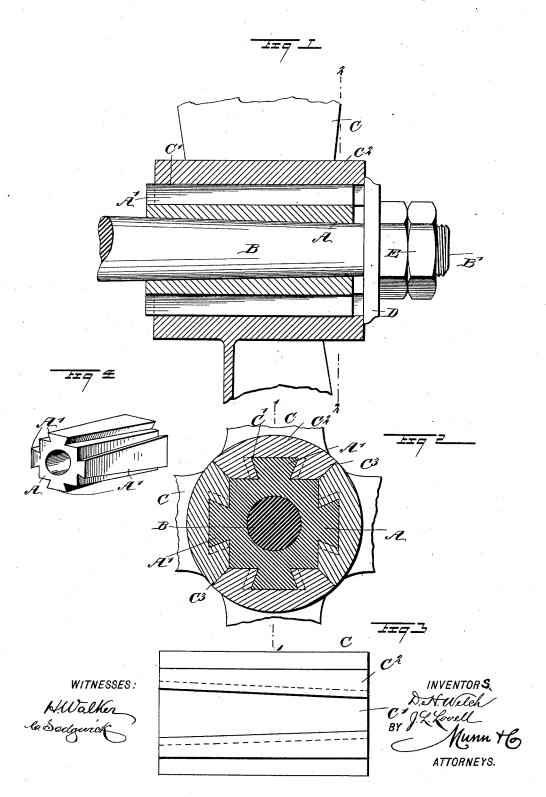
D. H. WELCH & J. L. LOVELL. PROPELLER.

No. 524,624.

Patented Aug. 14, 1894.



United States Patent Office.

DANIEL H. WELCH AND JAMES L. LOVELL, OF ASTORIA, OREGON.

PROPELLER.

SPECIFICATION forming part of Letters Patent No. 524,624, dated August 14, 1894.

Application filed July 20, 1893. Serial No. 481,030. (No model.)

To all whom it may concern:

Be it known that we, DANIEL H. WELCH and JAMES L. LOVELL, both of Astoria, in the county of Clatsop and State of Oregon, have 5 invented a new and Improved Propeller, of which the following is a full, clear, and exact description.

The object of the invention is to provide a new and improved propeller, which is simple 10 and durable in construction and arranged to conveniently assemble the several parts to secure the same in position without the use of bolts, and to permit of removing any one individual blade without disturbing the other.

The invention is more particularly an improvement in the class of propellers whose blades are made separate from each other and secured to a hub by means of dovetail ribs and sockets.

Reference is to be had to the accompanying drawings, forming a part of this specification, in which similar letters of reference indicate corresponding parts in all the figures.

Figure 1 is a sectional side elevation of the 25 improvement on the line 1-1 of Fig. 2. Fig. 2 is a cross section of the same on the line 2-2 of Fig. 1. Fig. 3 is an inverted face view of one of the propeller blades; and Fig. 4 is a perspective view of the hub.

The improved propeller is provided with a hub A made polygonal in cross section, the polygon having as many sides as there are blades for the propeller. As illustrated in the drawings, the hub A is made square in 35 cross section and is intended for a propeller having four blades. The hub is formed with a central tapering bore engaging a correspondingly-shaped shaft B mounted to rotate in the usual manner. On each of the sides 40 of the hub A is formed a longitudinally-extending dovetail tongue A', which increases in width from one end to the other, as will

Each dovetail tongue A' is adapted to be 45 engaged by a correspondingly-shaped dovetail groove C' formed on the face of the base C² of a propeller blade C, it being understood that the said blade fits with its inner face, on the corresponding side of the hub, and is I the hub and tapering from end to end en-

be readily understood by reference to Fig. 4.

placed thereon lengthwise, with the large end 50 of the dovetail groove first engaging the small end of the dovetail tongue. The adjacent sides of two bases C² of the adjacent propeller blades unite at a miter joint C⁸ as plainly illustrated in Fig. 2, so that when the 55 several blades are in position on the hub, the said bases form a continuous sleeve around the hub A.

Against the outer ends of the bases C2 presses a washer D held on the shaft B and 60 forced up against the said bases by nuts E screwing on the outer threaded end B' of the shaft B. Thus, when the nuts E are screwed up the washer D presses the bases C2 of the several blades simultaneously inward along 65 the dovetail tongues A', so as to firmly fasten the bases in position on the dovetail tongues of the sides of the hub A. Instead of nuts E other suitable means may be employed to force the bases into position on the 70 hub, and the latter may be secured on the shaft by keys passed through the shaft abaft the washer, or by other means. It will be seen that by this construction no keys, bolts or other similar means are employed to fas- 75 ten the blades in position on the said hub, and the said blades can be individually removed, whenever desired, from the corresponding polygonal side of the hub without disturbing the other blades.

A propeller constructed in this manner will serve the same purposes as a solid wheel propeller, but allows of removing a blade at any time without interfering with the other blades.

It is understood that the longitudinal tongues may be formed in the under side of the bases of the propeller blades, and the grooves on the polygonal sides of the hub.

Having thus described our invention, we go claim as new and desire to secure by Letters Patent-

The improvement in propellers substantially as herein described consisting of the shaft having a tapered portion, the hub fitted 95 on said portion and having dovetail seats extending in a direction parallel to the axis of

larging toward their rear ends, the propeller | ened on the tapering portion of the shaft, blades having their base portions provided | substantially as and for the purpose set forth. ro with longitudinal tapered dovetail seats fitted to those of the hub, the washer fitted on the shaft and bearing against the rear ends of the base portions of the several blades, and devices whereby the said washer is pressed against the said blades and the hub is tight-

DANIEL H. WELCH. JAMES L. LOVELL.

Witnesses: P. S. Cook, ABE HOLMAN.