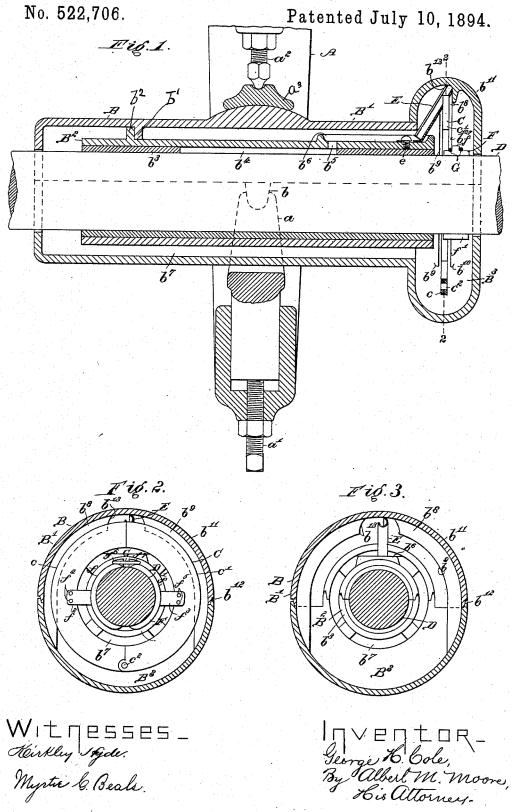
G. H. COLE.
MECHANICAL OILER FOR JOURNAL BEARINGS.



## United States Patent Office.

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## MECHANICAL OILER FOR JOURNAL-BEARINGS.

SPECIFICATION forming part of Letters Patent No. 522,706, dated July 10, 1894.

Application filed October 10, 1891. Serial No. 408,322. (No model.)

To all whom it may concern:

Be it known that I, GEORGE H. COLE, a citizen of the United States, residing at Lowell, in the county of Middlesex and Commonwealth of Massachusetts, have invented a certain new and useful Improvement in Mechanical Oilers for Journal-Bearings, of which the following is a specification.

My invention relates to mechanical oilers 10 for journal-bearings and consists in the combinations and devices hereinafter described and claimed which have for their object to cause by inexpensive means a continuous flow of oil through the journal-box and a per-15 feet lubrication of the journal without waste

In the accompanying drawings, Figure 1 is a vertical longitudinal section of a journal-box provided with my improvement, and a 20 hanger and a side elevation of a piece of shafting arranged in said journal-box; Fig. 2, a vertical cross section on the line 2 2 in Fig. 1 of the reservoir and shaft and a side elevation of the collar and clamp; Fig. 3, a section 25 on the line 2 2 in Fig. 1, omitting the collar and clamp.

A represents a hanger of ordinary construction, provided with a fork a, which receives ears  $\bar{b}$  on the outside of the journal-box B 30 and is adjustable by means of a screw a'and provided also with another screw  $a^2$ adapted to be turned down against a cap  $a^s$ which rests upon the top of the journal-box,

all in the usual manner.

The journal-box B consists of an outer B' and an inner B2 shell, arranged concentrically with each other, the outer shell B' being provided with internal projections b' and the inner shell being provided with external 4c projections b<sup>2</sup> which maintain the proper distance between the shells and prevent the movement of the inner shell in the outer, in a well known manner. The inner shell B2 is lined with Babbitt metal or other anti-fric-45 tion alloy  $b^3$ , a space  $b^4$  at the top of said inner shell, from which the lining is omitted, serving as an accumulator to collect the oil which runs through the oil-hole b5, in the usual manner. The oil-hole b5 is provided at

reservoir B3 of the form shown, being circular in cross-section and receives the oil which drips from the ends of the inner shell B2, the 55 oil dripping from the end of the inner shell farthest from the reservoir flowing below said inner shell in the space  $b^7$  back to the reservoir.

