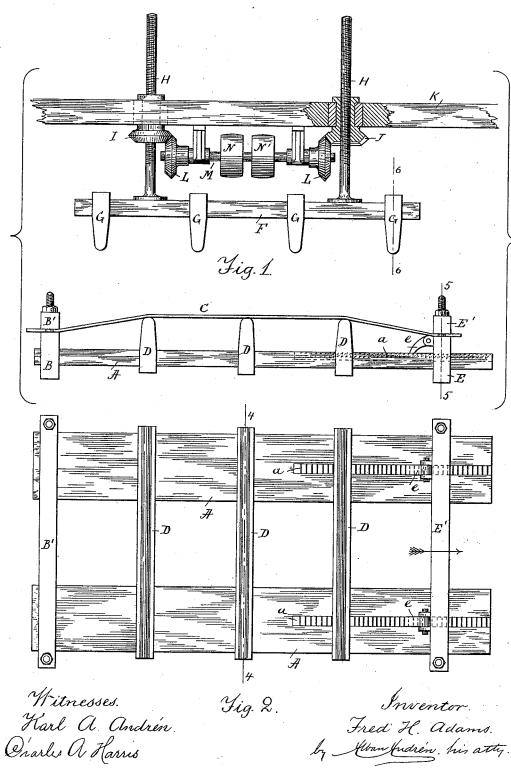
F. H. ADAMS.

LEATHER STRETCHING MACHINE.

(Application filed Nov. 26, 1897.)

(No Model.)

2 Sheets-Sheet 1.



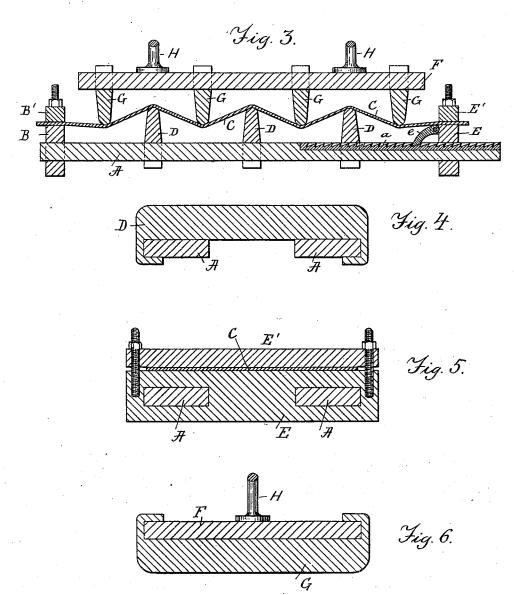
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2 Sheets-Sheet 2



Witnesses. Karl A Andrén. Charles A Harris. Inventor. Fred H. Adams. by Alban Indrew his atty

United States Patent Office.

FRED H. ADAMS, OF BEVERLY, MASSACHUSETTS, ASSIGNOR OF ONE-HALF TO EDWIN E. STEVENS, OF MEDFORD, MASSACHUSETTS.

LEATHER-STRETCHING MACHINE.

SPECIFICATION forming part of Letters Patent No. 645,777, dated March 20, 1900.

Application filed November 26, 1897. Serial No. 659,780. (No model.)

To all whom it may concern:

Be it known that I, FRED H. ADAMS, a citizen of the United States, and a resident of Beverly, in the county of Essex and State of Massachusetts, have invented new and useful Improvements in Leather-Stretching Machines, of which the following, taken in connection with the accompanying drawings, is a specification.

This invention relates to improvements in leather-stretching machines; and it has for its object to evenly stretch and soften hides. leather, rawhide, skins, &c., so as to produce an even and homogeneous stretch of the ma-15 terial, as will hereinafter be more fully shown and described, reference being had to the ac-

companying drawings, wherein-

Figure 1 represents a side elevation of the improved stretching-machine, showing the vertically-adjustable pressure-head raised above the leather-holding bed-plate previous to the stretching operation. Fig. 2 represents a top plan view of the leather-holding bed-plate. Fig. 3 represents a longitudinal 25 section showing the head moved downward during the stretching operation. Fig. 4 represents a cross-section on the line 4 4 shown in Fig. 2. Fig. 5 represents a cross-section on the line 55 shown in Fig. 1, and Fig. 6 rep-30 resents a cross-section on the line 6 6 shown Similar letters refer to similar parts where-

ever they occur on the different parts of the

drawings.

