor.

The bar f^{10} is provided at each end, as shown, with a socket, in which is located a 2c spring f^{12} , adapted to bear against the end of a rod or pawl f^{13} , having a stud f^{14} extended through a slot in the said bar, and by which the said bar may be moved to compress the spring, the said pawl engaging a notch in 25 the bar f^4 to secure the foot-bar in place at

any desired height.

The bed herein shown is provided with a stretcher-frame composed of side bars g g'having secured to them brackets g^2 , engaged 30 by the ends of rack-bars g^3 , movable in guides g^4 , secured to the sides of the bedstead, the said rack-bars being made to travel, as shown, by a pinion g^5 on a shaft g^6 , rotated in practice by a handle from outside the bed.

The side bars g' of the stretcher-frame have secured to them brackets g^{7} , which form with the top rail g^8 of the side bars grooves or guideways to receive the ends of a board $g^{\scriptscriptstyle 10}$, constituting a table for the use of the pa-40 tient. The side bars g' of the stretcher-frame are joined near the head-board a by a crossbar g¹², the said stretcher-frame being not herein claimed broadly, as it forms part of the subject-matter of another application, Serial 45 No. 265,365, filed by me February 25, 1888.

I claim—

1. The combination, with the bedstead and a suspension-mattress supported thereby and provided on opposite sides with rods or bars 50 projecting therefrom, of a back-supporting frame pivoted upon said rods or bars, with means, substantially as described, to raise and lower the said frame on its pivotal points, as and for the purpose specified.

2. The combination, with the bedstead and 55 a suspension-mattress supported thereby, of an adjustable back-supporting frame pivot-

ally secured to the sides of said mattress near its longitudinal center, bars d^4 , detachably 60 secured to said frame between its upper end and pivotal point, and means, substantially as described, independent of the mattress, to raise and lower the said bars, to thereby alter the inclination of the said adjustable frame

65 with relation to the mattress, substantially

as described.

3. The combination, with the bedstead and mattress supported thereby and provided with projecting rods or bars a^{10} , of an adjustable back-supporting frame secured to the 70 said mattress, and comprising side bars b, slotted at their lower ends to embrace the outer ends of said rods or bars, and the crossbar b^3 , having secured thereto at its ends an adjustable hollow easting b', adapted to re- 75 ceive the upper ends of the side bars b, sub-

stantially as described.

4. The combination, with the bedstead and a suspension-mattress supported thereby, of an adjustable back-supporting frame piv- 80 otally secured to the sides of said mattress, and comprising side bars b, having stude d^5 thereon, cross-bar b^3 , and an adjustable casting b', secured to either end of said cross-bar and adapted to receive the ends of the side 85 bars $b d^{\bar{2}}$, the bars d^4 , having holes at their ends to engage the stude d^{5} , shaft d, and flexible connections intermediate said bars and shaft, and with a locking device attached to said bars d^4 to secure them to the side bars 90 b, substantially as described.

5. In an invalid-bed, a foot-board having its posts provided with notched or rack bars f^4 , combined with a foot-bar f^{10} , having a pawl to engage the said rack-bar, substantially as ç5

described.

6. In an invalid-bed, a foot-board having its posts provided with notched or rack bars f^4 , and a removable section f^2 , having grooves to engage said rack-bar, combined with a foot- 100

bar f^{10} , substantially as described.

7. In an invalid-bed, the sides a^2 , having brackets g^4 secured thereto, rack-bars g^8 , and a stretcher-frame provided with the top rails and supported by the rack-bars, and brack- 105 ets g^7 , secured to the said stretcher-frame, combined with a table g^{10} , having its ends inserted between the said brackets and top rail,

substantially as described. 8. In a bedstead, a suspension-mattress, com- 110 bined with an adjustable back-supporting frame, comprising side bars b, pivoted to the mattress, cross-bar b^3 , covering b^4 , secured to the said cross-bar and to the suspension-mattress, and an adjusting device to move the 115 cross-bar toward or away from the pivotal point of the said frame to vary the tension of the covering b4, the device consisting of the hollow castings b', rigidly attached to the ends of the cross-bar, said castings be- 120 ing provided with a threaded socket having an adjusting-screw f extended therein and normally abutting against the end of the side bar b, extended into the casting, substantially as described.

In testimony whereof I have signed my name to this specification in the presence of two subscribing witnesses.

ASAHEL J. GOODWIN.

Witnesses:

Jas. H. Churchill, J. C. SEARS.