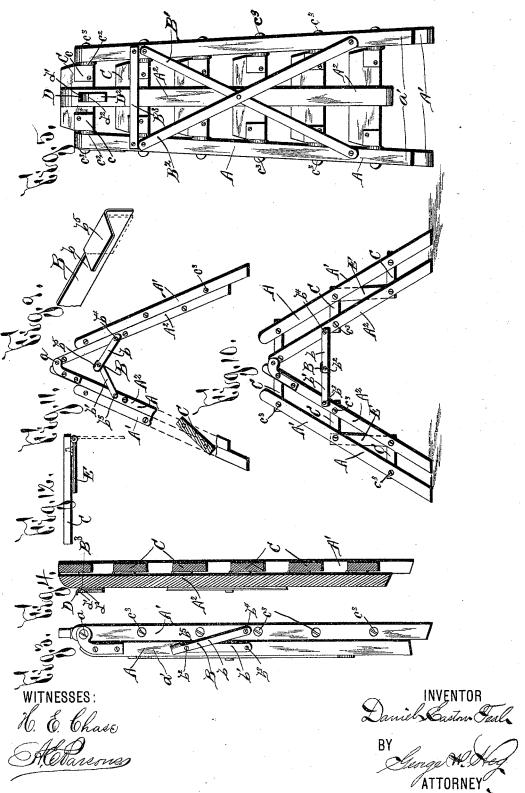
D. E. TEAL. STEP LADDER.

No. 421,843.

Patented Feb. 18, 1890.



UNITED STATES PATENT OFFICE.

DANIEL E. TEAL, OF ONEIDA CASTLE, NEW YORK.

STEP-LADDER.

SPECIFICATION forming part of Letters Patent No. 421,843, dated February 18, 1890.

Application filed April 29, 1889. Serial No. 309,017. (No model.)

To all whom it may concern:

Be it known that I, DANIEL E. TEAL, of Oneida Castle, in the county of Oneida, in the State of New York, have invented new 5 and useful Improvements in Step-Ladders, of which the following, taken in connection with the accompanying drawings, is a full, clear,

and exact description.

My invention relates to an improved step-10 ladder or stand, and has for its object the production of a simple and effective device which can be closely folded together, thus requiring but little space when packed for shipment or stored when not in use; and to this 15 end it consists, essentially, in a supportingframe for the step-ladder or stand, steps hinged to the supporting-frame, and an improved brace connecting the legs or supports of the step-ladder.

It furthermore consists in the detail, construction, and arrangement of the parts, all as hereinafter more fully described, and

pointed out in the claims.

In describing my invention reference is had 25 to the accompanying drawings, forming a part of this specification, in which like letters indicate corresponding parts in all the

Figure 1 is an isometric perspective of my 30 improved step-ladder set up in position for use, clearly illustrating the general construction and arrangement of the parts. Fig. 2 is a longitudinal vertical section of the stepladder in the position shown in Fig. 1. Fig. 35 3 is a side elevation of the step-ladder folded together. Fig. 4 is a vertical section, and Fig. 5 a rear elevation, of the step-ladder in the position shown in Fig. 3, clearly illustrating the relative construction and arrange-40 ment thereof. Fig. 6 is a top plan view of one of the steps, illustrating a portion of the frame of the step-ladder in section and the connection of the step thereto. Fig. 7 is an elevation of the extremity of the step shown 45 in Fig. 6, illustrating the wearing-plate provided thereupon and the connection to the frame. Fig. 8 is a detail view illustrating the catch for holding the steps in position. Fig. 9 is an isometric detail view of the brace 50 connecting the legs of the step-ladder. Fig. 10 is an elevation of a modified construction

sides thereof. Fig. 11 is an elevation, partly in section, of the device illustrated in Fig. 9, shown partly folded together; and Fig. 12 is 55 a detail view illustrating the catch provided upon the modified form of the step-ladder illustrated in Figs. 10 and 11.

