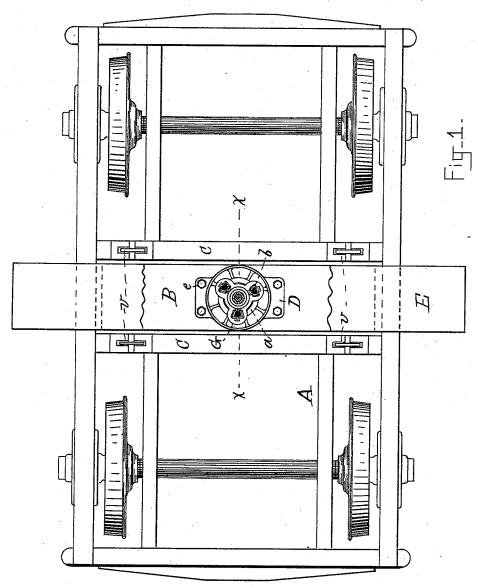
## W. ROBINSON.

CENTER BEARING FOR CAR TRUCKS.

No. 526,844.

Patented Oct. 2, 1894.

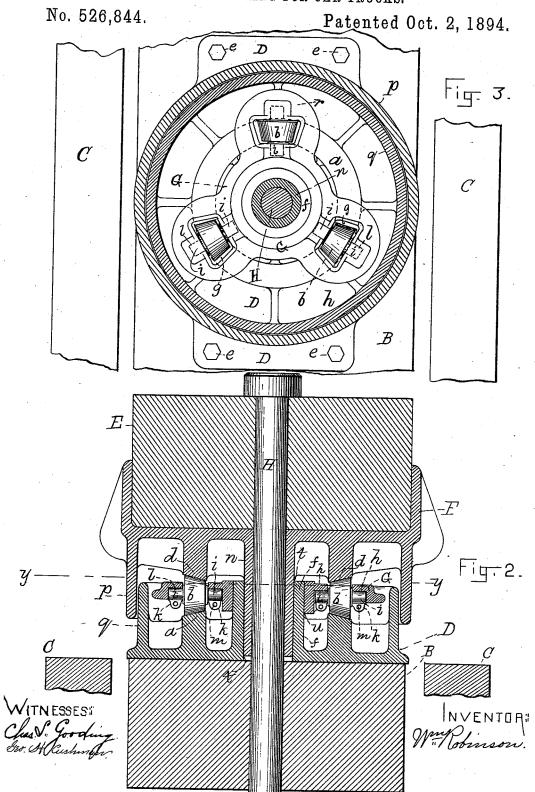


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CENTER BEARING FOR CAR TRUCKS.



## UNITED STATES PATENT OFFICE.

WILLIAM ROBINSON, OF BOSTON, MASSACHUSETTS.

## CENTER BEARING FOR CAR-TRUCKS.

SPECIFICATION forming part of Letters Patent No. 526,844, dated October 2, 1894.

Application filed March 29, 1890. Serial No. 345,860. (No model.)

To all whom it may concern:

Be it known that I, WILLIAM ROBINSON, a citizen of the United States, residing at Boston, in the county of Suffolk and State of 5 Massachusetts, have invented a new and useful Improvement in Center Bearings for Car-Trucks, of which the following is a specifica-

The object of my invention is to reduce 10 the friction between the truck and the car body when the one swivels upon the other.

The nature of my invention will be understood from the description which follows, reference being had to the accompanying draw-15 ings which form a part of this specification, in which-

Figure 1. is a plan view of a car truck, showing the body bolster in position but partly cut away, the whole illustrating my invention 20 on a small scale. Fig. 2, is a vertical section on an enlarged scale, through the line x, x, Fig. 1, clearly illustrating my invention in combination with the parts of the truck immediately connected therewith. Fig. 3 is a 25 plan view through the line y, y, Fig. 2.

Similar letters of reference indicate corresponding parts in all the figures.

A is a car truck provided with the swing bolster B supported by the cross bars or tran-30 soms C in the usual manner. The bottom bearing plate D, secured to the swing bolster B by the bolts  $\emph{e}$ , is provided with the annular beveled track a, on which the conical rollers b travel. To the body bolster E is secured the 35 bearing plate F, provided, on its under surface, with the annular beveled track d, corresponding to the annular track a of the bottom plate D. The upper annular track drests upon the conical rollers b, which, in turn, 40 rest upon the annular track  $\alpha$ , as described.

