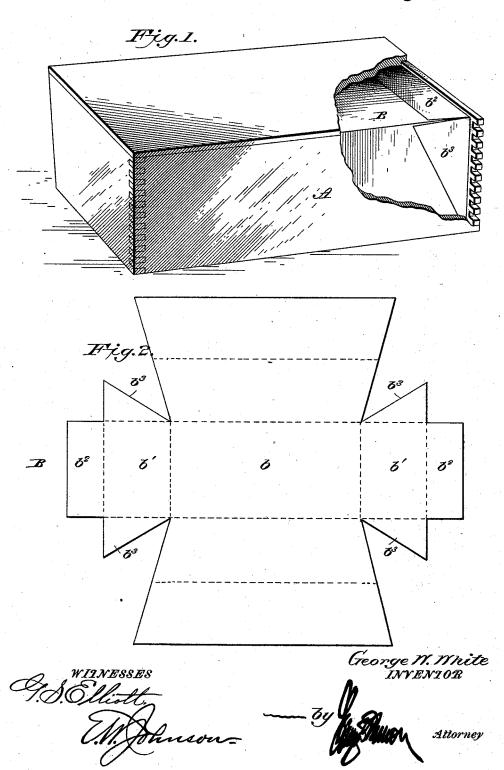
(No Model.)

G. W. WHITE. LINING FOR BUTTER BOXES.

No. 524,231.

Patented Aug. 7, 1894.



UNITED STATES PATENT OFFICE.

GEORGE W. WHITE, OF STOWE, VERMONT.

LINING FOR BUTTER-BOXES.

SPECIFICATION forming part of Letters Patent No. 524,231, dated August 7, 1894.

Application filed April 19, 1894. Serial No. 508,231. (No model.)

To all whom it may concern:

Be it known that I, GEORGE W. WHITE, a citizen of the United States of America, residing at Stowe, in the county of Lamoille and State of Vermont, have invented certain new and useful Improvements in Linings for Butter-Boxes; and I do hereby declare the following to be a full, clear, and exact description of the invention, such as will enable others skilled in the art to which it appertains to make and use the same, reference being had to the accompanying drawings, and to letters of reference marked thereon, which form a part of this specification.

The object of this invention is to provide a lining for wooden butter boxes which is made up of a single piece of parchment paper which is adapted to entirely envelop the butter and prevent the same being impregnated with the taste or smell of the material of which the packing box is made; and it consists in providing a packing box with a lining consisting of a single piece of parchment paper which is of such configuration that it will provide a complete envelope or integument for the article placed in the box, a dou-

In the accompanying drawings, Figure 1 is 30 a perspective view of a box showing my improved lining applied thereto, one corner of the box being broken away to better illustrate the overlapping parts of the lining, and Fig. 2 is a plan view showing the shape or configuration of the lining.

there are joints.

ble thickness of paper being provided where

A designates a wooden butter-box of any approved pattern, and B the lining. This lining is made up of a single piece of parchment paper, and for a box which tapers inwardly from top to bottom the piece of parchment paper will have a central portion b of substantially the same size as the bottom of the box. From this central portion b extend the end and side pieces which flare as shown. The end pieces b' have extensions b' which are of substantially the same width as the width of the upper part of the box, but the side pieces b' flare continuously from the central portion b outwardly the side pieces are also flared

from the central portion b to the edge of the 50 same as shown.

When the lining is placed in the box the folds or bends of the paper come on the dotted lines in Fig. 2.

In use the lining is placed in the box so that 55 the flared portions on the ends and sides of the same will overlap the joints thus providing at the corners of the box a double thickness of the lining, the butter may be then placed in the box and the upper part of the 6c same covered by the extensions of the end and side portions of the lining. The overlapping portions of the lining thoroughly prevent the butter coming in contact with the wood at the corners of the box.

From the above it will be seen that I provide a very simple, cheap and effective lining, and one which may be easily handled, and does not adhere to the box.

Having thus described my invention, what 70 I claim is—

1. A lining for wooden butter boxes formed of a single piece of parchment paper which is adapted to entirely cover the bottom and sides of the box and extend above the latter to provide a lining immediately beneath the lid of the box, the lining having flared side and end portions which provide a double thickness at or adjacent to the corners of the box or receptacle, substantially as shown and for the pursoes est forth.

2. In combination with a wooden butter-box a lining therefor made of a single piece of parchment paper which consists of a central portion which entirely covers the bottom of 85 the box and flared side and end portions which extend from the central portion to cover the inner sides, ends and top of the box, the flared side and end portions of the lining providing a double thickness at or adjacent to 90 the corners and at the top of the box where the parts of the lining overlap, substantially as shown.

end pieces b' have extensions b^2 which are of substantially the same width as the width of the upper part of the box, but the side pieces b^3 flare continuously from the central portion b outwardly the side pieces are also flared

of a single piece which is provided with side and end portions which are flared as shown, the lining being adapted to entirely cover the contents of the box and provide a double thickness of material at the corner joints of the box, substantially as shown and for the purpose set forth.

In testimony whereof I affix my signature in presence of two witnesses.

GEORGE W. WHITE.

Witnesses: L. L. HARRIS, CHANDLER WATTS.