A represents the step-ladder, the supporting-frame of which is composed of the front 6c legs or supports A', arranged with a wider space between their lower extremities than their upper and hinged at a to the rear legs or supports a', arranged in like manner to the forward legs and braced by means of cross- 65

bars B', B2, and B3.

B represents the side brace for holding the forward and rear legs apart when the stepladder is in position for use. This brace is composed of the separate divisions b and b', 70 hinged together at b^2 , so that the adjacent extremities of these divisions overlap each other, affording great rigidity thereto. The division b' is hinged at b^3 to the rear leg or support a', and the division b is hinged at b^4 to 75 the forward leg A'. Formed or provided upon the inner extremity of the division b is the bend or loop b^5 , which, when the step-ladder is in its normal position, is adapted to cap over the adjacent extremity of the division 8c b', thus further affording rigidity and preventing the divisions from being forced downward, since the upper edge of the division b'contacts against the under edge of the loop, thus preventing farther downward movement 85 thereof.

When the step-ladder is set up for use and the cross-braces B are in the position illustrated in Fig. 1, it will be seen that the stepladder is retained in the desired position, 90 since strain applied upon the steps would be unable to move the legs or supports A' and a' together, as the cross-brace B is then in a horizontal line. These braces B, being prevented from downward or lateral movement 95 by their peculiar construction, as described, further prevent the collapse of the step-ladder and insure great rigidity when in position for use. The steps C are pivoted, and preferably at their forward edges, to the front 100 legs A', and to prevent undue wear thereupon are preferably provided with the cap c, formed of sheet metal bent over the edge c' of the of the step-ladder formed with steps on both I step adjacent to the forward legs or supports

A' and extended for a short distance along the top and bottom faces of said step. washer c^2 is then inserted between the leg or support A' and the wearing-plate c, and a 5 screw c3 is forced through the said leg, washer, wearing-plate, and step, securely pivoting or hinging the step to the supporting-leg, and from the construction of the parts very little wear is occasioned by the operating or fold-

10 ing of the step-ladder. To support the step C in its normal operative position I form the longitudinal support or leg A², hinged or pivoted to which are the rearward extremities of the steps, and at 15 the upper part of this support or leg I provide the catch D, for locking the step-ladder in operative position. This catch D is formed of the plate D', of suitable material, secured to the support or leg A2 by screws or other 20 suitable means d, and provided with the upward lateral projection d' and the shoulder d^2 , which shoulder is preferably formed by securing a second plate D² upon the lower part of the plate D'. The space between the 25 shoulder d^2 and the projection d' is equal to the width of the cross-bar B^3 , secured at the upper part of the rear legs a', and the lower extremities of the plates D' and D^2 are preferably beveled, so that when the step-ladder 30 is forced to its normal position the cross-bar B³, which is formed of spring metal, rides over the said plates, and when registered with the space between the shoulders d^2 and d' is automatically locked therein by the 35 spring of the metal. The lower extremity of said leg A² bears upon the ground or other support for the step-ladder, and thus by means of the catch D the steps are automatically locked in position when the step-

40 ladder is forced to its operative position.

When it is desired to fold the steps, by forcing upward the hinged extremities of the cross-braces B and forcing outward the crossbar B⁸, so that it is disengaged from the 45 shoulders d' and d^2 , it will be seen that the leg A² can be forced upward, the steps folded upward, and the legs or supports A' and a'brought closely together, as illustrated in

Figs. 3 and 4.

At Figs. 10 and 11 I have shown a modified form of the step-ladder, which is formed with steps at the front and rear thereof. This construction is obtained by using two legs A² and placing the same on the outside of the 55 steps instead of as illustrated in the previous figures of the drawings and by hinging these legs A² to each other at their upward extremity and connecting them by the cross-braces B. This construction of step is very desir-60 able for certain purposes, and by forcing upward the hinged divisions of the side brace B and the legs A2 the folding of this construction of step-ladder will be accomplished in precisely the same manner as that illustrated 65 in the previous figures.

