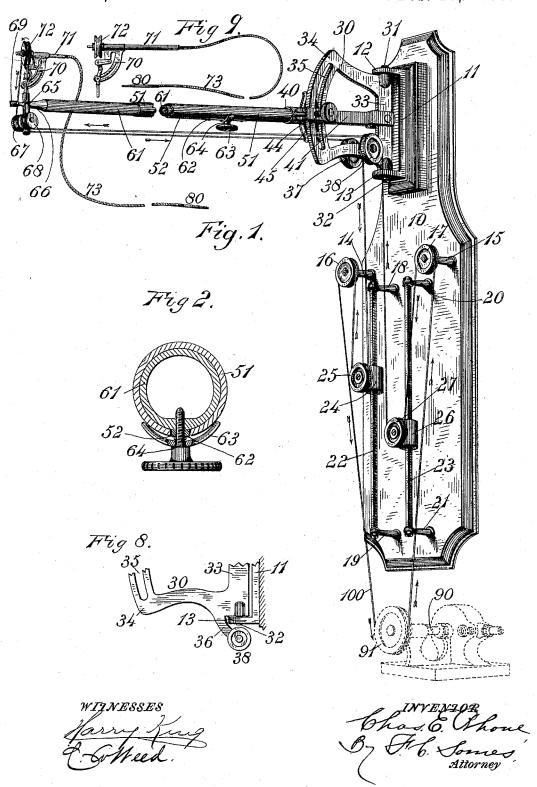
# C. E. RHONE. DENTAL ENGINE.

No. 492,432.

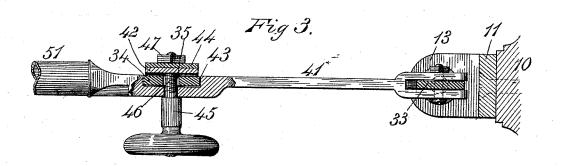
Patented Feb. 28, 1893.

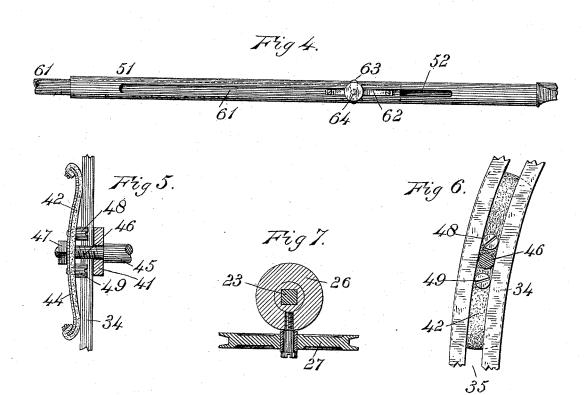


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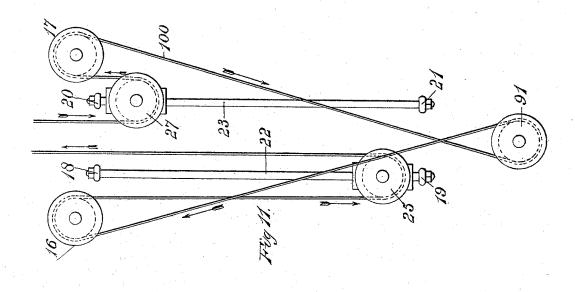
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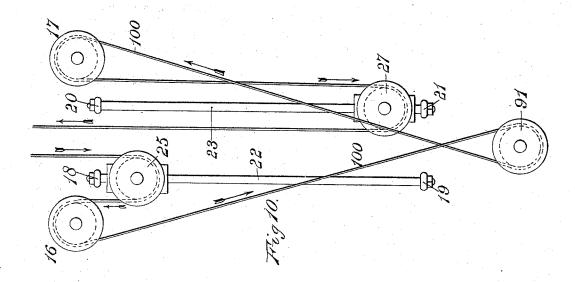
By F. 6. Somes
Attorney

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MIZNESSES Harry King. & Weed. Chas 6. Thone By F. C. Somes Attorney

#### UNITED STATES PATENT OFFICE.

CHARLES EDWARD RHONE, OF BELLEFONTE, PENNSYLVANIA.

#### DENTAL ENGINE.

SPECIFICATION forming part of Letters Patent No. 492,432, dated February 28, 1893.

Application filed May 11, 1892. Serial No. 432,650. (No model.)

