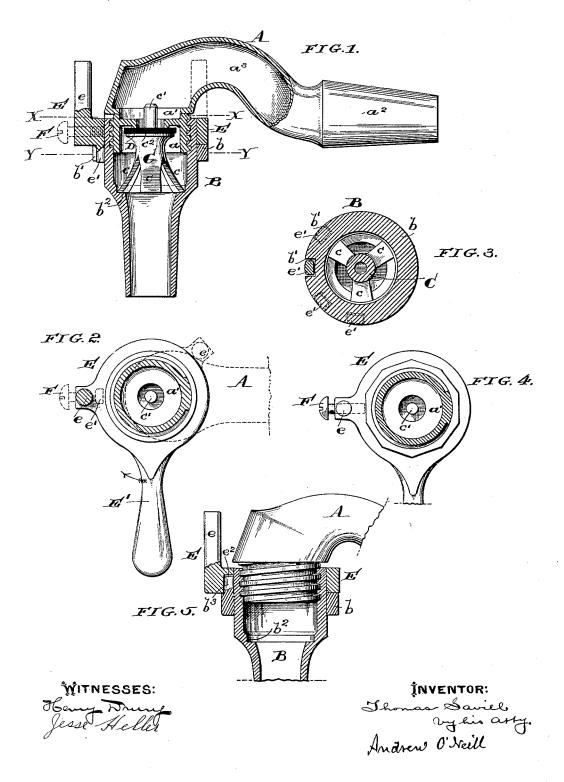
## T. SAVILL. SPIGOT.

No. 453,668.

Patented June 9, 1891.



## United States Patent Office.

## THOMAS SAVILL, OF PHILADELPHIA, PENNSYLVANIA.

## SPIGOT.

SPECIFICATION forming part of Letters Patent No. 453,668, dated June 9, 1891.

Application filed January 13, 1891. Serial No. 377,634. (No model.)

To all whom it may concern:

Be it known that I, THOMAS SAVILL, a citizen of the United States of America, residing at Philadelphia, in the county of Philadel-5 phia and State of Pennsylvania, have invented certain new and useful Improvements in Spigots, of which the following is a specification, reference being had therein to the accompanying drawings.

My invention relates to an improved construction of spigots especially adapted to bath-tubs, sinks, &c., in which all the parts are detachable, rendering the valve and working parts easily accessible for cleansing, ad-

15 justing, &c.

In the accompanying drawings, Figure 1 is a longitudinal sectional view of my improved spigot, showing the valve in elevation. Fig. 2 is a sectional plan view of the same on the 20 line x x, Fig. 1. Fig. 3 is a sectional plan view on the line YY, Fig. 1. Fig. 4 is a similar view to that shown in Fig. 2, showing a modified form of attaching the handle to the nozzle. Fig. 5 is a detached view, partly in 25 section, showing another form of attaching the handle.

A is a tubular casing provided at its outer end with an enlarged threaded mouth-piece a and a valve-seat a', the rear end terminating 30 in a tapered shank  $a^2$ , lying at right angles to the mouth-piece a. A portion of the tubular casing A is shaped into a goose-neck bend a<sup>3</sup>, by means of which the water has a continuous even flow through the tubular cas-35 ing, not being interrupted by acute bends. Adapted to the threaded mouth-piece a is a cylindrical nozzle B, provided with a projecting rim b on the outer surface notched at b' and having the inner recessed portion  $b^2$ , 40 forming a shoulder, upon which rests the valve C. This valve C is preferably made in the form of a tripod, as shown, having three supporting legs or prongs c, a valve-stem c', and a circular flange c<sup>2</sup>, upon which rests a washer D of hard rubber or other suitable material.

Resting upon the outer rim b of the nozzle B is a ring E, forming part of an operatinghandle E', the ring and nozzle being connected 50 together by a pin e', depending from the ring l

and adapted to the notch or recess b' in the rim b. As an additional means of securing the handle to the nozzle, a set-screw F, as shown by dotted lines, Fig. 1, may be employed.

As shown in the drawings, the valve is now 55 raised against its seat a and the spigot is in a "shut-off" position. To place the same in a "full-open" position, the handle is turned in the direction of the arrow, Fig. 2, until the stop-pin e on the ring E comes into contact 60 with the neck of the casing A, this movement rotating the nozzle B upon the threaded mouth-piece a, dropping the nozzle and the valve from its seat.

Various means may be devised for connect- 65 ing the detachable handle E with the nozzle. For instance, I have illustrated in Fig. 3 a construction in which several pins are employed in connection with a number of recesses in the rim b; or, as shown in Fig. 4, rim b on the 70 nozzle may be made in the form of a nut, the ring E of the handle being similarly shaped, thus dispening with the use of the pins e'. When this form of connection is used, I prefer to use the set-screw F.

Fig. 5 illustrates another modification, in which a pin  $b^3$  on the nozzle is adapted to a recessed portion  $e^2$  in the handle E'.

The detachable handle enables me to use this spigot on hot-water pipes with satisfac- 80 tion, as it will not become heated to such a degree as if it formed an integral part thereof. By this construction of the valve, after detaching the same from the nozzle, it will be noticed that the passage-way through the noz- 85 zle is then free and uninterrupted, which is desirable for cleansing, &c.

I claim as my invention-

1. In a spigot or faucet, the combination of a tubular neck or casing A, a valve C therein, 90 a nozzle B, provided with an exterior rim b, a recess or recesses b' therein, with a detachable handle E', and pin or pins e' on said handle, substantially as set forth.

2. In a spigot or faucet, the combination of 95 a tubular neck or casing A, having threaded mouth-piece a, shank  $a^2$ , valve-seat a', and goose-neck portion  $a^3$ , a nozzle B, having a shoulder  $b^2$ , rim b, and notch or notches b', with tripod valve C, having prongs c, a seal- 100 ing-washer D2, and stem C', detachable handle E', having a pin or pins e', and stop-pin e, substantially as set forth.

3. In a spigot or faucet, the combination of 5 a tubular neck or casing A, having threaded mouth-piece a, shank  $a^2$ , valve-seat a', and goose-neck portion  $a^3$ , a nozzle B, having a shoulder  $b^2$ , rim b, and notch or notches b', with tripod valve C, having prongs c, a seal-10 ing-washer D<sup>2</sup> thereon, and stem C', detach-

able handle E', having a pin or pins e', stoppin e, and set-screw F, substantially as set forth.

In testimony whereof I affix my signature in presence of two witnesses.

THOMAS SAVILL.

Witnesses:

THEO H. MCCALLA, E. HOWARD BURKE.