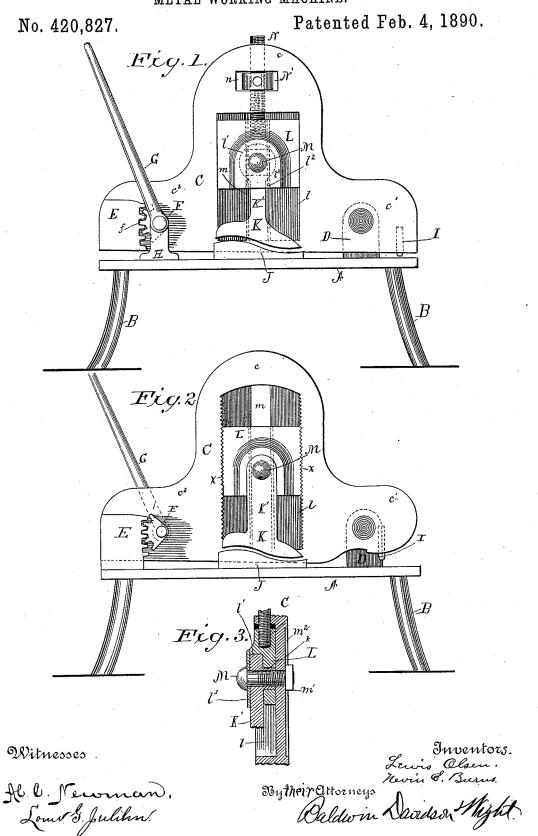
(No Model.)

L. OLSEN & N. E. BURNS. METAL WORKING MACHINE.



UNITED STATES PATENT

LEWIS OLSEN AND NEVIN E. BURNS, OF RIVER FALLS, WISCONSIN.

METAL-WORKING MACHINE.

SPECIFICATION forming part of Letters Patent No. 420,827, dated February 4, 1890. Application filed August 20, 1889. Serial No. 321,365. (No model.)

To all whom it may concern:

Be it known that we, Lewis Olsen and Nevin E. Burns, both citizens of the United States, and both residing at River Falls, 5 Pierce county, Wisconsin, have invented certain new and useful Improvements in Metal-Working Machines, of which the following is a specification.

Our invention constitutes certain improve-10 ments on the apparatus shown in Letters Patent of the United States No. 369,872, granted

to us September 13, 1887.

The object of our present invention is to increase the efficiency of the apparatus by 15 making some of the parts adjustable in an improved way and to render the apparatus more powerful by mounting the die or other working-tool on a hinged frame operated by mechanism to raise and lower the die toward 20 and from the work to properly apply the tool to the work.

The details of construction and subjectmatter claimed are hereinafter designated.

In the accompanying drawings, Figure 1 25 is a front elevation of our improved machine; Fig. 2, a front elevation of a modified form of the machine; and Fig. 3 is a detail sectional view of the adjusting mechanism shown in Fig. 1.

The bed-plate A is mounted on suitable standards B, and an upright frame C, shown as formed with a central dome c and wings c' and c^2 on each side, is hinged at one end to a standard D on one end of the bed-plate. 35 The opposite end of the frame is formed on one side with a rack E, with which gear teeth f on a segment or wheel F, secured to an operating-lever G, having bearings in a post H, mounted on the bed-plate in front of the 40 frame. The wing c' of the hinged frame is provided with a punch or other tool I. The anvil J, which may be of any desired form, is secured to the bed-plate in front of the frame C. A welding-die K is shown as formed on its under side to conform to the shape of the upper surface of the anvil, and

and provided with a rearwardly-extending

a shank K' projects upwardly from the body

of the die, and is enlarged at its upper end

or guideway l in the frame C. The block L is formed with a curved recess or seat l' for the enlarged upper end of the shank K', and 55 a flaring opening l² extends from the seat to the bottom of the block. The front plate l3 of the block is shown as removable, and the arm k of the shank K' extends through an aperture in the block. A bolt M extends 60 through the front plate 13, the shank K', and the block L, and through a vertical slot m in the frame C. The nut m' on the inner end of the bolt slides vertically when the block is adjusted in a guideway m^2 , formed on each 65 side of the slot. The block L and its connecting parts are adjustable vertically by means of a screw-shaft N, which extends through apertures in the dome c of the frame C. At its lower end the screw-shaft is secured rig- 70 idly to the block L, and about midway between its ends carries an adjusting-nut N' within a recess n of the frame C. By turning the nut the screw-shaft, the block, and the other connected parts are adjusted verti- 75 cally in the frame. By this means the tool may be adjusted to accommodate different sizes of articles or material to be operated

It will be observed that the shank of the 80 tool K is pivoted to the vertically adjustable block L, so that it will act with equal force on the work and obviate inequalities in the result. When the tool is properly adjusted relatively to the work or to the anvil J, the 85 lever G is operated to raise and lower the frame about its hinge and apply the tool to the work. By this construction great power is afforded and the operation may be performed quickly.

A punch or other tool I may also be worked

by means of the operating-lever G.

In Fig. 2 a slight modification is shown, in which the operating-lever G is journaled in the frame C and the rack E is formed on an 95. upright secured to the bed-plate A. The opposite end of the frame is also shown as cut away on its under side to permit a wider range of adjustment of the punching-tool I. The vertically-adjustable block L is shown roc 50 arm k, as shown in Fig. 3. The upper end of the shank K' extends into a vertically-adjustable block L, adapted to move in a recess being omitted. The block may be adjusted as formed on opposite sides with teeth x,

in its guideway by removing it laterally and

replacing it at the proper elevation.

We have shown in the drawings a welding-tool connected with the hinged frame; but obviously other tools may be used interchangeably with the welding-tool, and other tools may be substituted for the punch shown at the end of the frame.

We claim as our invention-

10 1. The combination, substantially as hereinbefore set forth, of the bed-plate, the frame
hinged at one end to the bed-plate, an operating-lever, teeth connected with the operating-lever and gearing with a rack for raising
and lowering the frame about its hinge, a
tool secured to a vertically-adjustable block
sliding in guideways in the frame, and means
for raising and lowering the block.

2. The combination, substantially as here-20 inbefore set forth, of the hinged frame, means

for raising and lowering it, the vertically-adjustable block sliding in guideways in the frame, a screw-shaft and nut for adjusting the block, and the tool pivoted to the block, for the purpose specified.

3. The combination, substantially as here-inbefore set forth, of the bed-plate, the frame hinged at one end, a tool secured to one end of the frame, and an operating-lever connected with the frame at the opposite end, a verically-adjustable block, and a tool pivoted to said block.

In testimony whereof we have hereunto

subscribed our names.

LEWIS OLSEN. NEVIN E. BURNS.

Witnesses:
GEO. THOMAS,
W. H. SANDERSON.