To all whom it may concern:

Be it known that I, CHARLES EDWARD RHONE, a citizen of the United States of America, residing at Bellefonte, in the county 5 of Centre, in the State of Pennsylvania, have invented a new and useful Improvement in Dental Engines, of which the following is a specification.

This invention relates to dental engines to which are usually attached to the wall and

operated by a motor.

The object of this invention is to provide an engine arm capable of universal adjustment in any direction, which is free to be adjusted at the will of the operator, and which will maintain itself in its adjusted position without manipulation of a set screw or other locking device on the part of the operator.

The object of the invention is further to provide an automatic tension device for the driving cord whereby said cord is automatically elongated or contracted and the tension regulated and maintained when the arm is swung in any direction and even when said 25 arm is axially elongated or shortened.

Figure 1 of the accompanying drawings represents a perspective view of this improved dental engine, and also a side elevation of the engine head, flexible shaft and hand piece in 30 detached position. Fig. 2 represents a transverse section through the extensible arm thereof, and the clamp for holding the telescopic sections of said arm in extended positions against the tendency of the driving cord to contract said arm. Fig. 3 represents a plan view partly in section of the inner end of the engine arm and the swiveled bracket to which it is pivoted, showing the spring clamp for holding said arm in adjusted position on said 40 bracket and permitting it to move freely at the will of the operator. Fig. 4 represents a plan view of the under side of the telescoping sections of the engine arm showing the clamp for holding them in position on each 45 other. Fig. 5 represents a fragment of the swiveled bracket, a transverse section of the engine arm and the spring clamp for holding said parts together. Fig. 6 represents a fragment of the swiveled bracket and a portion 50 of the spring clamp for holding the engine !

arm in contact with said bracket. Fig. 7 represents a horizontal section of one of the selfadjusting slides for regulating the tension of the driving cord, the pulley attached to said slide and the guide rod on which the said 55 slide plays. Fig. 8 represents a fragment of the swiveled bracket to which the engine arm is attached, said bracket being provided with a downwardly and rearwardly extended arm carrying pulleys for the driving cord, where- 60 by said pulleys are located adjacent to the center of motion of said swiveled bracket. Fig. 9 represents the engine head detached from the engine arm. Fig. 10 represents the tension device showing the movable slides in 65 the position which they assume when the driving cord is driving the tool in forward motion. Fig. 11 represents the tension device showing the movable pulleys in the position which they assume when the cord is 70 moving in a direction to drive the drill in a reverse motion.

The same reference numbers are used in all the figures in the designation of the same parts.

The wall plate 10 is designed to be attached to the wall in any desired position adjacent to the dental chair or it may constitute an upright standard attached to the floor adjacent to said chair. This wall plate is pro- 30 vided with ears 12 and 13 near its upper end. Fixed studs 14 and 15 provided with pulleys 16 and 17 are disposed on said wall plate below said ears. Two fixed studs 18 and 19 are disposed on said wall plate both in the same 85 vertical plane and provided with eyes at their outer ends, and two fixed studs 20 and 21 are likewise disposed on said wall plate in the same vertical plane with each other and to the right of the stude 18 and 19, said stude 20 90 and 21 being also provided with eyes at their outer ends. A guide rod 22 preferably angular in cross section, is supported in the eyes of the studs 18 and 19 and a similar guide rod 23, also angular in cross section, is supported 95 in the eyes of the studs 20 and 21. A tension slide 24 provided with a pulley 25 is disposed on the guide rod 22 and a similar tension slide 26 provided with a pulley 27 is disposed on the guide rod 23. A swiveled bracket 30 is 100 hinged by means of pivots 31 and 32 on the ears 12 and 13, said studs being preferably in the form of screws which pass through said ears and enter sockets in the vertical rear arm 33 of said bracket. The front arm 34 of said bracket is preferably arc-shaped and provided with a slot 35 preferably arc-shaped. An arm 36 preferably depends from the lower bar of said bracket and extends rearward to a point in line with the pivots of said bracket. Pulleys 37 and 38 are journaled on studs on said bracket preferably on the dependent arm 36 thereof, whereby they are adjacent to the center of motion of said bracket.

An engine arm 40 is pivoted to the swiveled bracket 30. This engine arm is preferably constructed in three sections, a rear section 41, an outer tubular section 51, attached to the outer end of the section 41, and an in-20 ner tubular section 61 which telescopes within the tubular section 51. The inner section 41 is pivoted at its forked rear end to the vertical rear arm 33 of the bracket 30 and said section is provided near its forward end 25 with a recess 43 which engages the arc-shaped arm 34 of said bracket. A spring clamp serves to hold the engine arm in any desired position to which it may be adjusted on said bracket. This spring clamp, as shown in the 30 drawings, comprises a semi-elliptic spring 44 disposed on the arc-shaped arm 34 opposite the recess of the arm 41, a headed stud 45 having a screw-threaded tang 46 extending through the slot 35 of the arc-shaped arm and 35 through said spring and being provided on its outer end with a nut 47.