The invention consists of a bed-plate or base A A of suitable length and width, according to the size of the hides, skins, &c., that are to be stretched. To one end of such bed or base plate is secured a clamping-block 40 B, above which is arranged a vertically-adjustable clamping-bar B', between which and the block B one end of the hide, skin, or leather C is firmly secured previous to the

stretching operation.
On the bed or base A are longitudinally adjustable a series of transverse cleats D D, preferably made of metal. At the opposite end of the bed or base plate A is arranged a longitudinally-adjustable clamping-block E,

block E is secured the other end of the hide, skin, or leather C, as shown in Figs. 1 and 3. To the adjustable clamp-block E are pivoted pawls ee, adapted to engage with toothed 55 racks a a, secured to the base AA, as shown.

Above the base A is arranged a verticallyadjustable head F, provided with a series of longitudinally-adjustable downwardly-projecting cleats G G, similar to the cleats D D 60 on the base A. The cleats G G are arranged in position on the head F so as to be opposite to the spaces between the cleats D D on the base A, as shown in Figs. 1 and 3.

The adjustability of the cleats D and G 65 in connection with the adjustability of the clamping devices E and E' is important and valuable to permit the proper stretching of

leather of different dimensions.

Any suitable mechanism may be employed 70 for raising and lowering the cleat-carrying head F, and I have for this purpose shown in Fig. 1 vertical screw-shafts H H, secured to the upper side of the head F. On each such screw-shaft is arranged an internally-screw- 75 threaded gear I, journaled in a suitable bearing in a stationary overhead beam or frame K. The gears I mesh in similar gears LL, secured to a shaft M, journaled in bearings attached to the stationary beam or frame K, as shown 80 in Fig. 1.

N N are pulleys secured to the shaft M, which by means of belts may be set in a rotary motion, first in one direction and then in an opposite direction, for the purpose of 85 intermittently raising and lowering said head

F and its pressure-cleats.

As before stated, any suitable mechanism may be employed for the purpose of raising and lowering the head F, and I wish to state 90 that I do not confine myself to the exact mechanism as shown and described, as other or equivalent ones may be used without departing from the spirit of my invention. I also wish to state that I do not desire to con- 95 fine myself to the exact construction of the clamping devices B B' E E', as shown, nor to the mechanism for longitudinally adjusting and securing one of the clamps, as this may be done in the manner shown or by means of 100 50 above which is arranged a vertically-adjust- other suitable or equivalent mechanical deable clamping-bar E', between which and the vices operated by hand or power, as may be

desired, without departing from the essence

of my invention.

The operation of the machine is as follows: The head F is raised above the bed or base A, as shown in Fig. 1. The hide, skin, or leather C to be stretched is placed, preferably in a moist condition, upon the cleats D D, and the ends of such material C are firmly secured by means of the clamping devices B B' and E E' 10 after which the clamping device E E' is moved in the direction of the arrow shown in Fig. 2 sufficiently to hold the skin or hide taut and supported at intervals upon the cleats D D, as shown in Fig. 1. The head F, with its 15 cleats G G, is then lowered to about the position shown in Fig. 3, causing the leather or material C to be uniformly stretched from end to end without being contracted or narrowed about midway between its ends, which 20 is a common objection to ordinary leatherstretching machines, and in this manner a saving in leather is obtained. I produce an even and uniform stretch on the material in a very quick manner and prevent in a great 25 degree the objectionable contraction of the material after being removed from the stretching-machine. After the leather has been stretched between the alternately-arranged cleats D D G G it may be additionally 30 stretched one or more times in succession simply by raising the head F and its cleats G G to the position shown in Fig. 1, after which the slack on the hide or leather is taken up by moving the clamping device E E' in the di-35 rection of the arrow shown in Fig. 2, so as to hold the material in a taut condition between the clamping devices, and it will so be retained by the pawls e e and ratchet bars or

racks a a, as shown in Fig. 1. The head F is then lowered, as before, to the position shown 40 in Fig. 3, by which the material is additionally stretched, and this may be repeated from time to time as may be needed for the purpose of stretching the material thoroughly and evenly throughout its entire length and 45 width. I have shown one of the clamps as adjustable and the other one stationary, and although this is the most practical arrangement, still, if so desired, both clamps may be longitudinally adjustable and provided with 50 suitable means for securing them in position to the base or bed plate A A after they have been adjusted for holding the skin or leather taut previous to the operation of stretching the same.

What I wish to secure by Letters Patent

and claim is—

In a leather-stretching machine, the combination with a bed or base, of a series of cleats arranged on and adjustable longitudinally 60 thereof, a pair of clamping devices one or both of which are longitudinally adjustable on said base, a frame or head, cleats arranged on and adjustable longitudinally thereof and alternately located relative to the cleats on 65 the base, and means for moving said frame or head and its cleats to and from the base and its cleats, substantially as described.

In testimony whereof I have signed my name to this specification, in the presence of 70 two subscribing witnesses, on this 16th day

of November, A. D. 1897.

FRED H. ADAMS.

Witnesses:

ALBAN ANDRÉN, ANNA TORREY.