A collar C is secured to the shaft D within 60 the reservoir B<sup>3</sup> concentrically with said shaft and is of a sufficient diameter to reach below the level of the oil in said reservoir, so that it continually lifts the oil to an inclined conductor or trough E which runs from the top 65 of the reservoir into the cup or enlargement b6, the lower end of said conductor being secured within said cup by a rivet or screw e and the lower inclined edge of said conductor running close to the outer edge of said collar 70 C, said conductor being a trough with its concavity on the side from which the collar advances, the upper end of the conductor removing the oil from the collar.

To supply the oil faster to the conductor 75 the reservoir is provided with a groove b<sup>8</sup> or narrow space between two connected ribs  $b^9$  $b^{10}$  which are arranged within said reservoir in vertical planes at right angles to the axis of said journal-box and extend from points 80 near the bottom of said reservoir and below the level of the oil nearly to the top of the reservoir, these ribs being cast with or secured to the cover  $b^{11}$  of the reservoir and the collar running between said ribs, so that, when 85 the shaft is revolved rapidly, the oil is thrown by the collar into the groove or space between said ribs to the top of the reservoir and keeps the conductor E constantly full, so that a steady stream of oil is poured into the go journal-box and running out of the ends of the inner shell returns to the reservoir, as above-stated, thus securing a rapid circulation of the oil and keeping the journal cool and constantly lubricated. The cover b<sup>11</sup> is 95 separable from the lower part of the reservoir and also from the upper half of the outer shell B', at  $b^{12}$ , to enable the supply of oil in

the reservoir to be renewed at any time. For convenience of attachment and re- 100 moval, the collar C is made in two parts or halves c c', hinged to each other, at  $c^2$ , and, in 50 its upper end with an enlargement or cup  $b^6$  halves c c', hinged to each other, at  $c^2$ , and, in into which oil may be poured. The outer shell B' of the journal-box is provided with a on shafts of different sizes, is preferably

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made considerably larger in its internal diameter than any shaft to which it is likely to be applied. The collar is not in direct contact with the shaft but is attached thereto 5 by a clamp F, also formed in two parts ff', each part ff' being nearly the half of a ring and provided with an outwardly-extending arm  $f^2f^3$ , pivoted at  $f^4f^5$  to one half or part c c' of the collar C, each part of the clamp F 10 being provided with a hook or projection  $f^6$  $f^7$  which hooks may be connected to each other by a link or loop G, as of wire, passing around them and twisted together to close the parts of said clamp firmly on the shaft.

I claim as my invention-

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1. The combination of a journal-box, provided with an oil-hole, a reservoir, provided with a groove arranged within said reservoir at right angles to the axis of said journal-20 box and extending from near the bottom of said reservoir nearly to the top of said reservoir and to the upper end of the conductor hereinafter-named, a collar, adapted to be secured to a shaft, supported in said journal-25 box, said collar being arranged partly within said groove, and a conductor, adapted to lead oil from said collar and said groove to said oil-hole, as and for the purpose specified.

2. The combination of a journal-box, pro-30 vided with a reservoir, a collar, formed in two

parts hinged to each other, a clamp, formed in two parts, each attached to one of the parts of said collar and provided with hooks or projections, a link, adapted to connect said hooks or projections to each other, to 35 secure said clamp upon a shaft running in said journal-box, and a conductor, arranged to lead oil from said collar to an oil-hole, with which said journal-box is provided, as and for the purpose specified.

3. The combination of a journal-box, provided with a reservoir, a collar, formed in two parts hinged to each other, a clamp, formed in two parts, each pivoted to one of the parts of said collar and provided with hooks or pro- 45 jections, a link, adapted to connect said hooks or projections to each other and to secure said clamp upon a shaft running in said journalbox, and a conductor, arranged to lead oil from said collar to an oil-hole, with which 50 said journal-box is provided, as and for the purpose specified.

In witness whereof I have signed this specification, in the presence of two attesting witnesses, this 21st day of September, A. D. 1891. 55

GEORGE H. COLE.

Witnesses: ALBERT M. MOORE, MYRTIE C. BEALS.