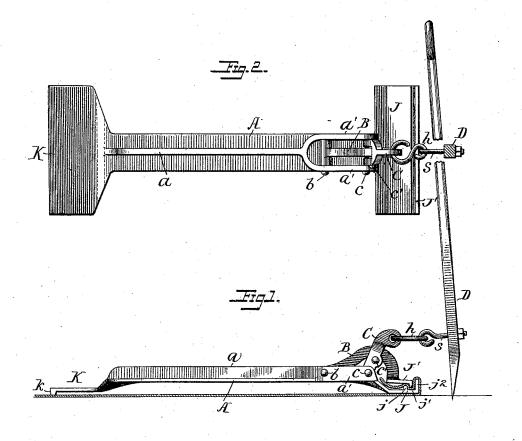
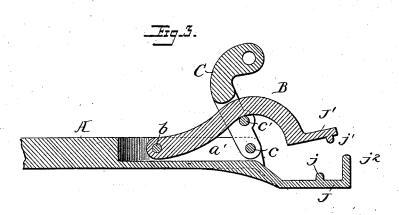
(No Model.)

L. HINKLE. CLAMP CARPET STRETCHER.

No. 456,001.

Patented July 14, 1891.





Judy Hunkel J. A. Fairgrieve. INVENTOR Leonard Hinkles by JAWalson Attorney

UNITED STATES PATENT OFFICE.

LEONARD HINKLE, OF INDIANAPOLIS, INDIANA.

CLAMP CARPET-STRETCHER.

SPECIFICATION forming part of Letters Patent No. 456,001, dated July 14, 1891.

Application filed December 15, 1890. Serial No. 374,853. (No model.)

To all whom it may concern:

Be it known that I, LEONARD HINKLE, a citizen of the United States, residing at Indianapolis, county of Marion, and State of Indiana, have invented a new and useful Carpet-Stretcher, of which the following is a specification.

My invention relates to an improved clamp or vise carpet-stretcher which enables the opo erator to stretch the carpet within a few inches of the wall without stay-tacking or using separate tools. It is also intended to obviate the use of awls, knee-stretchers, and other devices commonly used as auxiliaries and

15 which are more or less injurious to the carpet. The invention consists in certain particulars of construction and novel combinations of parts, which I will now particularly describe, reference being had to the accompa-20 nying drawings, in which-

Figure 1 is a side elevation showing my improved carpet-stretcher in operation. Fig. 2 is a plan view, the stretching-lever being partly broken away; and Fig. 3 is a partial 25 vertical central sectional view showing the

My improved stretcher consists of a body portion A, having at one end a knee or pressure plate K and at the other a fixed jaw J, 30 a movable jaw J', carried by a lever B, having a cam-surface, which is pivoted to the body A, a cam-operating lever C, also pivoted to the body, and a stretching-lever D, connected to the cam-operating lever by a link 35 or other suitable connection. The lever B, I shall hereinafter denominate a "cam-lever." The body portion A is preferably formed with a strengthening-rib a, and near the jaw end this rib is bifurcated, and between the branches 40 a' extend pins or wrists b c, upon which the cam and its operating-lever are pivoted. The knee or pressure plate has downwardly-projecting calks k to securely hold the carpet in place on the floor after it has been sufficiently 45 stretched, and the jaws are provided with intermeshing ribs jj' to insure a firm grip on the carpet, the lower jaw being also provided with an upturned lip j^2 for the same purpose.

The cam-lever is preferably shaped like a 50 "goose-neck" in general outline and is rect-

ing lever is preferably of inverted-U shape, the legs of the U extending down on either side of the cam-lever. The cross-piece of the U bears upon the cam-surface when the 55 stretcher is operated. A pin or rivet c' is passed through the cam-operating lever below the cam to lift the latter when the lever is thrown back. The cam-surface of the lever B is of such shape that said lever will at 60 first move rapidly in closing; but when it is about to grip the carpet it moves more slowly and with greater power, and finally grasps the carpet with great force.

The cam-operating lever is united to the 65 stretching-lever by a strong connection. As shown, the connecting medium consists of a hook h, which is passed through an eye in the upper end of the former lever and linked to an eye swiveled in the latter. The stretch- 70 ing-lever is made with one or more sharp points at its lower end to engage the wood, preferably two, and a handle of some sort at its upper end.

In stretching carpets with my improved ma- 75 chine the jaws are opened, as shown in Fig. 3, by throwing back the operating lever. The edge of the carpet is then inserted and the jaws closed, as seen in Fig. 1. The points of the stretching-lever being now made to en- 80 gage the floor at the lower edge of the base-board, and the upper end being pushed toward the wall, it will first cause the jaws to clamp the carpet very tightly, by reason of the action of the cam-lever, and then draw the 85 whole stretching-machine and the carpet toward the wall. When the carpet is sufficiently stretched, pressure upon the knee-plate will hold it in position while the jaws are opened and the edge of the carpet properly tacked 90 down.

It will be evident that various changes in details of construction can be made without departing from the spirit of my invention, and it is therefore to be understood that I do 95 not limit myself to the precise construction and arrangement of parts shown.

What I claim is-1. In a carpet-stretcher, the combination, with the body portion having a knee-plate at 100 one end and a fixed jaw at the other, of a pivangular in cross-section. The cam-operat-loted cam-lever carrying a movable jaw, a camoperating lever, a stretching-lever, and a connection between said levers, substantially as described

2. In a carpet-stretcher, the combination, 5 with the body portion having a bifurcated rib, a knee-plate, and a fixed jaw, of the cam-lever pivoted between the branch ribs and carrying a movable jaw, an operating-lever similarly pivoted and arranged to bear upon the upper and lower sides of the cam to close and open the jaws, and means for moving the operating-lever, substantially as described.

3. The carpet-stretcher herein described,

consisting of the body, knee-plate, and fixed lower jaw provided with rib j and lip j^2 , in 15 combination with the cam-lever pivoted to the body and carrying a movable jaw with rib j', and a cam-operating lever pivoted to the body between the cam-lever pivot and the fixed jaw and connected to a stretching-lever, 20 substantially as set forth.

LEONARD HINKLE.

Witnesses:

EDWIN WETHERBY, JNO. T. PLUMMER.