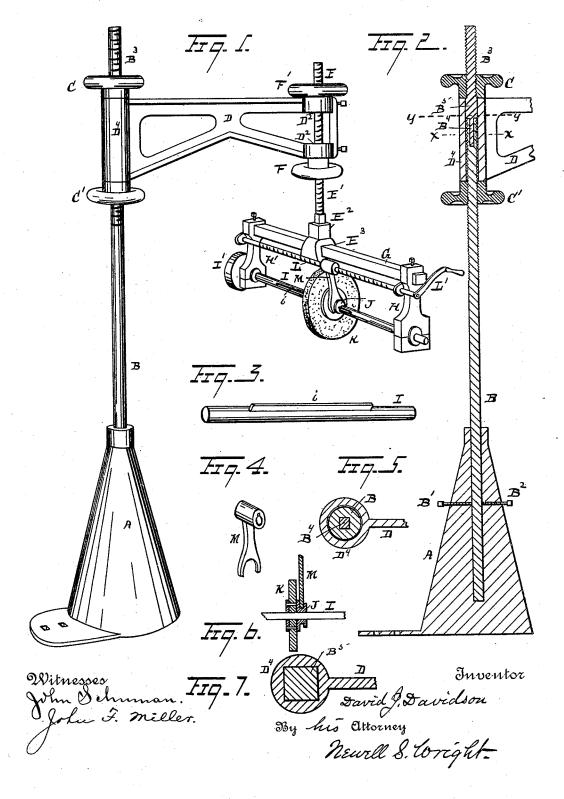
D. J. DAVIDSON. MACHINE FOR RE-DRESSING MILL ROLLS.

No. 489,412.

Patented Jan. 3, 1893.



UNITED STATES PATENT OFFICE.

DAVID J. DAVIDSON, OF BROCKWAY, MICHIGAN.

MACHINE FOR RE-DRESSING MILL-ROLLS.

SPECIFICATION forming part of Letters Patent No. 489,412, datèd January 3, 1893.

Application filed May 23, 1892. Serial No. 434,068. (No model.)

To all whom it may concern:

Be it known that I, DAVID J. DAVIDSON, a citizen of the United States, residing at Brockway, county of St. Clair, State of Michigan, have invented a certain new and useful Improvement in Machines for Re-Dressing Mill-Rolls; and I declare the following to be a full, clear, and exact description of the invention, such as will enable others skilled in the art to which it appertains to make and use the same, reference being had to the accompanying drawings, which form a part of this specification.

My invention relates to certain new and useful improvements in a machine for redressing mill-rolls, and it consists of the construction, combination and arrangement of devices and appliances hereinafter specified and claimed, and illustrated in the accompazo nying drawings, in which—

Figure 1 is a view in perspective embodying my invention. Fig. 2 is a vertical section through the support. Fig. 3 is a separate view of the shaft carrying the dressing wheel. Fig. 4 is a separate view of the device engaging the hub of the dressing wheel and the threaded bar. Fig. 5 is a sectional view on the line x-x Fig. 2. Fig. 6 is a sectional view through the dressing wheel. Fig. 3 or is a view in section on the line y-y Fig. 2.

It is the purpose of my invention to provide a simple and efficient re-dressing machine, portable and adjustable, wherewith any miller may re-dress his own rolls without 35 removing them from the machine, the re-dressing machine being applied to the rolls to be re-dressed, instead of applying the rolls to the re-dressing machine.

I carry out my invention as follows:

40 In the drawings A represents any suitable support.

B represents a vertical standard having a vertically adjustable engagement with said support.

5 B' and B' denote set screws to hold the standard in any position to which it may be adjusted. Other means may be employed to serve the same purpose as said set screws.

Engaged with the standard B is an addi-50 tional standard B³ having a squared portion B⁵, the two standards B B³ being threaded, rebe moved to and fro upon the shaft I so as to

spectively, above and below said squared portion.

