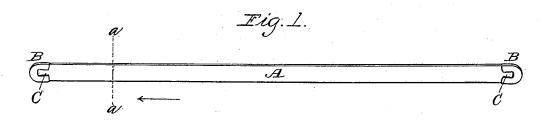
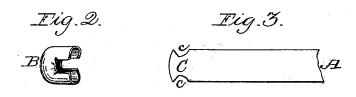
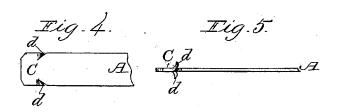
C. K. PEVEY. CORSET STIFFENER.

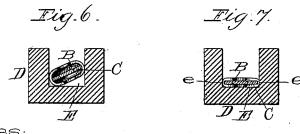
No. 494,078.

Patented Mar. 21, 1893.









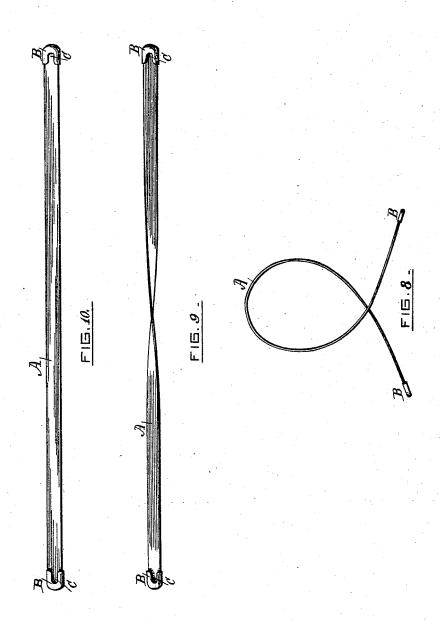
Witnesses;

Thorth. Sodge Henry L. Waler

Inventor; Charles K Pevey C. K. PEVEY. CORSET STIFFENER.

No. 494,078.

Patented Mar. 21, 1893.



WITNESSES:

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Charles K Devey

UNITED STATES PATENT OFFICE.

CHARLES K. PEVEY, OF WORCESTER, MASSACHUSETTS.

CORSET-STIFFENER.

SPECIFICATION forming part of Letters Patent No. 494,078, dated March 21, 1893.

Application filed December 31, 1885. Serial No. 187,255. (Model.)

To all whom it may concern:

Be it known that I, CHARLES K. PEVEY, of the city and county of Worcester and Commonwealth of Massachusetts, have invented certain new and useful Improvements in Dress and Corset Stiffeners; and I do hereby declare the following to be a full, clear, and exact description of the same, reference being had to the accompanying drawings and to the letters of reference marked thereon, forming a part of this specification, in which-

Figure 1, represents a perspective view of a dress and corset stiffener made according to my invention. Fig. 2, represents upon an en-15 larged scale a perspective view of the metal cap employed to cover or shield the ends. Fig. 3, represents upon an enlarged scale one end of my dress and corset stiffener, showing one mode or good way of making or forming the 20 end of the stiffener, preparatory to receiving the cap. Fig. 4, represents upon an enlarged scale a side view of one end of the stiffener, showing another form or way of accomplishing the same end. Fig. 5, represents an edge view of the parts shown in Fig. 4. Fig. 6, represents upon an enlarged scale, a section of the die employed to fasten the cap to the end of the steel, showing the parts as they

would appear if the stiffener were in section 30 on line \tilde{a} \tilde{a} , Fig. 1, looking in the direction of the arrow, same figure, and Fig. 7 represents the same view shown in Fig. 6, after the cap has been compressed upon the end of the stiffener, as will be hereinafter more fully de-35 scribed. Figs. 8 and 9, Sheet 2, represent the

elastic and spring nature of the device since after being bent and twisted into the forms shown in Figs. 8, and 9 and then released, it will instantly resume its normal position 40 shown in Figs. 1, and 10, as will be hereinafter more fully described.