It will be observed that when weight is ap-

ders in the construction illustrated in Figs. 10 and 11, there is a tendency for the stepladder to be forced out of operative position 70 by the upward movement of the legs A². To counteract this I secure on the underneath side of one or more of the steps at the forward edge thereof, a catch E, which, when the step-ladder is in operative position, is dropped 75 or forced downward and bears at the rearward edge of the next lower step.

This construction of step is especially applicable for a stand for a show-window or other place where it is desirable to place a 80 number of articles for observation, and from its peculiar construction a great quantity can be placed thereupon, and when not in use the device can be readily folded together and takes

up but little room.

The parts of my improved device are simple in construction and effective in operation, and by my invention I produce an article which, while possessing all the usual qualities without increased cost of manufacture, 90 can be closely folded together when not in use or when packed for shipment.

It will be understood that while the illustrated forms are the preferable construction of my improved device, considerable change 95 may be made in the relative and detail construction and arrangement of the parts without departing from the spirit of my invention.

Having thus fully described my invention, what I claim as new, and desire to secure by icc

Letters Patent, is-

1. In a step-ladder, the combination of a supporting-frame, steps hinged to said frame, and a spring-catch for locking said steps in their normal position, substantially as set 105 forth.

2. The combination of steps, supportinglegs for said steps, a screw for hinging said steps and legs, and a supporting bar or leg hinged to the steps at the rear thereof for 110 supporting them in their normal position, substantially as described.

3. In combination with a support or leg, a step hinged to said support, a wearing-plate interposed between said step and support, and 115 a support at the rear of the steps for supporting the steps in their normal position, substantially as and for the purpose specified.

4. The combination, with supporting-legs A', hinged to rearward legs a', of the steps C, 120 hinged to said supporting-legs, and a supporting-leg Λ^2 , interposed between the legs Λ' and hinged at the rear of the said steps, substantially as described.

5. The combination, with supporting legs 125 A', hinged to rearward legs a', of the steps C, hinged to said supporting-legs, a support or bar for supporting the legs in their normal position, and a spring-catch for automatically locking said bar to support the legs, substan- 130 tially as specified.

6. The combination, with supporting-legs A', hinged to rearward legs a', of the steps C, plied to the outward edges of the step-lad- I hinged to said supporting-legs, a supporting-

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leg A^2 , interposed between the legs A' and hinged at the rear of the said steps, and a catch for locking said leg A^2 in its normal position, substantially as described.

7. The combination of supporting-legs, bracing-legs hinged to said supporting-legs, steps hinged to said supporting-legs, a supporting-leg A², hinged to the rear of the steps, and a lug or catch upon said latter supporting-leg for engaging the rearward bracing-legs and holding the steps in their normal position, substantially as described.

8. The combination, with the supportinglegs A', rearward legs a', and a spring-bar 15 upon the legs a', of steps hinged to the legs A', a rearward leg A², for supporting the steps in their normal position, and a catch upon said leg for engaging the spring-bar upon the legs a', substantially as specified

a', substantially as specified.

9. The combination of the supporting-legs A', the rearward legs a', and a tie-bar between said legs A' and a', composed of separate

halves or divisions secured to the said respective legs A' and a' and connected to each other to support said legs at their desired adjust-25 ment, with steps hinged to the supporting-legs A', a supporting-leg A², and a catch for engaging said leg A² when the tie-bar is in operative position, substantially as and for the purpose specified.

10. In combination, the support A', the step C, the wearing-plate c, and the pivotal screw C^3 , for pivoting said step to the support A', substantially as and for the purpose described.

In testimony whereof I have hereunto 35 signed my name, in the presence of two attesting witnesses, at Syracuse, in the county of Onondaga, in the State of New York, this 22d day of April, 1889.

DANIEL E. TEAL.

Witnesses: CLARK H. NORTON,

ARTHUR E. PARSONS.