G is an intermediate, movable or swiveling plate located between the lower and upper plates D, and F, and is provided with a central orifice which allows said plate G to pass 45 over and fit loosely around, the annular upward projection f of the bottom plate D. The movable plate G is provided with openings g corresponding to and passing partly over, the rollers b, and also with bearings h, which 50 rest upon the central shafts or bearing pins i

by the upward annular projection f, of the plate D, but is free to revolve in a horizontal plane. At the same time, as will be seen by 55 inspection, the said movable plate G holds the rollers b in a fixed position relatively to each other, and keeps them in proper position with reference to the annular tracks a and d, while allowing said rollers to travel freely in 60 either direction upon and between said annular tracks. The central shafts or pins i of the rollers b fit into the recesses or sockets lof the movable plate G and said plate is provided with lugs k at either side of said recesses 65

l, as shown.

The lugs k are provided with holes m in which are inserted split pins or other keys r, said pins passing under the shafts i to keep said rollers b in place in the movable plate G, 70 even while the latter is removed from its position between the plates D and F. The upper plate F is provided with the central downward projection n which fits into the socket t of the upward projection f of the bottom 75 plate D and swivels freely therein on a vertical axis. The plate F is also provided with the annular flange p which fits over the corresponding annular flange q of the bottom plate D. Thus, it will be seen, the bearing 80 plate F, secured to the car body, is held firmly in position relatively to the bearing plate D secured to the car truck, while said plates are permitted to swivel freely relatively to each other on the intermediate rollers b. The 85 plates F, D and the intermediate plate G all swivel relatively to each other on a concentric vertical axis. The king bolt H, may be passed through the body bolster E, swiveling plates F, D, and swing bolster B, in the usual 90 manner, if deemed desirable or necessary to keep the various parts more securely together.

The rollers b are made of conical shape since this form causes them to travel naturally around the annular tracks a, d; whereas 95 any other form of periphery would cause them to tend to go off at a tangent, thus causing considerable friction to keep them in place.

It will be observed that instead of making the tracks a, d in complete circles, they may, 100 in some cases, be made in sections of circles. rest upon the central shafts or bearing pins i It is only necessary that the tracks for the of the rollers b. Thus it will be seen, the respective rollers should be long enough to movable plate G is held in a central position | provide for the extreme movement of said

limited.

Thus my invention embodies a practical roller bearing between the car body and truck 5 which greatly reduces the friction between the two when the truck swivels on the car

Having thus described my invention, what I claim as new, and desire to secure by Letters

ro Patent, is-

1. In a car truck, the combination of the upper and lower bearing plates, each provided with an annular track, rollers inserted between said plates and traveling between and 15 upon said annular tracks and an intermediate plate, made of one piece of metal, inserted between said upper and lower plates and swiveling concentrically therewith, said intermediate plate riding upon said rollers and hold-20 ing the same in a fixed position relatively to each other but permitting them to travel freely on said annular tracks, said intermediate plate being provided with means for keeping said rollers and plate together when 25 out of operative position, substantially as de-

2. In a car truck, the combination, substantially as described, of upper and lower bearing plates, anti-friction rollers between the 30 same, and a movable plate made of one piece of metal, between said bearing plates and riding upon said rollers, said movable plate swiveling concentrically with the swiveling center of the car truck and keeping said roll-35 ers in proper relative position, said movable plate being provided with pins arranged to keep said plate and rollers together when out of operative position.

3. The swiveling plate G provided with the

40 openings g and recesses l, in combination with anti friction rollers inserted in said openings and having bearings in said recesses, and pins arranged to keep said rollers in position |

rollers, where the movement of the same is | in the bearings of said plate G, substantially as described.

4. The plate G provided with the openings and recesses l, in combination with anti g and recesses t, in community friction rollers inserted in said openings and fried recesses and pins having bearings in said recesses, and pins passing through portions of said plate under 50 or adjacent to, the shanks of said rollers, and arranged to secure said rollers loosely in position in said plate, substantially as described.

5. In a railroad car or truck, the combination, substantially as described, of the upper 55 plate F, the lower plate D, the anti friction rollers b between said plates, and the plate G swiveling concentrically with said plates F and D, said plate G resting upon and controlling the position of said rollers b, and pins 60 adjacent to the shanks of said rollers and arranged to keep said plate and rollers together.

6. The plate G provided with the openings and recesses l, in combination with anti friction rollers b inserted in said openings 65 and having bearings in said recesses, said plate G being provided, adjacent to said recesses, with perforated lugs k and pins or keys passing through said perforated lugs, substantially as and for the purpose described. 70

7. In a car truck, the upper and lower bearing plates F and D provided with interlocking flanges or projections of sufficient depth to secure said plates from relative lateral displacement, anti friction rollers located be- 75 tween said plates, an intermediate retaining plate resting upon portions of said rollers and keeping them in proper relative position, and pins arranged to secure said rollers loosely în said retaining plate, substantially as de- 80 scribed.

WILLIAM ROBINSON.

Witnesses: HARRY C. WHITE, GEORGE A. FREEMAN.