The spring 44 is provided with two guide studs 48 and 49 which extend into and play in the slot 35 of the arc-shaped arm 34 and 40 serve to retain the spring in position on the are shaped arm, preventing its swiveling on the stud. This spring is also preferably provided with an inner facing of leather or other suitable material to cause greater friction on 45 the arc-shaped arm. This spring clamp has sufficient friction to hold the engine arm at any angle to which it may be swung on the bracket and yet owing to its elasticity it permits said engine arm to be moved in either 50 direction by pressure of the operator upon it without the interruption necessary in case a set screw or other locking device requiring special adjustment were used.

The outer tubular section 51 of the engine 55 arm 40 is provided with a longitudinal slot 52, and the inner tubular section 61 which slides within the section 51 is provided with a tongue 62 which engages said slot. A spring clamp serves to hold the tubular section 61 in 60 the position to which it is adjusted, preventing accidental sliding thereof within the outer tube and permitting said inner tube to slide in the outer tube at the will of the operator to elongate or shorten the engine arm with-65 out adjustment of said clamp by the operator. This clamp as shown in the drawings

comprises a spring 63 and an adjusting screw 64, the latter passing through the former and through the slot of the outer tubular section and taking into a screw-threaded hole in the 70 inner tubular section. The tubular section 61 is provided with a tapered end 65 which carries a socket 66 for the engine head, said socket being provided with studs on which pulleys 67 and 68 for the driving cord are 75 journaled. This tapered end is also provided with a handle 69 whereby the telescoping section may be readily pulled out or pushed within the outer section so as to extend or shorten the engine arm.

An adjustable engine head 70 of any ordinary or suitable construction is disposed in the socket 66 and carries a shaft 71 having a pulley 72. The ordinary flexible shaft 73 is attached to one end of the shaft 71, and an 85 ordinary hand piece 80 carrying the drill chuck is attached to the outer end of the flexible shaft.

A reversible driving shaft 90 of any suitable motor, driven by water, electricity or 90 other power, is located beneath the wall plate and carries a pulley 91.

A driving belt 100 preferably in the form of a cord passes over the pulley 91 of the motor, over the pulley 17 of the fixed stud 15 95 then downward under the pulley 27 on the self-adjusting slide 26, thence upward over the pulley 38 on one side of the hinged bracket 30, thence outward along the engine arm and under the pulley 68 on one side of the socket 100 66 at the outer end of said arm, thence over the pulley 72 of the engine head, thence back under the pulley 67 attached to the opposite side of said socket, thence inward along the engine arm and over the pulley 37 attached 105 to the opposite side of the said hinged bracket, thence downward under the pulley 25 attached to the other self-adjusting slide 24, thence upward and over the pulley 16 journaled on the fixed stud 14, and thence down- 110 ward to the motor pulley 91.

In the use of this improved dental engine the engine arm 40 has a universal adjustment by means of the horizontally swinging bracket 30 and the vertical motion of said arm 115 pivoted to said bracket. The engine arm can also be elongated or contracted to any desired extent by the sliding of one of its sections upon another. The elongation and contraction of the engine arm is preferably effected 120 by telescoping one of its sections within the other, but it is obvious that any other construction which will permit one section to slide upon the other may be substituted for that shown. The self-adjusting slides 24 and 26 125 and the guide pulleys which operate in conjunction therewith constitute an automatic tension device for regulating the tension of the driving cord. The capacity of this automatic tension device is such that it will regu- 130 late and maintain the tension of the driving cord automatically under any movements of

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the engine arm whether horizontal or vertical and even when said arm is elongated and contracted. This is an important feature, as the attention of the dentist is not distracted from 5 his work to adjust the cord when he elongates

or shortens the arm.

When the engine is moving forward the left hand slide 24 carrying the pulley 25 will always remain at the upper end of the guide 10 rod and the right hand slide 26 carrying the pulley 27 will serve as the adjusting pulley to lengthen or shorten the cord when the engine arm is pushed in or pulled out or swung to the right or left. When the engine 15 arm is pushed in to its shortest position the slide 26 will be at or near the lower end of its guide rod as shown in Fig. 10 and as said arm is pulled out or elongated said slide will rise on said guide rod, and when said arm 20 is extended to its extreme length, said right hand slide 26 will also be at the top of its guide rod.

