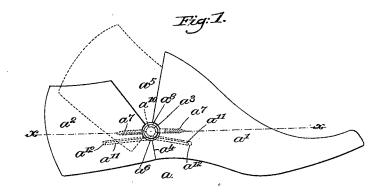
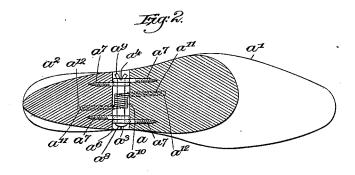
## E. W. GERRISH. LAST.

(Application filed Dec. 16, 1899.,

(No Model.)





Witnesses:

John F.C. Fremslert

a Elthili:

Suasto W. Gestich, Dy his attamezo, Phillips V Allderson.

## United States Patent Office.

EDWARD W. GERRISH, OF LYNN, MASSACHUSETTS, ASSIGNOR OF ONE-THIRD TO THOMAS W. GARDINER, OF SAME PLACE.

## LAST.

SPECIFICATION forming part of Letters Patent No. 646,144, dated March 27, 1900.

Application filed December 16, 1899. Serial No. 740,536. (No model.)

To all whom it may concern:

Be it known that I, EDWARD W. GERRISH, a citizen of the United States, residing at Lynn, in the county of Essex and State of Massachusetts, have invented certain new and useful Improvements in Lasts; and I do hereby declare the following to be a full, clear, and exact description of the invention, such as will enable others skilled in the art to which 10 it appertains to make and use the same.

The present invention relates to lasts for boots and shoes, and more particularly to certain improvements in sectional hinged lasts designed to simplify the construction of such 15 lasts and to provide a novel spring arrangement to cause the sections of which the last is composed to maintain their operative relation to each other.

To the above ends the present invention 20 consists of the improved last which will be hereinafter described.

The present invention is shown in the ac-

companying drawings, in which-

Figure 1 shows the last in side elevation, 25 showing in dotted lines the operation thereof. Fig. 2 shows a horizontal sectional view taken on line x x, Fig. 1.

Similar letters of reference will be employed throughout the specification and drawings to

30 designate corresponding parts.

In the drawings, a represents the last, which, as shown, preferably comprises but two sections—a fore-part section a' and a heel-section  $a^2$ —said sections being hinged together 35 at  $a^3$  and preferably having the meeting faces  $a^4$  below the pivotal point and the substantially V-shaped opening  $a^5$  above such point, the arrangement being such that the heel-section  $a^2$  may be turned up, as shown in dotted 40 lines in Fig. 1, when inserting the last into or removing it from a shoe.

In uniting the sections of hinged lasts of the prior art it has been deemed necessary to employ quite complicated and expensive con-45 structions, which were difficult to insert in the last and added quite materially to the cost of producing such lasts. I have provided a novel union or hinge for uniting the sections of the last, which while quite as effective as

construction and easily applied, rendering the manufacture of hinged lasts much less expensive. I have also provided a spring which by reason of the construction of hinge employed may be readily inserted in the last and 55 acts to maintain the sections in operative relation to each other while in the shoe, with the abutting faces  $a^4$  in contact with each other, thus preventing the accidental turning up of the heel-section.

My improved hinge or union is formed by forming semicylindrical grooves or recesses  $a^6$  along the meeting ends of the sections  $a^6$ and  $a^2$ , into which are screwed the screw-eyes  $a^7$ , the said screw-eyes being screwed into the 65 sections with the heads standing vertically and the openings therein in horizontal alinement, as shown, and the eyes of each section so disposed that when the sections a' and a'are brought together, as shown, the pairs of 70 eyes at opposite sides of the last will be closely adjacent to each other. When the sections a' and  $a^2$  are placed so that the pairs of screweyes are in register with each other, as shown, a headed bolt a<sup>8</sup> is passed through the said 75 screw-eyes, as shown, and is suitably upset at its opposite end, as by cutting and spreading, as shown at  $\alpha^g$ . This couples the sections of the last together in a simple manner and permits the heel-section to be turned up, 80 as shown in dotted lines, Fig. 1.

For the purpose of holding the heel-section down and preventing the accidental displacement thereof a coiled spring  $a^{10}$  is employed, the coil of which surrounds the bolt  $a^8$ , it be- 85 ing of somewhat-longer diameter than the bolt, so as not to pinch or bind said bolt when the heel-section of the last is turned up, and the opposite ends or legs  $a^{11}$  of said spring are disposed in seats or bearings  $a^{12}$ , formed 90 in the opposite faces of the sections a' and  $a^2$ .

It will be noted that in assembling the parts of my last it is simply required.

of my last it is simply required to place the sections in the position shown in the drawings, first introducing the legs a11 of the hinge 95 in the bearings  $a^{12}$ , after which the bolt  $a^{8}$  is introduced through the screw-eyes  $a^{\dagger}$  and the spring  $a^{10}$  and upset in any suitable manner. Having described the construction and

50 the hinges of the prior art is much simpler in | mode of operation of my improved last, I 100

claim as new and desire to protect by Letters | Patent of the United States—

A last comprising a fore-part section and a heel-section, the said sections being provided their meeting faces with complementary pairs of screw-eyes, a coupling-bolt passed through said eyes, and a coiled spring sur-rounding said bolt and having oppositely-

disposed legs arranged in seats in the sections, substantially as described.

In testimony whereof I affix my signature in presence of two witnesses.

EDWARD W. GERRISH.

Witnesses:

HORACE VAN EVEREN, T. HART ANDERSON.