C and C' denote upper and lower adjusting hand wheels engaged respectively with the 55 threaded portions of the standards B B³.

The standard B³ is removably engaged with the upper end of the standard B in any suitable manner, as by recessing the one, and providing the other with a corresponding arm 60 B⁴ to engage in said recess.

D denotes a crane engaged upon the standards B B³. This crane is formed with a hollow arm D⁴ having a squared interior portion to engage upon the squared portion of the ver- 65 tical standard B³, to prevent the crane from turning laterally upon gold standard

turning laterally upon said standard. The two hand wheels C C' are located the one above and the other below the arm D4, whereby the arm may be adjusted upward or 70 downward upon the vertical standards B B3. Said standards when united, as above described, in reality form one combined support to carry said crane. I do not limit myself solely, however, to a support so con-75 structed. The opposite end of the crane is also constructed with one or more orifices at D2, in which is located an adjustable supporting arm E, said latter arm constructed with a threaded portion E' and a base E2 adjust- 80 ably engaged with the arm E in any suitable manner. Hand wheels FF' are engaged upon the threaded portion of the arm E, one above and the other below the adjacent end of the crane to control the adjustment of the arm E. 85 The base E2 is constructed with a channel at E³ to receive a bar G. Upon the extremities of said bar are engaged hangers HH'. These hangers carry a shaft I provided with a small pulley I', and a rib "i," upon which is engaged 90 a sleeve or hub J. K is a dressing or emery wheel rotatable upon said hub, and laterally movable upon said shaft. The hangers HH' also carry a threaded bar L which may be provided with an operating handle L', the bar 95

L being rotatable in said hangers.

M denotes a carrier arm having a threaded engagement with the bar L, and also with the hub of the emery wheel. It will be seen that as the threaded bar L is rotated, as by the 100 hand of the operator, the emery wheel will be moved to and fro upon the shaft L so as to

dress the roll from one end to the other. It ! will be seen that the re-dressing machine may thus, be readily placed adjacent to the rolls in their accustomed place, in any desired po-5 sition. The crane carries the emery wheel over the rolls, where it may be adjusted to any desired operative position. The pulley I' is belted with the shaft of the roll to be dressed. When the rolls are set in rotation 10 by the accustomed mechanism, the emery wheel is thus rotated. By this construction the roll may revolve slowly, while the emery wheel rotates at a high rate of speed in the opposite direction. In this manner the usual 15 power which drives the roll drives the redresser also.

What I claim as my invention is:

1. In a machine for re-dressing mill rolls the combination of a support, a crane having 20 an adjustable engagement with the support, a supporting arm having an adjustable engagement with the opposite end of said crane, and a rotatable shaft provided with a dressing roll engaged with said arm, and means to reciprocate said roll upon said shaft substantially as described.

In a machine for re-dressing mill rolls, the combination of a support, a crane having an adjustable engagement with the support, a supporting arm having an adjustable engagement with the opposite end of said crane, a rotatable shaft provided with a dressing

roll engaged with said arm, said shaft provided with a pulley, and said dressing roll laterally movable on said shaft, substantially 35 as described.

3. In a machine for re-dressing mill rolls, the combination of a support, a crane having an adjustable engagement with the support, a supporting arm having an adjustable engagement with the opposite end of said crane, a rotatable shaft provided with a dressing roll engaged with said arm, said shaft having an adjustable connection with said arm, and means of moving said dressing roll laterally 45 upon said shaft, substantially as described.

4. In a machine for re-dressing mill rolls, the combination of a supporting standard, a crane adjustably engaged therewith, means to adjust the crane vertically and to prevent 50 its lateral movement upon said standard, a supporting arm adjustably engaged with the opposite end of the crane, means to adjust said supporting arm, a rotatable dressing wheel suspended from said arm, and means 55 to move the dressing wheel laterally, substantially as described.

In testimony whereof I signed this specification in the presence of two witnesses.

DAVID J. DAVIDSON.

Witnesses:

H. E. MARTIN, C. W. HANNA.