When the engine is reversed, the right hand slide 26 carrying the pulley 27 will assume 25 position at the upper end of its guide rod, and the left hand slide 24 carrying the pulley 25 will serve as the adjusting device for the driving cord, assuming position at the lower end of its guide rod as shown in Fig. 11 30 when the arm is at its shortest, at the top of its guide rod when the arm is extended at its full length, and at a point between said extremes when the arm is partially drawn out. As shown in Fig. 1 the tension slides may be said to be in the act of shifting their positions from a reverse to a forward motion of the

engine.

I claim as my invention—

1. The combination of a swiveled bracket, 40 an engine arm pivoted to said bracket to swing in a plane at an angle to the plane of movement of said bracket, an automatic spring clamp which holds said engine arm in adjusted position on said bracket and permits it to 45 swing freely thereon at the will of the operator, an engine head supported by said arm, a tool chuck in operative connection with said engine head, and means for operating said engine head.

2. The combination of a swiveled bracket provided with a slot, an arm pivoted to said bracket to swing in a plane at an angle to the plane of movement thereof, a semi-elliptic spring in contact with said bracket and a stud connected with said spring and extending through said slot and through said arm.

3. The combination of a swiveled bracket, an engine arm pivoted to said bracket to swing in a plane at an angle to the plane of 60 movement of said bracket, and an automatic spring clamp which holds said arm in adjusted position on said bracket and permits it to swing freely thereon at the will of the operator, said clamp consisting of a semitact face, and a clamping stud passing through said members.

4. The combination of a swiveled bracket provided with a slot, an arm pivoted to said bracket to swing in a plane at an angle to 70 the plane of movement thereof, a semi-elliptic spring in contact with said bracket and provided with guide studs engaging said slot, and a clamping stud extending through said spring and arm and through the slot of said 75 bracket.

5. The combination of a swiveled bracket provided with an arc-shaped slotted bar, an arm pivoted to said bracket to swing in a plane at an angle to the plane of movement 80 thereof, and provided with a recess engaging said arc-shaped bar, and a clamping device for holding said arm in adjusted position on

the arc-shaped bar.

6. The combination of an adjustable arm, 85 an engine head supported thereon, a tool chuck in operative connection with said head, pulleys on said arm, a driving shaft provided with a pulley, pulleys disposed on fixed studs between said driving pulley and adjustable 90 arm, two movable tension pulleys disposed between said fixed pulleys and said driving shaft, and a driving belt passing over said

pulleys.
7. The combination of an extensible arm, 95 and an engine head supported thereon, a tool chuck in operative connection with said head, pulleys on said arm, a driving shaft provided with a pulley, pulleys disposed on fixed studs between said driving pulley and extensible 100 arm, two movable tension pulleys disposed between said fixed pulleys and said driving shaft, and a driving belt passing over said

pulleys.

8. The combination of an adjustable arm, 105 an engine head supported thereon, a tool chuck in operative connection with said engine head, a driving shaft provided with a pulley, pulleys on said adjustable arm, pulleys on fixed studs disposed between said 110 arm and said driving pulleys, two vertical guide rods, two slides disposed on said guide rods and provided with pulleys, and a driving belt passing over said pulleys.

9. The combination of a swiveled bracket, 115 an engine arm pivoted to said bracket and provided with a dependent arm, an engine head supported on said engine arm, and means for operating said engine head, said means including pulleys disposed on said de- 120 pendent arm in line with the axis of said

swiveled bracket.

10. The combination of a pivoted arm, an engine head supported thereby, a tool chuck in operative connection with said engine 125 head, and means for operating said engine head, said pivoted arm comprising two telescoping sections and a spring clamp connecting said sections and consisting of a bow 65 elliptic spring provided with a frictional con- | spring and an adjusting screw passing 130 through said spring and through a slot in one I thereon at the will of the operator an engine of said sections and threaded into the other I head supported by said arm, a tool chuck in

11. The combination of a bracket, an en5 gine arm, an automatic spring clamp uniting
them with a yielding tension, whereby said
engine arm is held in adjusted position on said bracket and permitted to swing freely

head supported by said arm, a tool chuck in 10 operative connection with said engine head, and means for operating said engine head. CHARLES EDWARD RHONE.

Witnesses:

F. C. Somes, C. W. WEED.