To enable those skilled in the art to which my invention belongs to make and use the same I will proceed to describe it more in de-

In the drawings A represents the body of the stiffener, and which body is formed from steel wire, the wire being first run between suitable rolls and flattened out to the desired 50 thinness, after which it is tempered, and drawn or run through a bath of molten tin or other molten non-corrosive metal, and as the the devices which have preceded it, in that

wire comes from such molten non-corrosive bath, it is brushed or rubbed smooth and even, and which can be done in a very effectual 55 manner by drawing the coated wire through an asbestus wiper. The temperature of the molten metal is regulated to draw the temper of the flattened steel wire just sufficient to leave it in the proper elastic state to make 60 easy and yielding dress and corset stiffeners. If preferred the tempering and coating operations may all be performed in a continuous, or series of succeeding steps, the necessary apparatus being provided to enable the said op- 65 erations to be performed with a single passage of the flattened steel through the combined apparatus. The non-corrosive coating applied to the surface of the flattened steel contributes very much to the secure and per- 70 fect attachment of the caps B to the ends of the stiffeners. The flattened tempered wire is then cut up into the proper and desired lengths, after which the metal non-corrosive caps B are secured to the ends C of stiffener 75 body A.

To insure the caps remaining securely in place the ends C C, are either cut out as shown at c, c, Fig. 3, or cut and turned up to form sharp points or teeth d, d, as shown in Figs. 80 4 and 5. To the ends C, thus prepared, caps B, are slipped on and then the ends C of the stiffener with its cap is placed in a die D, the opening E being slightly wider than the width of the end C, after which a plunger descends 85 and forces both the end C and cap B, into the bottom of the die D, see Fig. 7. By this operation the cap B is pressed tightly about the end C, and into the notches c, c, when the end is prepared as shown in Fig. 3, while when 90. the end is prepared as shown in Figs. 4 and 5, the metal of the cap B is pressed into the notches and about the end of the stiffener, and at the same time and by the same operation the teeth d, d, are pressed into the metal 95 of the caps, and both are pressed down smooth and even. By either of the above modes, the caps are securely fastened to the ends C of the stiffeners, while at the same time the caps are smooth and not liable to cut or wear 100 through the fabric in which they are placed, the edges e, e, of the caps being pressed thin.

My corset stiffeners differ greatly from all

the gentle spring of the metal stiffener is relied on for support to the wearer instead of the stiffness and comparative rigidity of the

device. Whalebone and other imitations thereof, when used in corsets soon become stiffened to such a degree by use as to be really as rigid as sticks laced about the person, thereby greatly interfering with a graceful motion of the body, while at the same time, in injuriously obstructing the circulation of the

blood, in consequence of being forced in their rigid state against the person by the motions of the body in daily exercise and work. My stiffener on the contrary always retains a uni-

to conform to the varying motions of the body, but reacts by a gentle and easy pressure to bring the body back to the desired position. In fact, all the stiffeners act as so many little

20 fingers to gently touch the person, which is thus caused to instinctively assume a correct position again, the springs never "setting" however bent or twisted in use. By my present invention along needed article is produced for use in ladies dresses and 25 corsets, not found in the various whalebone and cloth covered steel stiffeners heretofore in use.

My stiffener is light, very elastic, not liable to break, does not rust or corrode, and gives 30 a gentle but constant support to the person of the wearer, which is conducive both to fit of garments and health of wearer.

Having described my improved dress and corset stiffener, what I claim as my invention, 35 and desire to secure by Letters Patent, is—

As an article of manufacture, a dress and corset stiffener, of thin, flat, tempered steel, having the temper-cracks filled with tin, and the surface covered with a smooth thin coat-40 ing of tin, substantially as and for the purpose described.

CHARLES K. PEVEY.

Witnesses: Thos. H. Dodge,

HENRY L. MILLER.